

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)
BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2019
(Third Semester)

Branch – MATHEMATICS

MECHANICS-I (STATICS)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

SECTION-A (20 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10 x 2 = 20)

- 1 Define Thrust.
- 2 State parallelogram law of forces.
- 3 Define moment of a force about a point.
- 4 What is the magnitude of the resultant of two like parallel forces and its direction?
- 5 When a couple is positive or negative?
- 6 Define axis of a couple.
- 7 State the necessary and sufficient conditions that a system of coplanar forces acting on a rigid body may be in equilibrium.
- 8 State the second form of the conditions of equilibrium.
- 9 Define centre of gravity of a body.
- 10 Where is the centre of gravity of a uniform parallelogram and uniform solid hemisphere?

SECTION - B (25 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks (5 x 5 = 25)

- 11 a The resultant of two forces P and Q acting at an angle α is equal to $(2m+1) \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$. When they act on angle $90^\circ - \theta$, the resultant is $(2m-1) \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$. Prove that $\tan \theta = \frac{m-1}{m+1}$.

OR

- b State and prove the theory on resultant of any number of coplanar forces acting at a point.
- 12 a Obtain the resultant of two like parallel forces acting on a rigid body.
- OR
- b State and prove Varignon's theory on moments.
- 13 a Prove that two couples in the same plane and whose moments are equal and of same sign are equivalent to one another.
- OR
- b Prove that a force acting at any point A of a body is equivalent to an equal and parallel force acting at any other arbitrary point B of the body, together with a couple.

- 14 a Obtain the equation to the line of action of the resultant.

OR

- b Forces $F_1, F_2, F_3, F_4, F_5, F_6$ act along the sides of a regular hexagon taken in order. Show that they will be in equilibrium if (i) $F_1 + F_2 + F_3 + F_4 + F_5 + F_6 = 0$ and (ii) $F_1 - F_4 = F_3 - F_6 = F_5 - F_2$.

- 15 a Determine the centre of gravity uniqueness.

OR

- b Obtain the centre of gravity of a thin plate in the form of a parallelogram.

SECTION - C (30 Marks)Answer any **THREE** Questions**ALL** Questions Carry **EQUAL** Marks (3 x 10 = 30)

- 16 State and prove Lami's theorem. Prove that if A, B are fixed points on horizontal line at a distance C apart to a fine tight strings AC and BC of length b and a respectively. Show that the tensions of the strings are in the ratio $b(a^2 + c^2 - b^2) : a(b^2 + c^2 - a^2)$.
- 17 a Find the condition of equilibrium of three coplanar parallel forces.
 b Two like parallel forces P and Q act on a rigid body at A and B respectively. (i) If Q be changed to P^2/Q , show that the line of action of the resultant is the same as it would be if the forces are simply interchanged (ii) If P and Q be interchanged in position, show that the point of application of the resultant will be displayed along AB through a distance d where $d = \frac{P-Q}{P+Q} AB$.
- 18 Prove that if two couples whose moments are equal and opposite act in the same plane upon a rigid body then they balance one another.
- 19 A uniform beam of length ℓ and weight w hangs from a fixed point of two strings of length a and b. Prove that the inclination of the rod to the horizon is $\sin^{-1} \left[\frac{a^2 - b^2}{\ell \sqrt{2(a^2 + b^2) - \ell^2}} \right]$
- 20 Obtain the centre of gravity of a hollow hemisphere.

Z-Z-Z

END