PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025

(Second Semester)

Branch - BIOCHEMISTRY

ENZYMOLOGY

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Module	Question	ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10 Question	K Level	СО
No	No	Which prosthetic groups get attached to the enzyme at the time of reaction a) cofactors b) coenzymes c) messengers d) inhibitors	K1	CO1
	2	c) messengers Show the enzyme which catalyzes the oxidation-reduction reaction a) Transaminase b) Glutamine synthetase c) Phosphofructokinase d) Oxidoreductase	K2	CO1
2	3	Name the enzyme involved in feedback inhibition a) Allosteric enzyme b) Holoenzyme c) Apoenzyme d) Co enzyme	K1	CO2
	4	Which of the following is INCORRECT for the lock-and-key model? a) It is used to describe the binding process b) The active site of the enzyme is complementary to the substrate c) It demonstrates enzyme-substrate complex d) The binding of the substrate produces a conformational change in enzyme	K2	CO2
3	5	Ki indicates a) Reaction velocity b) Competitive inhibition c) Denaturation of enzyme d) Temperature	K1	CO
	6	Line Weaver-Burk plot is also known as a) Double reciprocal plot b) Hanes-Woolf plot c) Fodio Hefstee plot d) Steady-state equation	K2	CO3
4	7	Which one of the following is used in most industrial enzyme production? a) Microorganisms b) Animal tissues	K1	CO4
	8	Which one of the following clinical condition does not show increase of amylase concentration? a) Diabetic ketoacidosis b) Cardiac failure c) Solivary gland disorder d) Ruptured ectopic pregnancy	K2	CO
5	9	Choose which one of the following technique is not ideal for immobilized cell free enzyme a) Physical bonding by flocculation b) Covalent surface bonding to surface carriers c) Physical entrapment by encapsulation d) Covalent chemical bonding by cross linking the precipitate	K1	СО
	10	Infer which one of the following technique has been formed by combining ELISA techniques with the biosensor a) calorimetric biosensor b) piezo-electric biosensor c) Immuno sensor d) potentiometric biosensor	K2	CO

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5\times7=35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	co
1	11.a.	Enlist the classification of Enzymes with suitable examples.		
	(OR)			CO1
	11.b.	Label the structure and functions of NAD+ and NADP+.		
	12.a.	Explain Isoenzymes with suitable example.		CO2
2		(OR)	K2	
	12.b.	Outline the mechanism of carboxypeptidase.		
	13.a.	Explain Line Weaver Burk blot.		-
3	(OR)		K2	CO3
	13.b.	Summarize testosterone and prostate cancer.		
	14.a.	Explain enzymes as antioxidant.		
4	(OR)		K2	CO4
	14.b.	Show the applications of enzymes in food, textile and leather industry.		
5	15.a.	Illustrate the components and applications of Optical Biosensor.		,
	(OR)		K2	CO5
	15.b.	Outline the role of enzymes in Bioremediation.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	со
1	16	Derive Michalis Mendel Equation.	К3	CO1
2	17	Explain Multi enzyme complex.	K2	CO2
3	18	Interpret the three types of Reversible Inhibitors.	K2	соз
4	19	Summarize the Industrial applications of enzymes.	К3	CO4
5	20	Illustrate the methods of Immobilization and its applications.	K2	CO5