## PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

### **MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025**

(Second Semester)

#### Branch - APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

#### **CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

#### SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

| Module<br>No. | Question<br>No. | Question  | K<br>Level | СО  |
|---------------|-----------------|---|------------|-----|
| 1             | 1.              | Which of the following two are primary concerns in clinical psychology practice?  a) Diagnosis & Prevention b) Prevention & Treatment c) Assess & Diagnosis d) Diagnosis & Treatment  | K1         | COI |
|               | . 2             | Raja's therapist suggested him to focus on the present and try to find meaning and purpose of life. His therapist is adopted which of the following perspective for his therapy?  a) Humanistic b) Gestalt c) Existential d) Eclectic   | K2         | CO1 |
| 2             | 3               | A vivid dream-like experience that occur when falling asleep is known as:  a) Hypnapompic hallucination b) Déjà vu c) Visual hallucination d) Hypnagogic hallucination  | K1         | CO2 |
|               | 4               | Sara's mother intentionally induced physical illness on her daughter. This condition is known as:  a) Factitious disorder b) Munchausen's by proxy c) Munchausen syndrome d) Malingering  | K2         | CO2 |
| 3             | 5               | A sexual masochist uses plastic bag to deprive oxygen during masturbation to attain orgasm is known as:  a) Necrophilia b) Hypoxyphilia c) Voyeurism d) Hypoxia   | K1         | CO3 |
|               | 6               | Jenny wants to be a man because men at her company get promoted and women don't. How would gender identity be applied in Jenny's condition?  a) She doesn't have gender identity disorder  b) She has gender identity disorder  c) Jenny only will be diagnosed with GID depending on the duration she felt this way  d) She is a transgender | K2         | CO3 |
| 4             | 7               | Which of the following is a cause for phobia from psychoanalytic perspective?  a) Repressed super ego b) Repressed ego c) Repressed id impulses d) Suppressed emotions  | K1         | CO4 |
|               | 8               | In order to form a aversive conditioned response Henry is asked to imagine after taking drug he is facing upsetting or repulsive consequences. This is known as:  a) Covert habituation b) Inverted-desensitization c) Overt desensitization d) Covert desensitization  | K2         | CO4 |
| 5             | 9               | Sonu is experiencing night sweats, swollen lymph nodes, fever, loss of appetite, persistent diarrhea, painful skin rash, and white spots in her mouth. She is probably suffering from:  a) Cancer b) Hypertension c) HIV d) Diabetes  | K1         | CO5 |
|               | 10              | In contrast to people with acute illnesses, those with chronic illnesses are more likely to:  a) Develop a poor adherence b) Accept their physician's authority c) Comply with medical advice d) Be aware of their disease  | K2         | CO5 |

## SECTION - B (35 Marks)

# Answer ALL questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$ 

| Module<br>No. | Question<br>No. | Question   | K<br>Level | СО  |
|---------------|-----------------|--|------------|-----|
| 1             | 11.a.           | Summarize the characteristics and activities of a clinical psychologist.   |            |     |
|               | (OR)            |  | K2         | CO1 |
|               | 11.b.           | Outline the various interview methods used in clinical setting.  | ] ·        |     |
| 2             | 12.a.           | Apply the cognitive perspective in the development of delusion.  |            |     |
|               | (OR)            |  |            | CO2 |
|               | 12.b.           | Differentiate Bipolar I & II, cyclothymia, dysthymia with regard to its causes and symptoms.   | K3         |     |
| 3             | 13.a.           | Organize the bio-psycho-social causes and types of dissociative disorders with its clinical picture.   | К3         | CO3 |
|               |                 | (OR)   |            |     |
|               | 13.b.           | Explain the bio-psycho-social causes and symptoms of cluster B personality disorders.  |            |     |
|               | 14.a.           | Distinguish the clinical symptoms of eating disorders based on DSM 5 and specify the disorders to be ruled out before diagnosing eating disorders. | K4         |     |
| 4             | (OR)            |  |            | CO4 |
|               | 14.b.           | Examine the risk factors of suicide and classify the physical, emotional and behavioral symptoms of suicide.                                       |            |     |
| 5             | 15.a.           | Classify and explain the various chronic pain management techniques.   |            |     |
|               |                 | (OR)   |            |     |
|               | 15.b.           | List out the characteristics of mentally healthy person and mental health Act in India.  |            |     |

# SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3\times10=30)$ 

| Module<br>No. | Question<br>No. | Question  | K<br>Level | СО  |
|---------------|-----------------|---|------------|-----|
| 1             | 16              | Compare and contrast psychoanalytic and behaviorist perspective of maladaptive behavior.                      | K4         | CO1 |
| 2             | 17              | Analyze the causes and classify the clinical symptoms of somatoform disorders.                                | K4         | CO2 |
| 3             | 18              | Determine the causes and explain the symptoms of various types of male and female sexual dysfunction.         | K5         | CO3 |
| 4             | 19              | Categorize different forms of addictions with its clinical picture.   | K4         | CO4 |
| 5             | 20              | Explain the psychological effects of traumatic experiences and ways to coping with trauma related conditions. | K5         | CO5 |