

**PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**MCom(CS) DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025  
(First Semester)**

**Branch – CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP**

**GENERAL LAWS AND PROCEDURES**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

**SECTION-A (10 Marks)**

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	Who is the constitutional head of the state government? a) Chief Minister of the State b) High Court judge c) Governor d) Health Minister of the State	K1	CO1
	2	Habeas Corpus is associated with which of the given part of the Indian Constitution a) Preamble b) Fundamental Rights c) Directive Principles of State Policy d) Fundamental Duties	K2	CO1
2	3	Interpretation of statute should not be given a meaning which would make other _____ provisions a) In effective      b) Redundant c) Dominant      d) Case study	K1	CO2
	4	The term Resjudicata means a) Further Proceeding b) A matter already adjudicated c) Stay of proceeding d) Bar the proceeding	K2	CO2
3	5	A lease of immovable property from year to year is terminable, on the part of either lesser or lessee by giving a notice of _____ days a) 30 days      b) 60 days c) 3 months      d) 6 months	K1	CO3
	6	Which of the following circumstances stamp duty as per Indian Stamp Act cannot be refunded a) Stamp required for use b) Stamps used in excess of the value required c) Spoiled stamps d) Misused Stamps	K2	CO3
4	7	The term taking cognitions under the provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 means a) starting a trial b) completing preliminary requirements for starting a criminal trial c) taking notice of the matter judicially d) An administrative action to decide if criminal trial is required	K1	CO4
	8	Indian Evidence Act was drafted by a) Lord Macaulay      b) Sir James F. Stephen c) Huxley      d) Sir Henry summer Maine	K2	CO4

Cont...

5	9	Right to Information Act 2005 commenced on a)12.9.2025 b) 12.10.2005 c)12.12.2005 d)12.11.2005	K1	CO5
	10	The Act which, provides legal Framework for E- governance in India a)Constitution of India b) Indian Penal Code c) IT Act 2000 d) Right to Information Act	K2	CO5

**SECTION - B (35 Marks)**

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	The Constitution of India is “federal in character but with unitary features “Comment.	K2	CO1
	(OR)			
	11.b.	Briefly explain the types of writs under constitution.		
2	12.a.	Identify the need for interpretation of statutes.	K3	CO2
	(OR)			
	12.b.	State the procedure to issue summons by court under The Code of Civil Procedure.		
3	13.a.	List the powers of the court to pass sentences under The Code of Criminal Procedure.	K4	CO3
	(OR)			
	13.b.	Explain the various modes can be admitted as relevant facts.		
4	14.a.	List the difference between vested interest and conditioned interest.	K5	CO4
	(OR)			
	14.b.	Discuss the consequences of Non Stamping.		
5	15.a.	State the objects of the Right to Information Act 2005.	K5	CO5
	(OR)			
	15.b.	Examine the functions of controller under Information Technology Act 2000.		

**SECTION -C (30 Marks)**

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Explain the fundamental rights listed in Indian Constitution.	K2	CO1
2	17	“External aids of interpretation of statutes have to be used with great caution and sparingly too” Comment.	K3	CO2
3	18	Classify the procedure relating to arrest of person under different situations.	K4	CO3
4	19	Explain the provisions given under section 58 to 104 of Transfer of Properties Act relating to mortgages.	K5	CO4
5	20	Discuss about the Central Information Commission.	K5	CO5