### PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

#### **BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2023**

(First Semester)

#### Branch - COMMERCE

### **MATHEMATICS**

Maximum: 50 Marks Time: Three Hours

# **SECTION-A (5 Marks)**

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks  $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

1. The series  $4, 2, 1, \ldots$  is (i)A.P. (iii)G.P. (ii)H.P.

(iv)None of them.

2. The simple interest is found as

position and the

(i)Pni

(ii)Pnr

(iii)P(1+i)

3. If A is a singular matrix, |A| =

(ii)1

(iii)∞

(iv)None of them.

4. The derivative of  $5^{x}$  is

(i)  $5(5^{x})$ 

(ii)x (5 <sup>x-1</sup>)

(iii)5<sup>x</sup>

(iv)None of them.

"As soon as a new value for a variable is found by iteration, it is used immediately in the 5. following equation". This method is called.

(i) Gauss - Seidel (ii) Jacobi's

(iii)Gauss – Jordan (iv)Relaxation.

## SECTION - B (15 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

**ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks** 

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$ 

The fourth and seventh terms of an A.P. are 3 and 36. Find the A.P. and 6. its fifteenth term.

(or)

- Find the number of terms in the geometric series 0.03+0.06+ b) 0.12+...+1.92.
- 7. a) Calculate the total amount that will be received from the debtor when the principal Rs.10,000 is lent to him on interest for 4 years at 9% p.a.

Balu borrowed Rs.25,000 from Rathinam but could not repay the b) amount in a period of 5 years. Accordingly, Rathinam demands now Rs.35,880

from Balu. At what percent p.a. compound interest did Rathinam lend his money? 主动的复数 中心员

If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 2 & a \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & b \\ 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 26 & a \\ 14 & 45 \end{bmatrix}$  find a and b when 2A + 5B = C. 8.

Find the value of the determinant |2

9.

Find the differential coefficient (derivative) of the function  $y = x^2 - 4$ with respect to x.

Cont...

- b) If the demand function is p = 4 5x, for what value of x will elasticity of demand be unitary?
- 10. a) Solve the system of equations by Gauss elimination methods. 2x + 3y z = 5, 4x + 4y 3z = 3, 2x 3y + 2z = 2

(or)

b) Solve the system of equation by Gauss Jordan method 10x + y + z = 12, 2x + 10y + z = 13, x + y + 5z = 7

#### SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions
ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$ 

Find the four numbers forming a geometric progression if the first number exceeds the second by 36 and the third number is greater than the fourth by 4.

(or

- b) Find three numbers in A.P. whose sum is 12 and the sum of whose cubes is 408.
- (i) Calculate the compound interest for Rs.2,500 for 4 years at 8% per annum.
  (ii) Calculate the compound interest in the above case when interest is compounded (a) half yearly and (b) quarterly.
  - b) A bill for Rs.1,825 was drawn on 22<sup>nd</sup> January at 6 months date and discounted on 16<sup>th</sup> April at the rate of 10% per annum. Find the sum for which the bill was discounted and the banker's gain.
- 13. a) Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule 3x + 2y = 8, 5x 3y = 7.
  - b) Find the inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & -6 & -7 \end{vmatrix}$ .
- 14. a) If  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 2x^2 + 50}{x^2}$ , find f'(5) and f'(10).

(or)

- b) The demand curve for a monopolist is given by x = 100 4p.
  - (i) Find the total revenue, average revenue and marginal revenue.
  - (ii) At what level of x, then marginal revenue is equal to zero?
- 15. a) Using Gauss Jacobi method, solve x + y + 54z = 110, 27x + 6y z = 85, 6x + 15y + 2z = 72 (or)
  - b) Using Gauss Seidal method solve 10x 5y 2z = 3, 4x + 10y + 3z = -3, x + 6y + 10z = -3.

Z-Z-Z END