

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2023
(First Semester)

Branch – CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY

CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY-I

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	What is the typical age of onset for schizophrenia? A. Childhood B. Adolescence C. Early to mid-20s D. Late adulthood	K1	CO1
	2	Which of the following is a negative symptom of schizophrenia? A. Hallucinations B. Flat affect C. Delusions D. Disorganized speech	K2	CO2
2	3	Which of the following is NOT a biopsychosocial cause of mood disorders? A. Genetic predisposition B. Stressful life events C. Personality traits D. Economic status	K1	CO1
	4	Indicate the disorder that is characterized by at least one episode of mania and one episode of depression. A. Major depressive disorder B. Bipolar I disorder C. Bipolar II disorder D. Cyclothymic disorder	K2	CO1
3	5	Identify the biological factor that can contribute to anxiety disorders. A. Family history of mental health disorders B. Chronic physical illness C. Substance abuse D. Family History, Chronic illness, Substance abuse	K1	CO2
	6	Identify the risk factor for developing OCD. A. Family history of OCD B. Personal history of physical abuse C. High levels of stress D. Family History, Physical abuse, high stress	K2	CO1
4	7	At what age does intellectual disability typically present? A. Infancy or early childhood B. In adolescence C. In early adulthood D. In late adulthood	K1	CO1
	8	Which of the following substances is most commonly associated with substance use disorders? A. Alcohol B. Nicotine C. Cannabis D. Alcohol, Nicotine, Cannabis	K1	CO1
5	9	What are the potential negative impacts of Gaming Disorder? A. Neglect of personal hygiene B. Disruption to regular life activities C. Strained relationships with family and friends D. All of the above	K1	CO2
	10	Detoxification is a common first step in the treatment of Substance Use Disorder. What does it involve? A. Physical exercise B. Medication to manage withdrawal symptoms C. Increased substance use D. Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT)	K1	CO2

Cont...

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Apply legal and professional ethics in clinical psychology practice.	K3	CO3
	(OR)			
	11.b.	Explain normality and criteria for abnormality with example.		
2	12.a.	Explain persistent delusional disorder.	K2	CO3
	(OR)			
	12.b.	Classify various types of delusions in schizophrenia.		
3	13.a.	Outline types of obsessions with example.	K2	CO3
	(OR)			
	13.b.	Summarize various somatoform disorders with example.		
4	14.a.	Apply the clinical presentation of Asperger's syndrome.	K3	CO3
	(OR)			
	14.b.	Construct the clinical features of autism.		
5	15.a.	Explain the various non dependence producing substances.	K2	CO3
	(OR)			
	15.b.	Illustrate the various types of dependence producing substances.		

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Examine the field and scope of clinical psychology in India.	K4	CO4
2	17	Explain the causes and clinical picture of Depression.	K4	CO3
3	18	Explain the clinical presentation of postpartum somatoform disorders.	K4	CO3
4	19	Examine the causes for intellectual disability.	K4	CO4
5	20	Summarize the biopsychosocial model of substance abuse disorder.	K4	CO3

Z-Z-Z

END