## PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

### MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025

(Fourth Semester)

#### **Branch- MATHEMATICS**

#### **CONTROL THEORY**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

#### SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Module	Question	ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10 ×	1 = 10	
No.	No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	1	$(e^{A})^{-1} =$ (a) $e^{A}$ (b) $e^{-A}$ (c) $e^{1}$ (d) $e^{-1}$	Kl	CO1
	2	If the system is observable at every $t \in I$ it is called  (a) convergent  (b) partially observable  (c) divergent  (d) completely obervable	K2	COI
2	3	The linear control system $\dot{x} = A(t)x + B(t)u$ is controllable on $[0,T]$ if for every pair of vectors $x_0, x_1 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , there is a control $u \in L_m^2[0,T]$ such that the solution $x(t)$ of $\dot{x} = A(t)x + B(t)u$ satisfies  (a) $x(1) = x_0$ and $x(T) = x_1$ (b) $x(0) = 0$ and $x(T) = x_1$ (c) $x(0) = x_0$ and $x(T) = x_1$ (d) $x(0) = 0$ and $x(T) = 0$	K1	CO2
	4	completely controllable if for every $x_0, x_1 \in R^n$ there exists a continuous control function $u(t)$ defined on $I$ such that the solution of the above equation satisfies  (a) $x(1) = x_0$ and $x(T) = x_1$ (b) $x(0) = 0$ and $x(T) = x_1$ (c) $x(0) = 0$ and $x(T) = 0$ (d) $x(0) = x_0$ and $x(T) = x_1$	K2	CO2
3	5	Eigen values of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ are  (a) One Positive, one Negative  (b) both are positive  (c) both are negative  (d) both are zero	K1	CO3
	6	The solution of $\phi(t)$ is called if it is not stable. (a) un stable (b) complete stable (c) strong stable (d) uniform stable	K2	CO3
	7	The system $x = Ax + Bu, x \in \mathbb{R}^n, u \in \mathbb{R}^m$ is called an  (a) open loop system  (b) closed loop system  (c) circuit loop system  (d) closed circuit loop system	K1	CO4
4	8	The linear time invariant control system $\underline{\dot{x}} = Ax + Bu, x \in \mathbb{R}^n, u \in \mathbb{R}^m$ is stabilizable if there exists an $m \times n$ Matrix $K$ such that $\underline{}$ is stability matrix.  (a) $A - BK$ (b) $A + BK$ (c) $AB - K$ (d) $AB + K$	K2	CO4
5	9	In the cost functional equation, $Q(t)$ is matrix  (a) an $m \times n$ symmetric positive semidefinite  (b) an $n \times n$ symmetric positive semidefinite  (c) an $n \times m$ symmetric positive semidefinite  (d) an $n \times n$ symmetric positive definite	K1	CO5
	10	$u(t) = G(t)x(t), t \in [0,T]$ , where $G(t)$ is an	K2	CO5

#### SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

		ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 7)$	= 35)	•
Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	11.a.	Solve the initial value problem $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x, x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$		-
		(OR)		
	11.b.	Organize: The constant coefficient system $\dot{x} = Ax$ , $\dot{y} = Hx$ is observable on an arbitrary interval $[0,T]$ if and only if for some $k$ , $0 < k \le n$ the rank of the observability matrix $rank\begin{bmatrix} H \\ HA \\ \vdots \\ HAk-1 \end{bmatrix} = n$	К3	CO1

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2	12.a.	Analyze: The system $\dot{x} = A(t)x + B(t)u$ is controllable on $[0, T]$ if and only if for each vector $x_1 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ there is a control $u \in L^2_m[0, T]$ which steers 0 to $x_1$ during $[0, T]$ .		CO2
	(OR)		┤ *``	002
	12.b.	Analyze: If rank $B = n$ then the system $x = Ax + Bu$ is controllable.	1	
	13.a.	Explain Gronwall's Inequality.		
3	(OR)			
		Explain: Let $X(t)$ be a fundamental matrix of the system $\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t)$ .	K2	CO3
	13.b.	Assume that there exists a constant $K > 0$ such that $\int_0^t   X(t,s)   ds \le K, t \ge 0$		
		then there exists a constant $M > 0$ such that $  X(t)   \le Me^{-\left(\frac{1}{K}\right)t}$ , $t \ge 0$ .		
4	- 14.a.	Suppose there are $m \times n$ matrices $K_1, K_2$ such that $(A + BK_1)$ and $-(A + BK_2)$ are stability matrices. Then examine the system $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu, x \in \mathbb{R}^n, u \in \mathbb{R}^m$ is controllable.	K4	CO4
	14.b.	(OR)		
			Prove that the linear control system $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$ is stabilizable if and only if after reduction to the form $A_2$ is a stability matrix.	
	15.a.	If $u(t) = -R^{-1}(t)B^*(t)K(t)x(t)$ , then construct that $J$ attains a local minimum.		
		(OR)	1	
ļ		Construct: For the continuous non linear system		
		$\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t) + B(t)u(t) + f(t,x(t))$ with quadratic performance criteria	K3	CO5
5		$J = \frac{1}{2}x^{*}(T)Fx(T) + \frac{1}{2}\int_{0}^{T} [x^{*}(t)Q(t)x(t) + u^{*}(t)R(t)u(t)]dt \text{ the optimal}$		
	15.b.	control exists if $  f(t,x)-f(t,y)   \le a  x-y  $ where a is positive constant, and is given by $u(x(t),t) = -R^{-1}(t)B^*(t)K(t)x(t) - R^{-1}(t)B^*(t)h(t,x)$ Where $K(t)$ satisfies the Riccati equation and		
		$h(t,x) = -[A^*(t) - K(t)B(t)R^{-1}(t)B^*(t)]h(t,x) - K(t)f(t,x(t))$ $h(T,x) = 0$		

# SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	со
1	16	Examine: The equation $\dot{x}(t) = f(t,x), x(t_0) = x_0$ has a unique solution defined on $[t_0, t_0 + h], h > 0$ if the function $f(t,x)$ is continuous in the strip $t_0 \le t \le t_0 + h,  x  < \infty$ and satisfies the Lipschitz condtion. $ f(t,x_1) - f(t,x_2)  \le K x_1 - x_2 $ Where $K > 0$ is a constant.	K4	CO1
2	17	Examine: Suppose the system $\dot{x} = A(t)x + B(t)u$ is completely controllable and the continuous function $f$ is bounded locally in $u$ (for $(t, x) \in I \times R^n$ ) and satisfies the following conditions  (i) $\lim_{ u  \to \infty} \frac{ f(t,x,u) }{ u } = 0$ uniformly in $(t,x) \in I \times R^n$ (ii) for each $r > 0$ there exists a constant $L$ such that for every $t \in I, x \in R^n$ , $ u  \le r$ we have $ f(t,x,u)  \le L x $ Then the system $\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t) + B(t)u(t) + f(t,x(t),u(t))$ is controllable.	K4	CO2
3	18	Examine: Let $X(t)$ be a fundamental matrix of $\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t)$ such that $\int_0^t   X(t,s)   ds \le K$ , $t \ge 0$ Where $K > 0$ is a constant. Further let $  f(t,x)   = \mu   x  $ with $0 \le \mu \le 1/K$ . 'Then the zero solution of $\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x + f(t,x)$ is asymptotically stable.	K4	CO3
4	19	Examine: If the system $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu, x \in \mathbb{R}^n, u \in \mathbb{R}^m$ is controllable, then it is stabilizable.	K4	CO4
5	20	Examine: Given the linear system $\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t) + B(t)u(t)  \text{and the cost functional}  J = \frac{1}{2}x^*(T)Fx(T) \\ + \frac{1}{2}\int_0^T [x^*(t)Q(t)x(t) + u^*(t)R(t)u(t)]dt  \text{there exists an optimal control of} \\ \text{the form } u(t) = -R^{-1}(t)B^*(t)K(t)x(t)  \text{Where } K(t) \text{ is the solution of the} \\ \text{matrix Riccati equation with } K(T) = F$	K4	CO5