PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025

(Second Semester)

Branch – MATHEMATICS WITH COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY OF 3D & VECTOR CALCULUS

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	1	The length of the perpendicular from the point (4,3,0) to the plane $2x + 3y + \sqrt{3}z + 3 = 0$ is (a) $\frac{1}{4}$ (b) 5 (c) $\frac{3}{4}$ (d) $\frac{1}{5}$	K1	·CO1
	2	Compare and find the angle between the planes $2x - y + z = 6 & x + y + 2z = 3$ from the following: (a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ (b) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (c) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (d) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ The shortest distance between the two lines $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{3}$ and	K2	CO1
2	.3	The shortest distance between the two lines $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{3}$ and $\frac{x}{-1} = \frac{y}{-4} = \frac{z}{7}$ is (a) $\sqrt{5}$ (b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ (c)0 (d) 1	K1	CO2
	4	The straight lines in space which are not coplanar are called (a) parallel lines (b) skew lines (c) perpendicular lines (d) intersecting lines	K2	CO2
3	. 5.	The equation of the tangent plane at $(0,0,1)$ to the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ is (a) $x = 0$	K1	CO3
	6	The plane section of a sphere is (a) a straight line (b) a plane (c) a circle (d) a sphere	K2	CO3
4	7	If $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{j}$ and C is the straight line joining the points (0,0) and (1,1) then $\int_{\mathbf{C}} \mathbf{r} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ is (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) -1 (d) 2	K1	CO4
	8	Infer and find the value of div curl f. (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) -1 (d) f	K2	CO4
5	·9	Stoke's theorem connects (a) line integral and double integral (b) line integral and surface integral (c) double integral and surface integral (d) surface integral and volume integral	K1	CO5
	10	The integral $\int_c F \cdot dr = \iint_s Curl F \cdot ds$ is called (a) Surface integral (b) Green's theorem (c) Stokes theorem (d) divergence theorem	K2	CO5

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SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions
ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5\times7=35)$

Module	Question	Question	K Level	со
No. 1	No	Infer and find the equation of the plane through the point $(1,-2,3)$ and the intersection of the planes $2x - y + 4z = 7 & x + 2y - 3z + 8 = 0$.		g01
	11.b.	Find the equation of the plane which passes through the point $(-1,3,2)$ and perpendicular to the two planes $x + $	K2	CO1
2	12.a.	$2y + 2z = 5 & 3x + 3y + 2z = 8.$ Infer and find the perpendicular distance from $P(3,9,-1)$ to the line $\frac{x+8}{-8} = \frac{y-31}{1} = \frac{z-13}{5}$.	K2	G00
	12.b.	(OR) Show that the shortest distance between the lines $\frac{x-3}{-1} = \frac{y-4}{2} = \frac{z+2}{1}$; $\frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y+7}{3} = \frac{z+2}{2}$ is $\sqrt{35}$.		CO2
3	13.a.	Infer and find the radius and centre of the sphere $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 - 2x + 4y + 2z = 15$.	K2	CO3
	13.b.	Interpret and find the equation of the sphere which has its centre at the point (6,-1,2) and touches the plane 2x-y+2z-2=0.		003
4	14.a.	Evaluate $\oint_C (3y - e^{\sin x}) dx + (7x + \sqrt{y^4 + 1}) dy$, where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.	K3	CO4
	14.b.	Evaluate $\int_C (2 + x^2 y) ds$, where C is the upper half of the unit circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.		
5	15.a.	Analyze the flux of the vector field $F(x, y, z) = zi + yj + xk$ across the unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.	K4	CO5
	15.b.	Examine a parametric representation for the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, $0 \le z \le 1$.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	16	Infer and find the equation of the plane passing through the points (2,-5,-3),(-2,-3,5) and (5,3,-3).	К2	CO1
2	17	Show that the lines $\frac{x+1}{-3} = \frac{y+10}{8} = \frac{z-1}{2}$; $\frac{x+3}{-4} = \frac{y+1}{7} = \frac{z-4}{1}$ are coplanar. Find also their point of intersection and the plane through them.	K2	CO2
3	18	Infer and find the equation of the sphere which passes through the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x - 4y = 0$, $x+2x+3z=8$ and touches the plane $4x+3y=25$.	K2	CO3
4	19	If $F(x, y, z) = y^2 i + (2xy + e^{3z})j + 3ye^{3z}k$, find a function f such that $\nabla f = F$.	K3	CO4
5	20	Evaluate the tangent plane to the surface with parametric equations $x = u^2$, $y = v^2$, $z = u + 2v$ at the point $(1,1,3)$.	K4	CO5