

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(First Semester)

Branch – **COMMERCE (BUSINESS ANALYTICS)**

MATHEMATICAL TECHNIQUES FOR BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks

$$(10 \times 1 = 10)$$

Cont...

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Find the sum to n terms of the series $3, 2, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{8}{9}, \dots$ (OR)	K3	CO1
	11.b.	Find the simple interest on Rs.5,000 at 10% for 3 years. Find also the amount.		
2	12.a.	Show that matrix multiplication is not commutative, for the following matrices $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (OR)	K4	CO2
	12.b.	Find the adjoint of $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.		
3	13.a.	Find the condition for the lines $ax + by + c = 0$ and $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$ to be parallel. (OR)	K4	CO3
	13.b.	Find the equation of the circle with center at $(2, -3)$ and radius 5.		
4	14.a.	If $x = a \cos\theta, y = b \sin\theta$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (OR)	K3	CO4
	14.b.	The total cost in Rs. of output x is given by $c = \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{35}{2}$. Find a cost when output is 4 units.		
5	15.a.	Evaluate $\int \frac{x^3}{(x^2 + 1)^3} dx$. (OR)	K4	CO5
	15.b.	Evaluate $\int_0^1 x(1+x) dx$.		

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	On what sum of money will be the difference between the simple interest and the compound interest for 2 years at 5% per annum be equal to Rs. 50?	K3	CO1
2	17	A company is considering which of the three methods of production it should use to produce three goods A, B and C. The amount of each good produced by each method is show in the matrix. Method 1 $\begin{bmatrix} A & B & C \\ 4 & 8 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ Method 2 $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Method 3 $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ The vector (or row matrix) $(10, 4, 6)$ represents the profit per unit for the goods A, B and C in order using matrix multiplication. Find which method maximize the total profit.	K4	CO2
3	18	Show that the lines represented by $x^2 - 5xy + 6y^2 = 0$ are perpendicular or not.	K5	CO3
4	19	Differentiate with respect to x if $\frac{2 \log x}{x}$.	K2	CO4
5	20	A company's marginal cost function is $Mc(x) = 3x^2 + 2x + 5$ where $x = \text{units produced}$. Find the total cost function if fixed cost is Rs.100.	K5	CO5