PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2019

(Second Semester)

Branch - COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

FUNDAMENTALS OF COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- 1 Factory overheads is also termed as manufacturing overhead or
 - i) Office overhead
- ii) Selling overhead
- iii) Distribution overhead
- iv) Production overhead
- 2 Interest on investment increases
 - i) Financial profit ii) Costing profit iii) Assets iv) None of the above
- 3 Under which method issue of materials is priced at the latest purchase price?
 - i) Simple average ii) Weighted average iii) LIFO iv) FIFO
- 4 Mr. A completes a work in 8 hours instead of 10 hours. Labour rate per hour is
 - 5. What he will earn as per Rowan plan?
 - i) Rs.40 ii) Rs.48 ii) Rs.50 iv) Rs.45
- 5 Number of workers employed is used as a basic for the apportionment of:
 - i) Personnel department expenses
- ii) Canteen expenses

ii) Time office costs

- iv) Any of these
- 6 Director's remuneration form part of:
 - i) Selling overhead

- ii) Distribution overhead
- iii) Office and administrative overhead
- iv) Factory overhead
- 7 Trend analysis is significant for
 - i) Forecasting and budgeting
- ii) Profit planning
- iii) Capital rationing
- iv) Working capital management
- 8 Debt equity ratio is a measure of
 - i) Short term solvency ii) Long term solvency iii) Profitability iv) Efficiency
- 9 Income Tax paid is
 - i) Current Liability
- ii) Current Asset
- iii) An application of Funds
- iv) None of the above
- 10 If the net operating profit of a business is Rs. 1,80,000 and the debtors have decreased during the year by Rs.60,000, cash from operations equal to:
 - i) Rs. 1,20,000 ii) Rs.2,40,000 iii) Rs.1,80,000 iv) Rs.2,20,000

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

- 11 a State any five differences between cost accounting and management accounting.

 OR
 - b During the year 2018-19, X Ltd., produced 50,000 units of a product. The following were the expenses:

Particulars	Rs.
Stock of raw materials of 1-4-18	10,000
Stock of raw materials on 31-3-19	20,000
Purchases	1,60.000

Direct expenses	25,000
Factory expenses	37,500
Office expenses	62,500
Selling expenses	25,000

You are required to prepare a cost sheet showing cost per unit and total cost at each stage.

12 a The material A was used as follows:

Minimum usage -50 units per week each

Maximum usae-150 units per week each

Normal usage-100 units per week each

Re-order quantity-600 units

Delivery period – 4 to 6 weeks

Calculate:

- i) Re-order level
- ii) Minimum level
- iii) Maximum level
- iv) Average stock level

OR

- b Calculate the earnings of a worker under
 - a) Rowan Premium Bonus System
 - b) Halsey Weir Premium Bonus System (40% to worker)

Hourly rate of wages Re.0.75

Standard time for producing 1 dozen is 3 hrs. Actual time taken by the worker to produce 20 dozen of articles is 48 hrs.

The following particulars relate to a manufacturing company which has three production departments A.B,C and two service department x and y.

	Department				
	A	В	C	X	Y
Total departmental overhead as per primary distribution (Rs.)	6,300	7,400	2,800	4,500	2,000

The company decided to charge the service department cost on the basis of the following percentages:

 Production Department
 Service Department

 A
 B
 C
 X
 Y

 X
 40%
 30%
 20%
 10%

 Y
 30%
 30%
 20%

Find the total overhead of production department on the repeated distribution method.

OR

- b Outline the various methods of overhead absorption.
- 14 a Bring out the significance of management accounting.

OR

b M/S Raj & sons presents you the following balance sheet as on 31.03.02019.

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity shares of Rs	10,00,000	Fixed assets	10,00,000
10 each Reserve fund	1,00,000	Stock	4,00,000
7% Debentures	3,00,000	Debtors	3,00,000
Overdraft	2,00,000	Cash	2,00,000
Creditors	3,00,000		
	19,00,000	•	19,00.000

Calculate: i) Current ratio ii) Liquid ratio

iii) Proprietary ratio; and iv) Debt equity ratio

Following are the extracts from the balance sheet of a company as to 18.7 March 2018 and 2019. You are required to calculate funds from operations

	31.03.2018	51.03.1017
Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c	30,000	40,000
General reserve	20,000	25.000
Good will	10,000	5,000
Preliminary expenses	6,000	4,000
Provision for Depreciation on Machinery	10,000	12,000

OR

b Calculate cash from operating activities from the following;

Profit & loss A/c for the year ended 31-3-2019

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Salaries	30,000	By gross profit	1,40,000
To rent	25,000	By profit on sale of plant	15,000
To depreciation	7,000	By income tax refund	10,000
To loss on sale of land	10,000		
To preliminary expense written off	5,000		
To proposed divided	20,000		Control of the second of the s
To provision for taxation	15,000		
To net profit	53,000		
	1,65,000		1,65,000

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer any THREE Questions

ALL Questions Carry **EQUAL** Marks $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

16 Prepare the reconciliation statement from the following data.

	Rs.
Net profit as per financial books	63,780
Net profit as per cost books	66,760
Factory overheads under-recovered in costing	5,700
Administrative overheads recovered in excess	4,250
Depreciation charged in financial books	3,660
Depreciation recovered in costing	3,950
Interest received but not included in costing	450
Income tax provided in financial books	600
Bank interest credited in financial books	230
Stores adjustment (credited in financial books)	420
Depreciation of stock charged in financial books	860
Dividend appropriated in financial books	1,200
Loss due to pilferage provide only in financial books	260

- 17 From the particulars given below write up the stores ledger card:
 - 2019 January 1 Opening stock 1,000 units at Rs. 26 each
 - 5 Purchased 500 unites at Rs. .24.50 each
 - 7 Issued 750 units
 - 10 Purchased 1,500 units at Rs. .24 each
 - 12 Issued 1,000 units
 - 15 Purchased 1,000 units at Rs. .25 each
 - 17 Issued 500 units
 - 18 Issued 300 units
 - 25 Purchased 1,500 units at Rs. 26 each

Adopt the FIFO method of issue and ascertain the value of the closing stock.

18CMA05/16CMA05

Cont...

18 From the following information relating to a machine, installed in a factory, calculate the machine hour rate:

Purchase price of the machine Rs. .1,00,000 its scrap value is Rs. 10,000 Installation and incidental charges incurred on the machine Rs. .10.000 Life of the machine is 10 years of 2,000 working hours each.

Repair charges: 50% of depreciation.

Machine consumes 10 units of electric power per hour @ 40 paisa per unit Oil expenses @ Rs. .2 per day of eight hours;

Consumable stores (a) Rs. .10 per day of eight ours.

Three workers are engaged on the, machine @ Rs. .5 per day of eight hours.

- 19 From the following financial statement of M/s. Western General Ltd. For the year ending 31st March 2019, you are required to calculate the following ratios.
 - i) Gross profit ratio
- ii) Proprietary ratio
- iii) Debtors turnover ratio iv) Current ratio
- v) Stock turnover ratio

Trading and profit and loss a/c

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To opening stock	43,500	By sales	2,25,000
To purchase	1,83,000	By closing stock	46,500
To gross profit c/d	45,000		
-	2,71,500	 -	2,71,500
To sundry expenses	24,000	By gross profit b/d	45,000
To net profit	21,000		
	45,000		45,000

Balance sheet

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20 From the following prepare a cash flow statement.

Liabilities	2018	2019	Assets	2018	2019
Share capital	65,000	78,000	Fixed assets	83,000	86,000
Profit & Loss A/c	4,000	6,500	Stock-in trade	29,000	37,000
Debentures	30,000	25,000	Cash	8,000	9,000
Creditors for goods	17,000	16,000	Prepaid expense	1,000	1,500
Bills payable	4,000	5,000	Goodwill	1,000	
Outstanding expense	2,000	3,000			
	1,22,000	1,33,500		1,22,000	1,33,500