# PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

#### (AUTONOMOUS)

# BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2023

(Second Semester)

### Branch - COMMERCE (COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING)

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 50 Marks

## **SECTION-A (5 Marks)**

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

- 1. Operating cost is suitable for
  - i) Job order business
- ii) Contractors
- iii) Sugar Industry
- iv) Service Industries
- 2. Material requisition is meant for
  - i) Purchase material
- ii) Supply of material from store
- iii) Sale of material
- iv) None of the above
- 3. 'Recreation' expenses may be apportioned in the ratio of
  - i) Material cost
- ii) Wages

iii) Prime cost

- iv) Number of employees
- 4. Trend analysis is significant for
  - i) Profit planning
- ii) Working capital management
- iii) Forecasting and Budgeting
- iv) Capital rationing
- 5. Dividend paid is usually treated as
  - i) An application of fund
- ii) Loss
- iii) Sources of fund
- iv) Gain

#### **SECTION - B (15 Marks)**

Answer **ALL** Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$ 

6 (a) Describe the 'classification of cost'

OR

(b) From the following information you are asked to prepare a cost sheet and to ascertain cost and

profit per unit with the help of the following data:

Units produced

1,200 units

Selling price per unit

Rs. 6

Sales revenue

Rs. 7,200

Cost of production:

Material

Rs. 1,320

Wages

Rs. 750

Manufacturing expenses 40 paise per rupee of labour cost.

Administration expenses 10% of work cost. It has been found from the record that the selling and distribution expenses amounted 7.5% on sales.

Cont...



7 (a) XY Ltd. Purchase and issued the material in the following order:

1985 March

Purchased 300 units at Rs. 3 per unit purchased 500 units at Rs. 4 per unit

10 Issued 500 units

purchased 700 units at Rs. 4.50 per unit

15 Issued 700 units

20 Purchased 300 units at Rs. 5 per unit

30 Issued 150 units

Ascertain the quantity of closing stock as on 31<sup>st</sup> March and state its value under "weighted average cost" methods.

OR

(b) The following are the particulars applicable to a work process:

Time rate Rs. 5 per hour

High task 40 units per week

Piece rate above high task Rs. 6.5 per unit

In a 40 hour week, the production of the workers was as follows:

A 35 units B 40 units C 41 units D 52 units

Calculate the wages of the worker under Gantt's task bonus plan

8 (a) The following details are available for the month of May 2010 relating two service department 'A' and 'B' and production department R and S

Amount Apportionment basis

J 4724 V		*******		
Rs.	,	В	R	<u>S</u>
20,000		25%	40%	35%
15,000		- 1.	40%	60%
30,000	<u> </u>			
32,000				
	20,000 15,000 30,000	20,000 15,000 30,000	20,000 25% 15,000 30,000	20,000 25% 40% 15,000 40% 30,000

Prepare a summary of overhead distribution under the step ladder method.

- (b) During 2020, Ganesh Ltd spent Rs.1,00,000 on indirect expenses and produced 25,000 units of its only product. There were no inventories. The company has decide to absorb the indirect expenditure on the basic of its output. Determine the overhead absorption rate.
- 9 (a) Calculate Stock turnover ratio from the following information:

Sales Rs.10,00,000

Gross profit ratio 20%

Stock at the beginning Rs.1,75,000

Stock at the end Rs.1,45,000

(b) Prepare a comparative income statement of Vasanth Ltd, for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup>march 2016 and 2017 from the following

OR

	2016 31st March Rs	2017 31st March Rs
Purchase less return	1,00,000	1,50,000
Other direct expenses	30,000	50,000
Sales	2,00,000	3,00,000
Office expenses	25,000	40,000
Selling expenses	20,000	20,000
Finance expenses	10,000	15,000
Profit	15,000	25,000

Cont...

10 (a) From the following balances you are required to Calculate Cash From Operation.

	31.12.2020	31.12.2021
	Rs	Rs
Debtors	60,000	50,000
Bills receivable	20,000	30,000
Creditors	15,000	20,000
Bills payable	10,000	5,000
Outstanding expenses	1,000	1,500
Prepaid expenses	2,000	1,000
Accrued income	1,000	1,500
Income received in advance	500	1,000
Profit during the year		2,00,000

OR

(b) From the following details prepare a schedule of changes in working capital

	31.12.2020	31.12.2021
Particular	Rs	Rs
Bank Loan ( short period)	70,000	
Creditors	1,50,000	1,35,200
- ·		8,000
Bank	500	600
Cash	80,000	64,200
Debtors	1,00,000	74,000
Stock	2,00,000	2,50,000
Share Capital	50,000	60,000
General Reserve	30,500	30,600
P&L Account	1	1
Building	2,00,000	1,90,000

## SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer any Three questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

11 The accounts of a machine manufacturing company disclose the following information for six month ending 31<sup>st</sup> Dec. 1993.

	I/S.
Material	1,50,000
Productive wages	1,20,000
Factory overhead expenses	24,000
Establishment and general expenses	17,640
Establishment and general expenses	

Prepare a cost sheet of the machine and calculate the price which the company should quote for the manufacturing of a machine requiring material valued at Rs.1,250 and expenditure in productive wages of Rs. 750, so that the price may yield a profit of 20% on the selling price.

The following information is available in respect of component D.20

Maximum stock level

8,400 units

Budgeted consumption

Maximum

1,500 units per month 800 units per month

Minimum
Estimated delivery period:

u.

Maximum

4 months

Minimum

2 months

You are require to calculate:

- a) Reorder level
- b) Reorder quantity

Cont...

A factory is having three production departments A, B and C and two service department, boiler-house and pump-room. The boiler-house has to depend upon the pump-room for supply of water and pump-room in its turn is dependent on the boiler-house for supply of stream power for driving the pump. The expenses incurred by the production department during the period are:

A-Rs. 8,00,000; B-Rs.7,00,000; C-Rs. 5,00,000;

The expenses for boiler-house are Rs. 2,34,000

and the pump-room are Rs. 3,00,000. The expenses of the boiler-house and pump-room are to be apportioned on the following basic:

 A
 B
 C
 B.H
 P.R

 Expenses of boiler-house
 20%
 40%
 30%
 10%

 Expenses of pump-room
 40%
 20%
 20%
 20%

Show clearly as to how the expenses of boiler-house and pump-room would be apportioned to A, B and C departments. Use Repeated Distribution method.

14 Assume that a firm has owner equity of Rs. 1,00,000. The ratio of the firm are:

Current debt to total debt

Total debt to owners equity

Fixed assets to owners equity

Total assets turnover

Inventory turnover

- 0.40

- 0.60

- 0.60

- 2 times

- 8 times

Prepare the following Balance sheet, from the information given above:

T 1 1111	1	Da	Assets		Rs
Liability	·	Rs		<u> </u>	
Current debt	-		Cash	-	
Long - term					[*  -
debt	_		Inventory	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ucot			Total Current	est, co	
Total debt			Assets		· =
			Fixed assets		-
Owner's equity		_			-
Total Equity			Total Assets		

The comparative Balance sheet of Mr. Prabhu for the two years as follows:

The comparative	2008	2009		2008	2009
Liablities	Rs	Rs	Assets	Rs	Rs
Capital	3,00,000	3,50,000	Land	2,20,000	
Loan from	- 9 9				3,00,000
bank	3,20,000	2,00,000	Machinery	4,00,000	2,80,000
Creditors	1,80,000	2,00,000	Stock	1,00,000	90,000
Bills Payable	1,00,000	80,000	Debtors	1,40,000	1,60,000
Loan From TIIC		50,000	Cash	40,000	50,000
	9,00,000	8,80,000	-	9,00,000	8,80,000

Additional Information:

Net Profit for the year 2009 amounted to Rs.1,20,000. During the year a machine costing Rs.50,000 (accumulate depreciation Rs.20,000) was sold for Rs.26,000. The provision for depreciation against machinery as on 31.12.2008 was Rs.1,00,000 and on 31.12.2009 Rs.1,70,000. You are require to prepare Cash Flow Statement.