PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BCom (CS) DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025 (Fourth Semester)

Branch - CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP

CORPORATE ACCOUNTING - I

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО			
	1	When preference shares are redeemed out of profits, which account is created? a) Capital Reserve b) General Reserve c) Capital Redemption Reserve d) Securities Premium Reserve	K1				
1	2	c) Premium amount must be credited to Securities Premium Reserve Account d) Premium amount is treated as revenue profit d) Premium amount is distributed as dividend					
	3	Profit prior to incorporation is treated as: a) Revenue Profit b) Capital Profit c) Deferred Revenue Expenditure d) Free Reserves	K1				
2	4	As per Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, which of the following is NOT apart of financial statements? a) Balance Sheet b) Profit & Loss Account c) Statement of Changes in Equity d) Auditor's Report	K2	CO2			
3	5	In an internal reconstruction, which account is created to adjust fictitious assets and losses? a) Goodwill Account b) Capital Reserve Account c) Profit & Loss Account d) Reconstruction Account	K 1	CO3			
	6	The balance arising from capital reduction is transferred to: a) Share Capital Account b) Securities Premium Account c) Capital Reduction Account d) Capital Reserve Account	K2	CO3			
4	7	As per AS 14, when two or more companies combine to form a new company, it is called: a) Amalgamation in the nature of merger b) Amalgamation in the nature of purchase c) Absorption d) External Reconstruction	K1	CO4			
	. 8	In case of absorption, which company ceases to exist?					
_	9	Goodwill is generally valued using which of the following methods? a) Average Profit Method b) Super Profit Method c) Capitalization Method d) All of the above	K 1				
5	10	Which of the following is NOT a method of share valuation? a) Net Asset Method b) Yield Method c) Super Profit Method d) Intrinsic Value Method	K2	CO5			

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	11.a.	Modern Fibers Ltd., has part of its share capital as 5,000 redeemable preference shares of Rs. 100 each. When the shares became due for redemption, the company decided that the whole amount will be redeemed out of a fresh issue of equal amount of equity shares of Rs. 10 each. Show the journal entries in the books of the company.	K1	CO1

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				(OR)				1 "			
	11.b.	follows: Rs. 25 on ap call, Rs. 30 on final of received with the exc	plication, leall, 1,800 eption of the	Rs. 35 on a shares wer first and fi	Rs. 100 each at a premi illotment (including pro- e applied for and allotted all calls on 200 shares and prepare balance sho	emium), Rated. All the held by R	s. 20 on first money was	K1	CO1		
2	12.a.	Pankajam Mills Ltd., was incorporated on 31stJuly 1977 to purchase the business of Hemalatha & Co., as on 1stApril 2020. The books of accounts disclosed the following on 31st march 2021. 1. Sales for the year Rs.32, 10,400 (1stApril to 31stJuly, 2020 Rs.8,02,600,1st July 2020 to 31st march 2021, Rs.24, 07,800) 2. Gross profit for the year Rs.4,12,800; managing director's salary Rs.12,000; Preliminary expenses written off Rs.18, 000. Company Secretary's salary Rs.58, 000. 3. Bad debts written off Rs.14, 890 (prior to 31stJuly Rs.4, 020, after 31stJuly Rs.10,870) 4. Depreciation on machinery Rs.25, 200: general expenses 51,000: advertising Rs.7, 400: interest on debentures Rs.20, 000. You are required to prepare a statement apportioning properly the net profit of the company as between (a) profits available for distribution (b) profits prior to incorporation.									
	12.b.	How to calculate man	•						ļ <u> </u>		
	13.a.	company decides to p	ay off Rs.2 r share to	0 per share Rs.60 per	00 each, Rs. 80 per she of the paid up capital share fully paid up by	and at the	same time to	К3	CO3		
3		(OR) Kay Limited has an issued capital of Rs. 5 lakh in 50,000 shares of Rs. 10 each, on which									
	13.b.	Rs. 8 per share has be	en called u	ip. The con	akh in 50,000 shares of npany now decides to r ing the unpaid amount	educe the	share capital	1			
4	14.a.	A Ltd takes over B Ltd and agrees to issue to shareholders of B Ltd. 10000 shares of Rs.10 each paid up but having a market value of Rs.15 each and 1000 debentures of Rs.100 each at a discount of 5% in B Ltd. B Ltd, Also has trade creditors of Rs. 100000. Find out the Purchase consideration.									
·	<u> </u>	·····		(OR)				·			
		Given below are the B which date the Compa Calculate Purchase C	nies were	amalgamat	id., and B Ltd., as on 33 and a new Company	st Decemb C Ltd., wa	er, in as formed.				
ı		Liabilities Liabilities	A	В	Assets	Assets A B	В				
			Ltd.,	Ltd.,		Ltd.,	Ltd.,				
		Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	7000	6000	Sundry fixed assets	8500	7000	K 4	CO4		
		Reserves	2000	4000	Sundry current assets	2,000	3000	124	CO4		
	14.b.	Sundry creditors & other liabilities	1500	1000	Miscellaneous expenses	-	1000				
		Total	10,500	11,000		10,500	11,000				
		It was agreed that Sundry Fixed Assets of A Ltd., would be valued at 71,000 and that of B Ltd., at Rs. 95,000. C Ltd., would issue the requisite number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each at 10% premium to discharge claim of the Equity Shareholders of A Ltd., & B Ltd., How many shares of C Ltd., should be issued to take over the business of the two merging Companies?									
5	15.a	A firm earned net profits during the last three years as follows: I year 36,000, II year 40,000, III year 44,000. The capital investment of the firm is Rs.1,00,000.A fair return on the capital, having regard to the risk involved, is 10%.Calculate the value of goodwill on the basis of three years purchase of super profit.									
	Con										

	(OR)		
15.b.	Average capital employed is Kausik Ltd. is Rs.35,00,000 where as net trading profit before tax for the last three years have been Rs.14,75,000;Rs.14,55,000 and Rs.15,25,000. In these three years, the managing director which was paid a salary of Rs.10,000 p.m. but now he would be paid a salary of Rs.12000 p.m. normal rate of return expected in the industry in which Kaushik Ltd. Is engaged is 18%. Rate of tax is 50%. Calculate goodwill on the basis of three years purchase of the super profits.	K5	CO5

SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question								
1	16	X Co. Ltd., issued 4,000 shares of The amount was payable as unde On application – Rs. 3 per share On allotment – Rs. 4 per share (in On first call – Rs. 3 per share On second call – Rs. 2 per share The company received application as under: (i) Applicants for 200 shares – No (ii) Applicants for 800 shares – For (iii) Applicants for 4,000 shares – All moneys were duly received exponsions of the shares of	K5	CO1						
2	17	on 300 shares. Pass journal entries and prepare balance sheet of X Co. Ltd., Flat Pvt Ltd was incorporated on Ist July 2015 to take over the running business of mr. sha with effect form Ist April 2015. Following in the information for the year ended 31st march 2016 was drawn up. To Commission 2625 By Gross Profit 98,000 To Advertisment 5250 By Bad Debt realised 500 To M.D Remuneration 9700 To Depreciation 2800 To Salaries 18000 To Insurance 600 To Rent & Tax 3000 To Bad Debts 1250 To Net Profit 54925 98500 Following details are available 1. The average monthly turnover from July 2015 onwards was double than that of the previous months 2. The rent for first 3 months was paid at 200 p.m and thereafter at a rate increased by Rs.50 p.m 3. Bad debts Rs.350 related to sale effect after Ist Sep 2015, and realization of bad debts was in respect of debts written off during 2013 4. Advertisement expenses were directly proportionate to the sales. You are required to find out profit prior to incorporation and state treatment								
3	18	Explain the procedure for reduction	on and re	corganization of capital			K6	CO3		

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		X Limited and Y land a new company 2 amalgamation bala	Z Company	Limited	forr	ned for tha	t purpose					
	ļ	Liabilities	X Co.,	Y Co	_	Assets X)	Y Co.	. 1		
		Equity share capital: shares of Rs. 10 each	5,00,000		_	Sundry asse		0,000	3,22,0	_		
		5% debentures	2,00,000	1,00,00		Free hold property	2,00	0,000	1,00,0	00		
		Reserve fund	_	50,00	_	nvestments	50	0,000	20,0	00		
		Profit and loss	30,000	20,00	_	Debtors		,000	1,50,0	_		
		account					·					1
		Mortgage loan	50,000		1	Preliminary expenses	2	0000	80	00		
4	19	Sundry creditors	2,20,000	1,30,00	0						K5	CO4
			10,00,000						6,00,0			
		The Purchase c										
}		Company Limited										}
		in Z Limited. 2. Tl									}	
		at a premium of rupees 2 per share of equity shares of										
	1		e purpose of amalgamation, the assets are to be revalued as under: Particulars X Co.,(Rs.) Y Co.,(Rs.)									
	İ	Goodw			0,00		75,000	(143.)	-			
		Sundry			0,00				-			
			d property	·			1,40,000					
•	1		nvestments		,000		20,000					
		Debtors	2,25,0		5,00							
		Opening journal ent	ries in the bo	oks of n	ew c	ompany and	i also bala	nce si	ieet.			
	 	On 31 st Dec .1998	The balance	sheet of	a lir	nited comp	any disclo	sed th	e follow	ing		
	[position.								_		
		Liabilities		Rs.		Assets	- -	Rs.]		
		Issued capital		8,00,00	0	Fixed asse			0,000	, ,]
		Profit and loss	<u>a/c</u>	40,000		Current as	ssets	4,00				1 1
	1	Reserves		1,80,00		Goodwill		80,0	00			i l
		5% debentures		2,00,00								ļ
5	20	Current liabilit	ies	2,60,00		 		14 9	0,000	1 1	K5	CO5
	i	On Dec. 31 1998,th	a fived accet	14,80,0		ndontly val	ned at Re			the		1 1
		goodwill at Rs 1	ic lixed asset I OO OOO The	net nro	idept ifits	for the th	ree vears	were	: 1996	5		}
		goodwill at Rs. 1,00,000. The net profits for the three years were: 1996 - Rs.1,03,200; 1997 - Rs.1,04,000 and 1998 - Rs.1,03,300 of which 20 % was placed						ced		[
	1	to reserve, this proportion being considered reasonable in the industry in which the							the		1	
		company is engaged and where a fair return on investment may be taken at 10 %							1 1			
	}		.compute the value of the company's share by (a) the net assets method and									
		(b) the yield methor	od.									
				77 E	-							

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