PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025 (Fourth Semester)

Branch - HOSPITAL ADMINISTRATION

HEALTHCARE LAWS AND ETHICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks) Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

		ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10 × 1 - 10)	K	
Module No.	Question No.	Question	Level	СО
1	1	Under the Companies Act, a hospital can be registered as a) a sole proprietorship b) a charitable trust c) a private or public limited company d) none of the above	K1	CO1
	2	The Tamil Nadu Clinics Act primarily governs a) The registration and regulation of private clinics and hospitals b) The tax structure for healthcare institutions c) The salaries of doctors and nurses d) The import of medical equipment	K2	CO1
2	3	Under the Shops and Establishments Act, the maximum weekly working hours for an employee is a) 40 hours b) 48 hours c) 54 hours d) 60 hours	K1	CO2
	4	The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, primarily deals with a) Regulation of working hours b) Prevention and settlement of disputes between employers and employees c) Payment of bonuses to employees d) Fixing retirement age for workers	К2	CO2
3	5	According to the Code of Medical Ethics, doctors are required to a) Charge the highest possible consultation fee b) Avoid treating patients outside their specialization c) Refer patients when necessary for better treatment d) Share all patient information in public	K1	CO3
	6	The "Golden Hour" in emergency care refers to a) The first 60 minutes after a critical injury b) The first 24 hours after a major surgery c) The time taken for an ambulance to reach a patient d) The response time of a hospital emergency team	K2	CO3
4	7	The common symptoms of depression are a) Persistent sadness and hopelessness b) Increased energy and hyperactivity c) Frequent mood swings within seconds d) Excessive talking and socializing	K1	CO4
	8	The ALARA principle in radiation safety stands for a) As Low As Reasonably Achievable b) Atomic Level Advanced Radiation Application c) Authorized Limited Absorption of Radiation d) None of the above	K2	CO4
5	9	The primary purpose of medical jurisprudence is to a) Promote medical tourism b) Assist courts in medical-related cases c) Increase hospital revenue d) Provide financial compensation to doctors	K1	COS
	10	In India, CSR is legally mandated under section of the Companies Act, 2013. a) Section 125 b) Section 135 c) Section 150 d) Section 200	K2	CO:

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	со
1	11.a.	Illustrate the Tamil Nadu Clinics Act.	K2	
	(OR)			CO1
	11.b.	Explain the law of partnership.	K2	
2	12.a.	Construct the provisions related to ESI.	K3	
		(OR)		CO2
	12.b.	Identify the benefits of the employment exchanges.	K3	<u> </u>
3	13.a.	Construct the doctor's patient relationship.	K3	
		(OR)		CO3
	13.b.	Apply the law relating to medical malpractice.	K3	
4	14.a.	Analyze the legal issues in the death case.	K4	
		(OR)		CO4
	14.b.	Examine the radiation safety system.	K4_	
5	15.a.	Contrast the need for CSR.	K4	
		(OR)		CO5
	15.b.	Analyze the strategies for CSR.	K4	

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3\times10=30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Examine the laws related to medical practice with recent amendments.	K4	CO1
2	17	List the provisions related to the Industrial Employment Act.	K4	CO2
3	18	Explain the patients' rights and responsibilities under the Medical Council of India.	K5	CO3
4	19	Justify the clinical investigation.	K5	CO4
5	20	Discuss the challenges in the implementation of CSR.	K6	CO5