

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025
(First Semester)

Branch - **APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY**

ADVANCED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	_____ is the belief that we can achieve a goal as a result of our own actions a. Self-efficacy b. Self-control c. Self esteem d. Self-concept	K1	CO1
	2	A theory concerned with consequences of perceiving ourselves as a member of a social group and identifying with it is called a. Realistic conflict theory b. Social identity theory c. In-group identity model d. Out-group identity model	K2	CO1
2	3	Drive theory of Social facilitation was propounded by a. Cottrell b. Norton c. Newson d. Zajonc	K1	CO2
	4	A theory suggesting that social facilitation stems from the conflict produced when individuals attempt, simultaneously, to pay attention to the other people present and to the task being performed is explained by a. Drive theory b. Evaluation apprehension theory c. Distraction conflict theory d. Social Inhibition theory	K2	CO2
3	5	_____ according to Turner, is a cognitive process where the self is viewed just as a representative of the ingroup prototype and not as a unique individual a. Deindividuation b. Depersonalization c. Self-categorisation d. Accentuation	K1	CO3
	6	Experimental procedures designed to create groups with no interaction within or between them, and with no knowledge of who else belongs to each group, whose members show intergroup discrimination is known as a. Ethnocentrism b. Minimal group paradigm c. Summer camp studies d. Self categorisation	K2	CO3
4	7	Behaviour that is directed toward the goal of harming another living being who is motivated to avoid such treatment is called a. Assertion b. Submission c. Aggression d. Compliance	K1	CO4
	8	A pattern consisting primarily of high levels of competitiveness, time urgency & hostility is referred as a. Type A behavior pattern b. Type B behavior pattern c. Type C behavior pattern d. Type D behavior pattern	K2	CO4

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5	9	The greater the number of bystanders who witness an emergency, the less likely anyone of them is to help is referred as a. Bystander effect b. Bypasser effect c. Bygone effect d. Bylaws effect	K1	CO5
	10	The suggestion that some prosocial acts are motivated solely by the desire to help someone in need is called a. Empathy-altruism hypothesis b. Negative-state relief model c. Empathic joy hypothesis d. Defensive helping	K2	CO5

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Indicate with suitable examples whether men and women differ in their levels of self-esteem.	K1	CO1
	(OR)			
	11.b.	Recall your knowledge about Social Identity theory and write in brief.		
2	12.a.	Describe the applications of the process of Decision making in Groups.	K3	CO2
	(OR)			
	12.b.	Determine the benefits & costs of joining a group.		
3	13.a.	Analyse the theory of personal & social identities, laying out its strengths & limitations.	K4	CO3
	(OR)			
	13.b.	Explain the various psychological processes that guide the intergroup behavior.		
4	14.a.	Validate clearly, about the causes and consequences of bullying.	K5	CO4
	(OR)			
	14.b.	Summaries in short about the modern theories of Aggression.		
5	15.a.	Organise your ideas on Defensive Helping as helping outgroups to reduce their threat to one's ingroup.	K6	CO5
	(OR)			
	15.b.	Create your ideas on justifying empathy as an important foundation for helping.		

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Describe the various strategies for enhancement of the Self.	K2	CO1
2	17	Explain great person theory of leadership.	K4	CO2
3	18	How can intergroup conflict be reduced? What role does social categorization play in the reduction of prejudice?	K3	CO3
4	19	Design and develop instances for explaining the various social, cultural, personal, and situational causes of human aggression.	K6	CO4
5	20	Why do people help others? What are the motives for such prosocial behaviour? Explain.	K5	CO5