

PSYCHOLOGY FOR SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)Answer **ALL** questions**ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	Psychology is mainly the scientific study of: (i) Society (ii) Mind and Behaviour (iii) Culture (iv) Education	K1	CO1
	2	The founder of Psychoanalysis was: (i) Watson (ii) Skinner (iii) Freud (iv) Piaget	K2	CO1
2	3	According to Erikson, the main psychosocial crisis during adolescence is: (i) Trust vs Mistrust (ii) Initiative vs Guilt (iii) Identity vs role confusion (iv) Generativity vs Stagnation	K1	CO2
	4	Adolescence is mainly marked by: (i) Social withdrawal (ii) Puberty changes (iii) Old age problems (iv) Decline in memory	K2	CO2
3	5	Learning is best defined as: (i) Temporary change (ii) Permanent change in Behaviour due to experience (iii) Genetic change (iv) Physical growth	K1	CO3
	6	IQ is related to: (i) Motivation (ii) Personality (iii) Intelligence (iv) Emotion	K2	CO3
4	7	Ego defense mechanisms were proposed by: (i) Jung (ii) Adler (iii) Freud (iv) Erikson	K1	CO4
	8	Big Five Personality theory includes (i) 3 traits (ii) 4 traits (iii) 5 Traits (iv) 6 traits	K2	CO4
5	9	Neurosis mainly involves: (i) Loss of reality (ii) Mild Mental Disorders (iii) Severe psychosis (iv) Brain damage	K1	CO5
	10	Promotion of mental health mainly aims at: (i) Treatment only (ii) Prevention and Well- being (iii) Hospitalization (iv) Medication	K2	CO5

Cont...

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions
ALL questions carry **EQUAL** Marks

(5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Explain the scope of psychology.	K2	CO1
		(OR)		
	11.b.	Explain the need for behaviorism.		
2	12.a.	Show case the principles of human growth and development.	K3	CO2
		(OR)		
	12.b.	Highlight the physical and social changes during puberty.		
3	13.a.	Describe the application of learning principles in behaviour theory.	K4	CO3
		(OR)		
	13.b.	Discuss the types and characteristics of motives.		
4	14.a.	Analyze the Neuro Scientific models of Personality.	K5	CO4
		(OR)		
	14.b.	Bring out on the sources of frustrations with examples.		
5	15.a.	Compare and contrast the concepts of normality and abnormality with examples.	K6	CO5
		(OR)		
	15.b.	Compile the various types of psychoses with treatments.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer **ANY THREE** questions
ALL questions carry **EQUAL** Marks

(3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Comment on the fields of psychology.	K2	CO1
2	17	Elucidate the characteristics of babyhood.	K3	CO2
3	18	Analyze the assessment of intelligences.	K4	CO3
4	19	Discuss Psychoanalytic theory with examples.	K5	CO4
5	20	Comment on the recent trends in Mental Health and Wellness.	K6	CO5

Z-Z-Z

END