

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(First Semester)

Branch - CHEMISTRY

ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM AND STEREOCHEMISTRY

Time: Three Hours

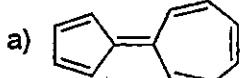
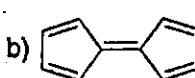
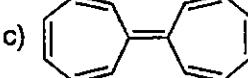
Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	<i>N,N</i> ,2,6-Tetramethyl aniline does not couple with diazonium salt, due to a) Hyperconjugation b) Resonance effect c) Inductive effect d) Steric inhibition of resonance	K1	CO1
	2	Among the following compounds, which is more acidic in nature? a) Benzoic acid b) <i>o</i> -Hydroxy benzoic acid c) <i>m</i> -Hydroxy benzoic acid d) <i>p</i> -Hydroxy benzoic acid	K2	CO1
2	3	Which one of these is aromatic? a)  b)  c)  d) 	K1	CO2
	4	Cyclo-octatetraene is an example for a) Aromatic b) Non-aromatic c) Anti-aromatic d) Homo-aromatic	K2	CO2
3	5	Which of the following electrophilic substitution proceed very rapidly at bridge head carbons? a) SE2 (back) b) SE2(front) c) SEi d) SE1	K1	CO3
	6	Nitration of <i>p</i> -bromotoluene leads to formation of a) 2-nitro-4-bromotoluene b) 4-nitro-4-bromotoluene c) 3-nitro-4-bromotoluene d) 2,3-dinitro-4-bromotoluene	K2	CO3
4	7	When acyl azide is heated with phenol gives a) urethane b) Amine c) Substituted urea d) Amide	K1	CO4
	8	The major product in Favorskii rearrangement of α -haloketone with NaOH is a) Ester b) Carboxylic acid c) β -OH ester d) Amine	K2	CO4
5	9	Which one of the following compounds does not show geometrical isomerism? a) 2,3-dichloro-2-butene b) 1,1-dichloro-2-butene c) 1,2-dichloro-2-butene d) 1,1-dichloro-1-butene	K1	CO5
	10	Ring flip of trans 1,2-dimethylcyclohexane generates a) Enantiomers b) Diastereomers c) Homomers d) same isomer	K2	CO5

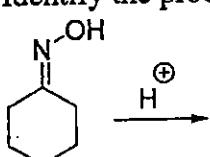
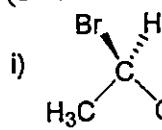
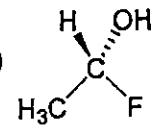
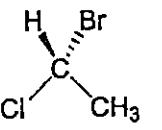
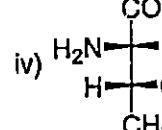
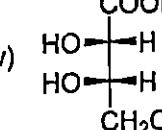
SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Explain how nature of the products & its proportions, and intermediates are useful in the determination of reaction mechanism? (OR)	K3	CO1
	11.b.	What is primary and secondary kinetic isotopic effect? Explain with any one example.		

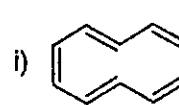
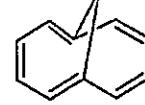
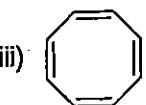
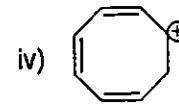
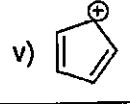
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2	12.a.	Illustrate the Frost-musulin diagram to evaluate aromatic character.	K4	CO2		
	(OR)					
3	12.b.	What is craig's rule? Explain the aromatic character of pentalene and azulene by using it.	K4	CO3		
	13.a.	How enamines are prepared? Explain the mechanism and reactivity of 1° -, 2° -, & 3° -alkyl halides in Stork-Enamine reactions.				
4	13.b.	Explain the role of pH in diazonium coupling reactions of phenols and anilines.	K4	CO4		
	14.a.	Identify the product with proper mechanism. 				
5	(OR)					
	14.b.	Discuss the mechanism of Baeyer-Villiger rearrangement with migratory aptitudes.	K4	CO5		
15.a.	Assign the R/S configuration for the following compounds. (1+1+1+2+2)					
	i)		ii)		iii)	
15.b.	iv)		v)		(OR)	
	Discuss the stereochemistry of biphenyl, spirane and oximes compounds.					

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Derive Hammett equation and explain the physical significance of σ and ρ with example.	K4	CO1
2	17	Label the following compounds as aromatic, non-aromatic, homoaromatic and antiaromatic with reason. i)  ii)  iii)  iv)  v) 	K5	CO2
3	18	Discuss any two formylation reaction with mechanism.	K4	CO3
4	19	Discuss the mechanism of Hoffman and Fries rearrangement and explain whether they are follow inter or intramolecular mechanism.	K4	CO4
5	20	Discuss conformational analysis of disubstituted cycloalkanes in detail.	K5	CO5