## **PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE** (AUTONOMOUS)

# **BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2019**

(First Semester)

#### **Branch-CHEMISTRY**

#### **GENERAL CHEMISTRY -1**

**Time: Three Hours** Maximum: 75 Marks

## **SECTION-A HO Marks)**

**Answer ALL questions** 

**ALL questions carry EQUAL marks** 

(10x1 = 10)

Find the Bohr's radius for Hydrogen atom in the ground state

h' 0) r, $4TC^2$ me<sup>2</sup> 27TTme<sup>2</sup> (iv)  $r_n =$ 2% Zem

Which of the following is Compton equation?

- (ii)  $AX == -^x \sin^2 0/2$  $AX - (1-\sin 0)$ (i)  $me^2$
- (iv)  $AX = -^yCOS^2 0/2$  $AX = (1-\cos 0)$ (iii)  $me^2$

What will be the period of an element with atomic number 6 in the periodic table?

(i) IInd

(ii) Vth

(iii) VIth

(iv) VIIth

What will be the nature of bond between two electrons having large difference of electronegativity?

(i) Purely covalent

- (ii) 50% covalent and 50% ionic
- (iii) More covalent than ionic
- (iv) More ionic than covalent

Identify the non-directional bond

- **Covalent bond**
- (ii) Metallic bond
- (iii) Co-ordinate bond
- (iv) botha&b

Which of the following exhibit variable valency?

Noble gases

- (ii) Alkali metals
- (iii) Transition elements
- (iv) All the above

What will be the number of molecular orbitals formed?

- Equal to the number of combining atomic orbitals
- (ii) Less than the number of combining atomic orbitals
- (iii) More than the number of combining atomic orbitals
- (iv) Double the number of combining atomic orbitals

Which of the following cannot exist based on MO theory?

(i)  $He_{2}^{+}$ 

(ii) He<sub>2</sub>

(iii)  $H_2^+$ 

(iv)C,

Which hybridization is exhibited by carbon in methane?

(i) sp

(ii) sp<sup>2</sup>

(iii) sp<sup>3</sup>

(iv)sp d

10 Choose the more stable among the following

(i)CH<sub>3</sub>+

(ii) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>

(iii) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sup>+</sup>

 $(iv)(CH_3)_3 C^+$ 

### **SECTION - B (25 Marks)**

# Answer ALL questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 x 5 = 25)

11 a Outline the postulates of Bohr's model of atom and its limitations.

ΛR

- b Bring out the De-Broglie equation and how can it be experimentally verified?
- 12 a Show the trends of atomic and ionic redii in the periodic table.

OR

- b Explain the Ionization energy in detail.
- 13 a Outline the inert pair effect.

OR

- b Explain hydrogen bonding with an example.
- 14 a Compare VB theory and MO theory.

OR

- b Differentiate bonding and antibonding.
- 15a Describe the van der waals intraction and charge transfer reactions.

ΛR

b Compare the substitution and elimination reactions.

## **SECTION -C (40 Marks!**

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

16 a Discuss (i) Photoelectric effect (ii) Heisenberg's uncertainity principle.

OR

- b Summarize Paulis Exclusion principle, Aufbau principle and Hund's rule.
- 17 a Analyze the construction of modem periodic table and Highlight its applications in explaining the chemical behaviour.

OR

- b Discuss electronaffinity and electronegativity, their trends in periodic table and their determinations.
- 18 a Compare the ionic, covalent and co-ordinate covalent bonds and pointout the general characteristics of ionic compounds.

OR

- b Discuss (i) Fajan's rule (ii) Bom-Haber cycle
- 19 a Discuss the energy changes during bond formation and the correlation of bond energies and bond enthalpies.

OR

- b Discuss the structure of N2 and NO" based on MO theory.
- 20 a Discuss (i) Geometry of ethylene (ii) Steric effect.

OR

b Summarize the reactive intermediates.

Z-Z-Z END