

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(First Semester)

Branch - PSYCHOLOGY

GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY - I

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	Which of the following best describes the introspection method in early experimental psychology? a) Observing external behaviour and inferring mental states b) Examining one's own conscious thoughts and sensations c) Comparing behaviour across groups under different treatments d) Measuring physiological responses and correlating with behaviour	K1	CO1
	2	In forensic psychology, one of the primary tasks is to assess whether a defendant is competent to stand trial. What does this assessment evaluate? a) Whether the defendant committed the crime or not b) Whether the defendant understands the nature of the legal proceedings and can participate in their own defence c) Whether the defendant will re-offend after release d) Whether the defendant has a mental disorder	K2	CO1
2	3	Which of the following statements is correct? a) An illusion involves perceiving something that isn't actually there, while ESP refers to perceiving events without the use of our normal senses. b) An illusion is the same as ESP because both involve paranormal abilities. c) ESP is the misinterpretation of a real stimulus, whereas an illusion is perception without any stimulus. d) Both illusion and ESP require the involvement of physical senses to occur.	K1	CO2
	4	The vestibular sense primarily allows a person to: a) Detect colours in low-light conditions b) Sense the position and movement of their body in space and maintain balance c) Smell changes in the environment d) Hear high-frequency sounds	K2	CO2
3	5	The term "biological rhythm" refers to a) A one-time change in an organism's behaviour b) Repeated periodic fluctuations in physiological or psychological functions in an organism c) The random variation in behaviour due to environment d) A learned habit that becomes automatic	K1	CO3
	6	Which of the following best describes hypnosis? a) A totally unconscious state where the subject has no awareness of what's happening b) A form of deep sleep initiated by a hypnotist c) An automatic behaviour triggered without the subject's willingness d) state of consciousness with focused attention, reduced peripheral awareness, and increased receptiveness to suggestion	K2	CO3
4	7	According to Bandura's Social Learning Theory, which of the following must occur for observational learning to take place? a) The observer must be physically reinforced immediately b) The observer must pay attention to the model's behaviour c) The observer must already have performed the behaviour at least once d) The observer must be in a group setting	K1	CO4
	8	Latent learning is best described as a) Learning that always requires immediate reinforcement to appear b) Learning that occurs without reinforcement and is not demonstrated until later when a motivation arises c) Learning by observing others' behaviour and immediately copying it d) Learning that involves punishment to shape behaviour	K2	CO4
5	9	A "flashbulb memory" is best defined as a memory that is a) Weak and easily forgotten over time b) A routine daily memory of ordinary events c) A memory formed only during sleep d) A vivid, detailed memory of the circumstances in which one first learned about a surprising and emotional event	K1	CO5

Cont...

	10	Which factor is known to reduce the accuracy of eyewitness testimony? a) Asking the witness to recall the event soon after it occurs b) Using open-ended, non-leading questions c) High stress or anxiety during the event d) Allowing the witness to speak freely without interruption	K2	CO5
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SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Explain various applied psychology branches. (OR)	K2	CO1
	11.b.	Throw light on the perspective in Psychology which focused on the impact of the Unconscious mind on shaping personality.		
2	12.a.	Explain Perceptual Constancies. (OR)	K1	CO2
	12.b.	Explain depth perception in detail.		
3	13.a.	Discuss the various stages of sleep and its related disorders. (OR)	K1	CO3
	13.b.	Explain Deutsch's theory of attention.		
4	14.a.	Discuss various schedules of Reinforcement. (OR)	K2	CO4
	14.b.	Explain the Principles of Classical Conditioning.		
5	15.a.	Explain the causes of forgetting in human memory. (OR)	K2	CO5
	15.b.	Write a note on various types of memory.		

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Discuss various methods of Psychology.	K1	CO1
2	17	Describe the structure and functions of the following: A. Vision. B. Audition	K2	CO2
3	18	List and explain the impact of Psycho active drugs.	K1	CO3
4	19	Explain in detail Operant Conditioning theory.	K2	CO4
5	20	Discuss Information processing approach to memory.	K1	CO5

Z-Z-Z

END