## PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

### MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025

(Second Semester)

## Branch - CLINICAL NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

#### **CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

#### SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Module	Question	Question	K Level	CO
No.	No.		TEAGI	
1		How many molecules of ATP were generated at the end of	K1	CO2
	1	glucose oxidation under aerobic condition?	K.	CO2
		1 27 -10		
	2	enzyme is responsible to catalyze exchange of		
		amino and keto group between amino and keto acids.	K2	CO3
		a) Kinases b) Oxygenases		
		c) Aminotransferases d) Dehydrogenases		
	3	The process of turning liquid oil into solid fat is known as		
2		b) Gamanification	K1	CO1
		a) Rancidity b) Saponification		
	L	c) Hydrolysis d) Hydrogenation	<u> </u>	
	Į	Which enzyme is responsible to catalyze a thiolytic cleavage		
	}	and gives acetyl CoA and acyl CoA?	ļ	ţ.
	4	a) Acyl CoA dehydrogenase	K2	CO2
		b) B-hydroxy acyl CoA dehydrogenase	İ	1
		c) Acetyl CoA acyltransferase (thiolase)	Ì	
		d) Enoyl CoA hydratase	ļ	
	5	Three dimensional arrangements of various atoms of the		
		protein molecules are known as	K1	CO1
		a) Primary structure b) Tertiary structure	ļ	Ì
3		c) Secondary structure d) Quaternary structure		<b></b> -
3	6	The metabolism of sodium is regulated by the	}	İ
		hormone.	K2	CO4
		a) Insulin b) Aldosterone	، د	
		c) PTH d) Somatostatin	<del></del>	<del></del>
4	7	enzyme separate the two strands of DNA during	! 	ŀ
		replication.	K1	CO2
		a) Gyrase b) Topoisomerase		
		c) Helicase d) DNA polymerase	<del></del>	
j	8	Nucleic acids are a polymer of nucleotide monomeric units.		
		Each nucleotide consists of	K2	CO1
		a) Base-sugar-OH b) Sugar-phosphate	•	
		c) Base-sugar-phosphate d) Base- sugar	<del></del> -	· · · ·
}	9	Grave's disease is due to		
		a) Hyperactivity of adrenal cortex	K1	CO1
5		b) Hyperactivity of thyroid gland	K1	
		c) Hyperactivity of adrenal gland		ł
		d) Hypoactivity of thyroid gland	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                      </del>
	10	Liver cirrhosis is mainly diagnosed by	K2	COI
		a) Blood test b) Physical examination	152	
		c) Liver biopsy d) SGOT	<b>⊥.</b> ——–	<u> </u>

#### SECTION - B (35 Marks)

# Answer ALL questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$ 

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	со
1	11.a.	Classify enzymes.		
	(OR)		K4	CO2
	11.b.	Outline the process of TCA cycle.	_	
2	12.a.	How will beta oxidation of fatty acid occur in the body?		
		(OR)	K3	CO4
	12.b.	List out the functions of plasma lipoprotein.		
3	13.a.	Summarize on acid base balance.		
	(OR)		K4	CO3
	13.b.	Illustrate urea formation with suitable diagram with its significance.		
4	14.a.	Demonstrate on protein biosynthesis.		
•		(OR)	K3	CO4
	14.b.	Define gene therapy. Explain the approaches to gene therapy.		
5	15.a.	Discuss in detail on liver function tests.		
		(OR)	K3	CO1
	15.b.	Explain the following tests (i) ECG; (ii) ECHO, (iii) MRI		

# SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3\times10=30)$ 

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	16	Explain the process of glycolysis.	К3	CO4
2	17	Discuss the following (i) biosynthesis of fatty acids; (ii) metabolism of ketone bodies.	K4	CO2
3	18	Elaborate on electron transport chain.	K4	CO2
4	19	List the steps involved in DNA replication with its explanation.	K3	CO3
5	20	Elaborate on thyroid function test.	К3	CO5