

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

MSW DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(First Semester)

Branch – **SOCIAL WORK**

SOCIAL WORK PROFESSION / INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL WORK

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	Who founded the Servants of Indian Society? a) Gopal Krishna Gokhale b) M.G. Ranade c) Mahatma Gandhi d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak	K1	CO1
	2	Social Welfare mainly refers to: a) Religious rituals b) State and voluntary efforts for human well-being c) Economic investment d) Military development	K2	CO1
2	3	Which of the following is an example of Community Development at the urban level? a) Rural irrigation schemes b) Urban slum rehabilitation projects c) Tribal land rights movement d) Village panchayat empowerment	K1	CO2
	4	A social worker facilitating a support group for widows is functioning at: a) Micro level b) Mezzo level c) Macro level d) International level	K2	CO2
3	5	Psychodynamic Theory was pioneered by: a) Sigmund Freud b) B.F. Skinner c) Carl Rogers d) John Dewey	K1	CO3
	6	The Developmental Model of Social Work focuses on: a) Charity and relief only b) Planned change for sustainable growth and empowerment c) Punishment of offenders d) Short-term financial aid	K2	CO3
4	7	Who is regarded as the "Father of the Indian Renaissance"? a) Mahatma Gandhi b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy c) Jyotiba Phule d) Swami Vivekananda	K1	CO4
	8	The role of NGOs in social work in India is primarily to: a) Promote political parties b) Address community needs and social justice c) Replace government institutions d) Focus only on education	K2	CO4
5	9	Which is the oldest professional social work association in India? a) NAPSWI (National Association of Professional Social Workers in India) b) ISPSW (Indian Society of Professional Social Work) c) ICSW (Indian Council of Social Welfare) d) AASW (Association of Applied Social Work)	K1	CO5
	10	The Magna Carta of Indian Education is referred to as: a) Indian Education Commission (1964-66) b) Hunter Commission (1882) c) Wood's Despatch (1854) d) Mudaliar Commission (1952)	K2	CO5

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SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Discuss the goals and scope of social work practice in India. (OR)	K2	CO1
	11.b.	Explain the concept of social justice and its importance in social work.		
2	12.a.	Apply community development approaches to improve the living standards in tribal areas. (OR)	K3	CO2
	12.b.	Practice social work methods in handling issues at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels.		
3	13.a.	Distinguish between paradigm, perspective, and practice model in social work. (OR)	K4	CO3
	13.b.	Compare systems theory and social learning theory in understanding client behaviour.		
4	14.a.	Evaluate the contribution of Raja Ram Mohan Roy to social reform in India. (OR)	K5	CO4
	14.b.	Criticize Vinoba Bhave's Bhoojan Movement in the context of rural development.		
5	15.a.	Critically assess the development of social work education in India since independence. (OR)	K5	CO5
	15.b.	Judge the effectiveness of self-care practices in preventing burnout among social workers.		

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Differentiate between social welfare, social service, and social reform.	K2	CO1
2	17	Apply the methods of social work in addressing issues of family conflict.	K3	CO2
3	18	Analyze the integrated social work model and developmental model in community-based practice.	K4	CO3
4	19	Assess Dr. B.R. Ambedkar's role in shaping social justice and constitutional safeguards in India.	K5	CO4
5	20	Create strategies to address the key problems faced by the social work profession in India.	K6	CO5