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PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE

(AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2018

(Fifth Semester)

Branch - CHEMISTRY

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY -1

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (20 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry. EQUAL marks $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1 What are oligosaccharides? Give two examples.
- 2 Define mutarotation.
- 3 Give the nature of heterocyclic rings present in coniine and nicotine.
- 4 How are phenolic OH and -COOH groups in alkaloids detected?
- Acetaacetic ester decolorizes bromine water and it gives red violet color with neutral FeCl₃. Why?
- 6 How is acetoacetic ester prepared?
- 7 Tertiary alkyl radical is more stable than secondary alkyl radical. Explain.
- 8 Illustrate aldol condensation with an example.
- 9 Write two examples for phthalein dyes.
- Write the structures of methyl orange and indigo.

SECTION - B (25 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

11 a How can glucose be converted into fructose?

OR

- b Discuss the hydrolysis of sucrose. Why is it called "Invert Sugar"?
- 12 a Write briefly on Hoffmann exhaustive methylation.

OR

- b Describe the synthesis of ascorbic acid.
- 13 a Discuss nitro-acinitro tautomerism with examples.

OR

- b Explain any five uses of acetoacetic ester.
- 14 a Describe benzoin condensation and give an evidence for it.

OR

- b Outline the mechanism of Wittig reaction.
- 15 a How are dyes classified according to chemical constitution?

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b Outline the preparation of malachite green.

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer any **THREE** Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 16a Explain Kiliani synthesis for the conversion of arabinose into glucose. (5)
 - b Mention any five uses o.f cellulose. (5)
- Write the synthesis of (a) Nicotine (b) Menthol. (6+4)
- Starting from malonic ester, explain the synthesis of carboxylic acids, ketones and barbiturates. (4+3+3)
- Describe the mechanisms of Claisen, Cannizaro and crossed Cannizaro reaction. (6+4)
- 20 a What are chromonhores and auxochromes. Give examples.