

**PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025**  
**(Second Semester)**

## Branch - PSYCHOLOGY

## **DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY - II**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

### **SECTION-A (10 Marks)**

**Answer ALL questions**

**ALL questions carry EQUAL marks**

$$(10 \times 1 = 10)$$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	In the context of physical development in adolescence, which one of the following statements describe maturation? i The process typically takes about 4 years for both genders. ii Physical changes in both boys and girls during puberty include the adolescent growth spurt. a) Neither I or ii    b) b. only ii    c) c. only I    d) d. both I and ii	K1	CO1
	2	What does the menarche, a significant event in female puberty, refers to ? a) The first occurrence of ovulation b) The first ejaculation in males c) The onset of menstruation    d) The growth of axillary hair	K2	CO1
2	3	Which term best describes the ability to think about abstract concepts, logical arguments and form hypotheses, which emerges in adolescence? a) Concrete operational though    b) Object permanence c) Intuitive though                d) Formal operational thought	K1	CO2
	4	What causes identity crisis and poor self esteem during adolescent? a) Early experiences            b) Developmental disorders c) Negativism                    d) Underachievement	K2	CO2
3	5	Which of the following is a primary developmental task of early adulthood according to Erikson's theory? a) Developing industry vs inferiority b) Establishing identity vs role confusion c) Forming intimacy vs isolation d) Achieving generativity vs stagnation	K1	CO2
	6	When an adult who is more possessive and demands closeness he is said to possess one of the attachment styles a) Avoidance attachment        b) Interactive attachment c) Anxious attachment            d) Secure attachment	K2	CO3
4	7	What affects Social and emotional well – being in young adulthood? a) Establishing a career b) Establishing first serious relationships c) Increasing responsibility and independence d) All of the above	K1	CO3
	8	The “empty nest syndrome” is a term used to describe a period of potential sadness or loss experienced by parents after their children a) Become independent and move out b) Start school for the first times c) Go through puberty    d) Are diagnosed with a chronic illness	K2	CO4
5	9	Which theory describes the final stage of life, marked by the successful resolution of the conflict between ego integrity vs despair? a) Piaget's theory of cognitive development b) Vygotsky's sociocultural theory c) Erikson's psychosocial theory d) Kohlberg's theory of Moral development	K1	CO4

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	10	Which type of memory tends to be relatively well preserved in older adults, despite potential declines in other areas? a) Episodic memory b) Semantic memory c) Prospective memory d) Working memory	K2	CO5
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**SECTION - B (35 Marks)**

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Identify the role of hormones on the physical changes during puberty.  (OR)	K2	CO1
	11.b.	Outline your reasoning and observations for happiness experienced during early adolescence.		
2	12.a.	Analyze the emotional development during adolescence and explain how it influences decision making and risk - taking behaviour. Give examples from real life observations.  (OR)	K4	CO2
	12.b.	Explain the impact of social media, culture and family factors that influences sexual attitudes and behaviour during adolescent period. Reflect on its consequences.		
3	13.a.	Examine the key developmental tasks during early adulthood and explain how these tasks influence an individual's identity formation.  (OR)	K3	CO4
	13.b.	Examine the psychological factors that contribute to the marital satisfaction in early adulthood.		
4	14.a.	Discuss the psychological and social factors that contribute to mid life crisis occurrence.  (OR)	K3	CO3
	14.b.	Apply your understanding of middle age life stage issues and point out the psychological and economic challenges of adjustment during this stage.		
5	15.a.	Identify the major biological changes associated with the aging process and explain how they affect daily functioning.  (OR)	K4	CO5
	15.b.	Analyse the impact of technology use on cognitive and emotional well-being in older adults.		

**SECTION - C (30 Marks)**

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Evaluate the psychological impact of early vs late onset of puberty in boy and girls.	K5	CO1
2	17	A 15-year-old frequently argues with parents about independence. Apply Erikson's stage of identity vs role confusion to explain this conflict.	K4	CO2
3	18	Evaluate the influence of career development on psychological well-being in early adulthood.	K5	CO3
4	19	Compare the psychological consequences of single parenthood due to divorce vs widowhood in middle age	K4	CO4
5	20	Identify on the various physical decline and cognitive changes in shaping the experience of aging. What role do younger generation can do to help the aging process of their parents	K4	CO5