

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE  
(AUTONOMOUS)

MSc(SS) DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2024  
(First Semester)

Branch – SOFTWARE SYSTEMS (five year integrated)

CALCULUS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

(10 x 1 = 10)

- 1 Find the integer floor function value of  $[-1.2]$ .  
(i) -2                      (ii) -1                      (iii) 1                      (iv) 2
- 2 Identify  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  using fundamental theorem if  $y = \int_a^x (t^3 + 1)dt$ .  
(i)  $\frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{a^4}{4}$                       (ii)  $x^3 - 1$                       (iii)  $\frac{x^4}{4}$                       (iv)  $x^3 + 1$
- 3 When the series  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right) = \rho$  converges if and only if  
(i)  $\rho > 1$                       (ii)  $\rho < 1$   
(iii)  $\rho = 1$                       (iv)  $\rho \neq 1$
- 4 Name the test for the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n+1}{n^2+2n+1}$  to prove diverges.  
(i) Absolute Convergence Test                      (ii) The Ratio Test  
(iii) Limit Comparison Test                      (iv) The Root Test
- 5 Find the value of  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  at the point (4,-5) if  $f(x,y) = x^2 + 3xy + y - 1$ .  
(i) 7                      (ii) 6                      (iii) -1                      (iv) -7
- 6 Identify the interior point of the function  $f(x,y) = 2 + 2x + 2y - x^2 - y^2$ .  
(i) (0,1)                      (ii) (1,1)                      (iii) (1,0)                      (iv) (2,2)
- 7 Which equation plays an important role in Population dynamics?  
(i) Logistic equation                      (ii) Dynamic equation  
(iii) Homogeneous equation                      (iv) Continuity equation
- 8 Choose the following equation which satisfies linearly independent on  $y_1 = x^2, y_2 = 5x, y_3 = 2x$   
(i)  $y_1 = y_2 + 2y_3$                       (ii)  $y_2 = 0y_1 + 2.5y_3$   
(iii)  $y_3 = 0y_1 + 2y_2$                       (iv)  $y_1 = y_2 + y_3$
- 9 Find  $a_0$  in the Fourier Series.  
(i)  $\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x)dx$                       (ii)  $\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x)dx$   
(iii)  $\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x)dx$                       (iv)  $\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x)dx$
- 10 Identify RLC Circuit governed ODE equations.  
(i)  $LI'' + RI' + \frac{1}{C}I = E'(t)$                       (ii)  $LI'' + I' - \frac{1}{C}I = E'(t)$   
(iii)  $LI'' + RI' + CI = E'(t)$                       (iv)  $LI'' + RI' - \frac{1}{C}I = E(t)$

SECTION - B (25 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(5 x 5 = 25)

- 11 a Sketch the function  $y = x^2$  over the interval  $[-2,2]$ .

OR

- b Determine the value of  $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{5x}$  and also examine  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan t \sec 2t}{3t}$ .

Cont...

- 12 a Analyze the sequence whose  $n^{\text{th}}$  term is  $a_n = \left(\frac{n+1}{n-1}\right)^n$  converges? And also find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$ .  
OR
- b Evaluate the Taylor series generated by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  at  $a = 2$  and also find if any where does the series converges to  $\frac{1}{x}$ .
- 13 a Determine  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$  at  $(0,0,0)$  if  $x^3 + z^2 + ye^{xz} + z\cos y = 0$ .  
OR
- b Sketch and find the tangent plane and normal line of the surface  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z - 9 = 0$  at the point  $(1,2,4)$ .
- 14 a Solve  $2xyy' = y^2 - x^2$  using extended method of reduction to separable form.  
OR
- b Evaluate the fourth order ODE  $y^{iv} - 5y'' + 4y = 0$ .
- 15 a Show the Fourier series of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -k & \text{if } -2 < x < 0 \\ k & \text{if } 0 < x < 2 \end{cases}$   
 $p = 2L = 4, L = 2$ .  
OR
- b Analyze the minimum square error  $E$  of  $F(x)$  with  $N = 1, 2, \dots, 10, 20, \dots, 100$  and  $1000$  relative to  $f(x) = x + \pi$  ( $-\pi < x < \pi$ ) on the interval  $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ .

**SECTION -C (40 Marks)**

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(5 x 8 = 40)

- 16 a Evaluate (i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 + x - 2}{x^2 - x}$  (ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 100} - 10}{x^2}$ .  
OR
- b Interpret the scenario of a heavy rock blown straight up from the ground by a dynamite blast. The Velocity of the rock at any time  $t$  during its motion was given as  $v(t) = 160 - 32t$  ft/sec. Find the displacement of the rock during the time period  $0 \leq t \leq 8$  and also calculate the total distance travelled during this time period.
- 17 a Assess the convergence of the following series (i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{n! n!}$  (ii)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n n! n!}{(2n)!}$ .  
OR
- b Determine the first few terms of the Taylor series for the given function using power series operations (i)  $\frac{1}{3}(2x + x \cos x)$  (ii)  $e^x \cos x$ .
- 18 a Evaluate  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{4xy^2}{x^2 + y^2}$  if it exists.  
OR
- b Find the greatest and smallest values that the function  $f(x, y) = xy$  takes on the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$ .
- 19 a Solve  $\cos(x + y) dx + (3y^2 + 2y + \cos(x + y)) dy = 0$ .  
OR
- b Formulate the Fourier Cosine and Sine integrals of  $f(x) = e^{-kx}$  where  $x > 0$  and  $k > 0$ .
- 20 a Determine the two-half range expansion of the function  
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2k}{L}x & \text{if } 0 < x < \frac{L}{2} \\ \frac{2k}{L}(L - x) & \text{if } \frac{L}{2} < x < L \end{cases}$$
  
OR
- b Develop the Fourier series for  $f(x) = x^2$  in  $-\pi < x < \pi$ . Hence show that  $\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$  using Parseval's Theorem.