

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE.
(AUTONOMOUS)
BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(Third Semester)

Branch - PSYCHOLOGY

SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	The scientific field that seeks to understand the nature and causes of individual behaviour and thought in social situations is called a. Evolutionary psychology b. Social psychology c. Sociology d. Social work	K1	CO1
	2	Which among these requires Careful observation of behaviour as it occurs? a. Systematic observation b. Non-systematic observation c. Simple observation d. Simulative observation	K2	CO1
2	3	The process through which we seek to know and understand other people is called a. Social cognition b. Social perception c. Social influence d. Social identity	K1	CO2
	4	Mental structures people use to organise their knowledge about the social world around themes or subjects are called a. Structures b. Stings c. Streams d. Schemes	K2	CO2
3	5	_____ is the influence based on desire to be liked or accepted by other people. a. Normative social influence b. Informative social influence c. Conformity d. Social validation	K1	CO3
	6	_____ occurs when a person's emotions, opinions or behaviors are affected by others intentionally or unintentionally. a. Social support b. Social loafing c. Social influence d. Social identity	K2	CO3
4	7	A style characterized by high self-esteem and high interpersonal trust is called a. Secure attachment style b. Fearful-avoidant attachment style c. Preoccupied attachment style d. Dismissing attachment style	K1	CO4
	8	"Birds of the same feather flock together" is an expression for a. Proximity b. Similarity c. Mutual liking d. Appearance	K2	CO4
5	9	_____ is the need to belong to the group that we are attracted to a. Cohesiveness b. Conformity c. Social influence d. Symbolic social influence	K1	CO5

Cont...

5	10	People's tendency to put forward less effort when they are working in a group as opposed to when they are working alone, is called a. Social gathering b. Social norms c. Group cooperation d. Social loafing	K2	5
---	----	---	----	---

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	<i>Social Psychology Seeks to Understand the Causes of Social Behaviour and Thought</i> – Build upon your justification based on this idea.	K3	CO1
		(OR)		
	11.b.	What are the applications of experimental methods in Social Psychology?		
2	12.a.	Briefly identify the nature and origins of Prejudice.	K3	CO2
		(OR)		
	12.b.	Discover the various sources of errors in social cognition.		
3	13.a.	Illustrate with suitable instances, the Downside of group decision making.	K4	CO3
		(OR)		
	13.b.	Evaluate the role of attitudes influencing behavior.		
4	14.a.	What is interpersonal attraction? Outline the immediate determinants of interpersonal attraction.	K4	CO4
		(OR)		
	14.b.	How and why do some people help more than others at the cost of risking their own lives?		
5	15.a.	Assess and analyse the nature and characteristics of Group cooperation.	K5	CO5
		(OR)		
	15.b.	Summarise the role of leadership in group setting.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Critically analyse Social psychology with its related disciplines.	K4	CO1
2	17	Compare and contrast the basic models of social thought.	K4	CO2
3	18	Explain the nature and process of Decision making by groups.	K4	CO3
4	19	Evaluate the different styles of attachment owing to interpersonal relationships.	K5	CO4
5	20	Summarise the importance of Social Psychology to the field of Health.	K5	CO5

Z-Z-Z END