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SECTION - B (35 Marks)Answer **ALL** questions**ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Define Demography and explain its scope and relationship with Sociology.	K2	CO1
	(OR)			
	11.b.	Evaluate the merits and limitations of Vital Statistics as a source of demographic data.		
2	12.a.	Examine the Optimum Population Theory.	K4	CO2
	(OR)			
	12.b.	Discuss the relevance of the Demographic Transition Theory to India.		
3	13.a.	Explain the causes of population growth in India.	K3	CO4
	(OR)			
	13.b.	Analyze the consequences of uneven population distribution across Indian states..		
4	14.a.	Define fertility. Explain its measures and factors affecting fertility.	K3	CO5
	(OR)			
	14.b.	Discuss migration types and factors affecting international migration.		
5	15.a.	Assess the achievements and challenges of the National Population Policy 2000.	K5	CO3
	(OR)			
	15.b.	Critically examine the Family Welfare Programme in India.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)Answer **ANY THREE** questions**ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** Marks (3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Discuss the development of Demography in India with special reference to Census operations.	K4	CO1
2	17	Compare and contrast between Malthusian Theory and Demographic Transition Theory.	K5	CO2
3	18	Evaluate the trends of population growth in India and its socio-economic consequences.	K5	CO4
4	19	Critically analyze fertility, mortality, and migration as demographic processes.	K6	CO5
5	20	Explain the structure and importance of Population Pyramid in demographic studies.	K6	CO3