

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2022
(Second Semester)

Branch – PHYSICS

MATHEMATICS II

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 50 Marks

SECTION-A (5 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

(5 x 1 = 5)

- Every square matrix satisfies its own _____ equation.
(i) eigen (ii) characteristic (iii) Cauchy (iv) Laplace
- A solution containing as many arbitrary constants as there are independent variables is called _____ integral.
(i) particular (ii) single (iii) complete (iv) double
- If $f(x) \sin nx$ is an even function then b_n is _____
(i) $\frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$ (ii) $\frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$
(iii) $\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$ (iv) $\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$
- $L(e^{at}) =$
i) $\frac{1}{s+a}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{s^2-a}$ (iii) $\frac{1}{s-a}$ (iv) $\frac{1}{s^2+a}$
- The rate of convergence of Gauss seidel method is _____ that of Gauss-Jacobi method.

SECTION B (15 MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

(3×5=15)

- (a) Calculate A^4 when $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$
(OR)
(b) Determine the eigen values of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- a) Eliminate the arbitrary function from $z = f(x^2 + y^2)$
(OR)
b) Solve $p(1+q^2) = q(z-1)$
- a) Compute the Fourier series for $f(x) = x (-\pi < x < \pi)$
(OR)
b) Find a sine series for $f(x) = c$.
- a) Find $L(\sin^3 2t)$
(OR)
b) Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s-3}{s^2+4s+13}\right)$
- a) Define Jordan's modification.
(OR)
b) Compare Gauss elimination and Gauss Seidal method.

Cont...

SECTION C (30 MARKS)Answer **ALL** the questions**ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(5×6=30)

11. a) Find the characteristic equation of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence obtain its inverse.

(OR)

- b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

12. a) Solve $x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2x + y + 3z$.

(OR)

- b) Find the general solution of $(y+z)p + (z+x)q = x+y$.

13. a) Show that $x^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}$ in the interval $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$

(OR)

- b) If $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{when } 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x & \text{when } x > \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$ expand $f(x)$ as a sine series in the interval $(0, \pi)$.

14. a) Prove that $L(t^n) = \frac{n!}{s^n + 1}$ where n is a positive integer.

(OR)

- b) Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+2)} \right]$.

15. a) Solve by Gauss elimination method

$$2x + y + 4z = 12, 8x - 3y + 2z = 20, 4x + 11y - z = 33$$

(OR)

- b) Solve by Gauss Seidal method

$$27x + 6y - z = 85, 6x + 15y + 2z = 72, x + y + 54z = 110$$

Z-Z-Z

END