

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(First Semester)

Common to Branches – **COMMERCE (RM)/ COMMERCE (FS)/ COMMERCE (FT)/ COMMERCE (BS&I)**

STATISTICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

$(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	Statistics deals with a) Qualitative data only b) Quantitative data only c) Both qualitative and quantitative data d) None of the above	K1	CO1
	2	Which of the following is a method of collecting primary data? a) Newspaper reports b) Company records c) Government publications d) Direct personal interview	K2	CO1
2	3	Which measure is most affected by extreme values? a) Median b) Mode c) Mean d) Standard Deviation	K1	CO2
	4	The difference between the highest and lowest value in a dataset is called a) Standard Deviation b) Range c) Variance d) Quartile Deviation	K2	CO2
3	5	Which of the following indicates perfect positive correlation? a) 0 b) -1 c) 1 d) 0.5	K1	CO3
	6	If the value of one variable increases with the increase in another variable, the correlation is a) Negative b) Positive c) Zero d) None of the above	K2	CO3
4	7	Index numbers are expressed in a) Absolute numbers b) Percentages c) Ratios only d) Fractions only	K1	CO4
	8	The method used to measure long-term trend in time series is a) Moving Average b) Seasonal Index c) Irregular variation d) Index Numbers	K2	CO4
5	9	The sum of probabilities of all mutually exclusive and exhaustive events is a) 0 b) 1 c) Between 0 and 1 d) None of the above	K1	CO5
	10	Which of the following is a discrete probability distribution? a) Normal b) Poisson c) Uniform d) Exponential	K2	CO5

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO									
1	11.a.	Explain the different methods of data collection with suitable examples. (OR)	K3	CO1									
	11.b.	Population of India in five censal years is given. Interpret this by Simple bar diagram. <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>Year</td> <td>1981</td> <td>1991</td> <td>2001</td> <td>2011</td> <td>2021</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Population</td> <td>36</td> <td>44</td> <td>55</td> <td>68</td> <td>84</td> </tr> </table>			Year	1981	1991	2001	2011	2021	Population	36	44
Year	1981	1991	2001	2011	2021								
Population	36	44	55	68	84								

Cont...

2	12.a.	The expenditure of 10 families in Rupees are given below. <table border="1"> <tr><th>Fam</th><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th><th>D</th><th>E</th><th>F</th><th>G</th><th>H</th><th>I</th><th>J</th></tr> <tr><td>Expn.</td><td>30</td><td>70</td><td>10</td><td>75</td><td>50</td><td>8</td><td>42</td><td>25</td><td>40</td><td>36</td></tr> </table>	Fam	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	Expn.	30	70	10	75	50	8	42	25	40	36	K4	CO2
Fam	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J																
Expn.	30	70	10	75	50	8	42	25	40	36																
Calculate Arithmetic Mean. (OR)																										
3	12.b.	Calculate range and co efficient of range 10,12,13,16,11,12,13,10,15,19	K5	CO3																						
	13.a.	Define a Scatter diagram. Plot the scatter diagram when (i) $r = +1$ (ii) $r = -1$ (iii) $r = 0$ (OR)																								
4	13.b.	Compute the coefficient of correlation between X and Y: <table border="1"> <tr><th>X</th><td>10</td><td>12</td><td>18</td><td>8</td><td>13</td><td>20</td><td>22</td><td>15</td><td>5</td><td>17</td></tr> <tr><th>Y</th><td>88</td><td>90</td><td>94</td><td>86</td><td>87</td><td>92</td><td>96</td><td>94</td><td>88</td><td>85</td></tr> </table>	X	10	12	18	8	13	20	22	15	5	17	Y	88	90	94	86	87	92	96	94	88	85	K3	CO4
X	10	12	18	8	13	20	22	15	5	17																
Y	88	90	94	86	87	92	96	94	88	85																
14.a.	Draw the trend line by graphic method and estimate the production in 2003. <table border="1"> <tr><th>Year</th><td>1995</td><td>1996</td><td>1997</td><td>1998</td><td>1999</td><td>2000</td><td>2001</td></tr> <tr><th>Prodn.</th><td>20</td><td>22</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>25</td><td>27</td><td>30</td></tr> </table>	Year	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	Prodn.	20	22	25	26	25	27	30									
Year	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001																			
Prodn.	20	22	25	26	25	27	30																			
5	14.b.	Calculate 5 years moving average of number of students in a commerce college as shown by the following figures: <table border="1"> <tr><th>Year</th><td>87</td><td>88</td><td>89</td><td>90</td><td>91</td><td>92</td><td>93</td><td>94</td><td>95</td><td>96</td></tr> <tr><th>Students</th><td>332</td><td>311</td><td>357</td><td>392</td><td>402</td><td>405</td><td>410</td><td>427</td><td>405</td><td>438</td></tr> </table>	Year	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	Students	332	311	357	392	402	405	410	427	405	438	K3	CO5
Year	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96																
Students	332	311	357	392	402	405	410	427	405	438																
15.a.	A bag contains 5 red balls and 3 blue balls. Two balls are drawn one after the other without replacement. Find the probability that both balls are red. (OR)																									
5	15.b.	A factory produces bolts; historically the probability that a randomly selected bolt is defective is 0.02. From a day's production, 50 bolts are randomly sampled.																								

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO															
1	16	Draw a Pie diagram to represent the following data: <table border="1"> <tr><th>Item</th><th>Food</th><th>Cloth</th><th>Rent</th><th>Other Expenses</th></tr> <tr><td>A</td><td>240</td><td>160</td><td>80</td><td>200</td></tr> <tr><td>Family</td><td>300</td><td>300</td><td>200</td><td>400</td></tr> </table>	Item	Food	Cloth	Rent	Other Expenses	A	240	160	80	200	Family	300	300	200	400	K3	CO1
Item	Food	Cloth	Rent	Other Expenses															
A	240	160	80	200															
Family	300	300	200	400															
2	17	Calculate Mean, Median and Mode: <table border="1"> <tr><th>Marks</th><th>Below 10</th><th>Below 20</th><th>Below 30</th><th>Below 40</th><th>Below 50</th></tr> <tr><td>Students</td><td>3</td><td>8</td><td>17</td><td>20</td><td>22</td></tr> </table>	Marks	Below 10	Below 20	Below 30	Below 40	Below 50	Students	3	8	17	20	22	K4	CO2			
Marks	Below 10	Below 20	Below 30	Below 40	Below 50														
Students	3	8	17	20	22														
3	18	From the following information on values of two variables X and Y, Find the two regression lines and the correlation coefficient: $N=10; \sum X=20; \sum Y=40; \sum x^2=240; \sum Y^2=410; \sum XY=200$	K5	CO3															
4	19	Fit a straight line trend equation to the following data by the method of least squares and estimate the value of sales for the year 1985. <table border="1"> <tr><th>Year</th><td>1979</td><td>1980</td><td>1981</td><td>1982</td><td>1983</td></tr> <tr><th>Sales</th><td>100</td><td>120</td><td>140</td><td>160</td><td>180</td></tr> </table>	Year	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	Sales	100	120	140	160	180	K3	CO4			
Year	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983														
Sales	100	120	140	160	180														
5	20	A company receives components from two suppliers. Supplier A supplies 60% of components and Supplier B supplies 40%. The defect rate is 3% for components from A and 5% for components from B. (a) If a component chosen at random is found defective, what is the probability that it came from Supplier B? (Use Bayes' theorem.) (b) If a random batch of 200 components is taken, find the expected number of defective components and the variance of the number of defective components.	K3	CO5															