PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE

(AUTONOMOUS)

MSc(SS) DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2023

(Second Semester)

Branch - SOFTWARE SYSTEMS (Five Years Integrated)

MATHEMATICS - II

Tir	me: Three Hours		Maximum: 75 Marks				
1 11	SECTION-A (1						
	Answer ALL q		$(10 \times 1 = 10)$				
	ALL questions carry	EQUAL marks	$(10 \times 1 - 10)$				
1	If A is any statement, then which of the following	g is a tautology?					
	(i) A ∧ F (ii) A ∨ F	(iii) A∨¬A	(iv) A ∧ T				
2	Which of the following represents: ~A (negation	of A) if A stands for '	'I like badminton but				
2.	hate maths"?						
	(i) I hate badminton and maths	(ii) I do not like bad					
	(iii) I dislike badminton but love maths	(iv) I hate badminton	n or like maths				
2	$p \rightarrow q$ is logically equivalent to						
3.	(i) $\neg p \lor \neg q$ (ii) $p \lor \neg q$	(iii) ¬p∨q	(iv) ¬p ∧ q				
	Which rule of inference is used, "Bhavika will w	vork in an enterprise th	nis summer. Therefore,				
4.	this summer Bhavika will work in an enterprise	or he will go to beach	,,				
	(i) Simplification	(ii) Conjunction					
	(iii) Addition	(iv) Disjunctive syl	logism				
5	When the allocations of a transportation problem	n (T.P) satisfy the rin	n condition $(m+n-1)$				
٥.	the solution is called solution.						
	(i) degenerate (ii) infeasible	(iii) unbounded	(iv) non-degenerate				
6	An assignment problem is considered as a partic	cular case of transport	ation problem, because				
0.	(i) all the rim conditions are 1	(ii) all are either 1 o	r 0				
	(iii) the number of rows equals columns	(iv) all of the above					
7	The degree of any vertex of graph is						
/.	(i) The number of edges incident with vertex	(ii) number of verte	ex in a graph				
	(iii) number of vertices adjacent to that vertex						
Q	A graph with no edges is known as empty graph						
0.	(i) Trivial graph	(ii) Regular graph					
	(iii) Bipartite graph	(iv) planar graph					
0	A graph is a tree if and only if it						
7.	(i) is completely connected	(ii) is planar					
	(iii) contains a act	(iv) is minimally co	onnected				
1/	0. A circuit in a connected graph which includes e	every vertex of the gra	ph is called				
1	(i) Hamilton (ii) Cheque	(iii) Universal	(iv) Euler				
	SECTION - B	(25 Marks)					
	Answer ALI		5 - 25)				
	ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 5 = 25)$						
	11 a Construct the truth table for $(P \rightarrow Q) \Lambda(Q \rightarrow P)$.						
	(OR) b Show that the formula QV(P Λ 7Q)V(7P Λ 7Q) is a tautology.						
	b Show that the formula $QV(P\Lambda/Q)V(P\Lambda)$	0,	Cont				

12 a Explain elementary product and conjuctive normal form.

(OR)

b Show that $R \rightarrow S$ can be derived from the premises $P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow S)$, $\sim RVP$ and Q.

13 a Determine an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using North- West Corner method:

	D_1	D ₂	D ₃	D ₄	Availability
O ₁	5	3	6	2	19
O ₂	4	7	9	1	37
O ₃	3	. 4	7	5	34
Demand	16	18	31	25	

(OR)

b Solve the following assignment problems:

	A	В	C	D
- I	1	4	6	3
II	9	7	10	9
III	4	5	11	7
IV	8	7	8	5

14 a Show that the number of vertices of odd degree in graph is always even.

(OR)

- b In a graph (connected or disconnected), has exactly two vertices of odd degree, there must be a graph joining these two vertice.
- 15 a Prove that every tree has either one or two centres.

(OR)

b Prove that a graph is a tree if and only if it is minimally connected.

SECTION -C (40 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 x 8 = 40)

- 16 a Show that ($\sim p \Lambda(\sim Q \Lambda R)$) V (Q ΛR)V(P ΛR)<=>R without using truth table. (OR)
 - b Prove that \sim (P \wedge Q) \rightarrow (\sim PVQ) <=>(\sim PVQ).
- 17 a Obtain the principle disjunctive normal form of $P \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow Q) \Lambda 7(7QV7P)$. (OR)
 - b Show that the following are equivalent formulas i) $PV(P \land Q) \iff PUQ$ and ii) $PV(7P \land Q) \iff PUQ$
- 18 a Solve the following Transportation problem:

Source	Destination				Available
	1	2	3	4	
1	21	16	25	13	11
2	17	18	14	23	13
3	32	27	18	41	19
Requirement	6	10	12	15	43

b A departmental head has four subordinates, and four tasks to be performed. The subordinates differ in efficiency, and the tasks differ in their intrinsic difficulty. His estimate, of the time each man would take to perform each task, is given in the matrix below:

	Men			
Tasks	Е	F	G	Н
A	18	26	17	11
В	13	28	14	26
C	38	19	18	15
D	19	26	24	10

19 a A simple graph with n vertices and k components can have atmost (n-k)(n-k+1) edges. (OR)

- b Define i) isolated vertex ii) perdent vertex iii) Null graph iv) connected graph
- 20 a Prove that a tree with n vertices has (n-1) edges.

(OR)

b Show that every connected graph has atleast one spanning tree.

Z-Z-Z

END