### 22COU204N/ 22COC204N/ 22COE204N/ 22AFU204N/ 22CRM204N/ 22FSU204N/ 22FTU204N/ 22BPU204N / 22CBI204N/ 22CRM204/ N19BPU04

### PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

### **BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025**

(Second Semester)

Common to Branches - COMMERCE/ COMMERCE (CA)/ e- COMMERCE/ COMMERCE (A&F)/ COMMERCE (RM)/ COMMERCE(FS)/ COMMERCE (FT)/ COMMERCE (BPS)/ **COMMERCE (B&I)** 

### FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING - II

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

### SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
	1	If the new partner brings his share of goodwill in cash, it will be shared by old partners in  a) Old profit sharing ratio b) New profit sharing ratio c) In capital ratio d) Ratio of sacrifice	<b>K</b> 1	CO1
1	2	If at the time of admission, some profit and loss account balance appears in the books, it will be transferred to  a) All partners' Capital Accounts b) Revaluation Account. c) Old partners' Capital Accounts d) Profit and Loss Adjustment Account	K2	CO1
	3	The gaining ratio is calculated when:  a) A partner joins the business b) A partner retires or dies c) The business incurs a loss d) There is no change in the partnership	K1	CO2
2	4	The balance in the revaluation account after the revaluation of assets and liabilities is transferred to:  a) Partners' capital accounts b) Profit and loss account c) Reserve account d) Goodwill account	K2	CO2
	5	On the death of a partner, the balance of his capital account is transferred to: a) Profit and loss account b) Remaining partners' capital accounts c) His legal heirs d) Revaluation account	K1	CO3
3	6	Which document determines the distribution of a deceased partner's share in a partnership?  a) Partnership deed b) Profit and loss account c) Revaluation account d) Goodwill account	K2	CO3
,	7	Dissolution of a partnership refers to: a) The end of the business entity b) Termination of partnership agreement between some or all partners c) The firm going bankrupt d) Admission of a new partner	K1	CO4
4	8	Which of the following leads to the dissolution of a partnership firm?  a) Change in profit-sharing ratio b) Retirement of a partner c) Insolvency of one or more partners d) Introduction of a new partner	K2	CO4
	9	Non-trading concerns are also referred to as:  a) Public sector enterprises b) Not-for-profit organizations c) Commercial enterprises d) Cooperative societies	K1	CO5
5	10	Which financial statement is prepared by non-trading concerns to ascertain the surplus or deficit?  a) Profit and loss account b) Income and expenditure account c) Trading account d) Balance sheet	K2	COS

#### SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

questions carry FOHAT. Marks

()	X	7	= 3	2)	
		_			

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	11.a.	Illustrate the factors affecting value of goodwill on admission of a new partner.	K2	CO1
		(OR)	Cont	

عربه و

## 22COU204N/ 22COC204N/ 22COE204N/ 22AFU204N/ 22CRM204N/ 22FSU204N/ 22FTU204N/ 22BPU204N / 22CBI204N/ 22CRM204/ N19BPU04

Cont...

sharing ratio among A, B and C is agreed to be 7: 5: 4 respectively. Pass necessary journal entries with regard to the admission.  12.a.  12.a.  12.a.  12.a.  12.a.  13.a.  13.a								Cont	
12.a. lond appear in the book, but it is agreed to be worth Rs.150,000. S relates from the furn and K and R decide to share profits in their old ratio of 3: 2. Pass Journal entry for goodwill.  (OR)  A, B and C are three partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5: 4: 3 respectively. C retires and the goodwill of the firm is valued at Rs 60,000. Assuming that A and B agree to stare future profits in the ratio of 7: 5 respectively. Pass an adjustment entry to credit retiring partner with his share of goodwill. Showing the calculations clearly.  A,B, C, D and E were partners in a firm sharing profit and losses in the ratio of 5: 43:32: I respectively. Unfortunately D and E met with an accident in which both of them died.  The goodwill of the firm was valued at Rs.75,000 and A, B and C decide to share the future profit and losses in the ratio of 4:65 respectively.  G(N)  Following is the Balance Sheet of Prateck, Rockey and Kushal as on March 31, 2022.  Liabilities Amount Assets Amount (7)  Sundry Creditors 16,000 Furniture 22,600  Capital Accounts: Stock 20,400  Prateck Sundry 22,000  Rockey 30,000 Pebtors  Rockey 30,000 Pebtors  Rockey 30,000 Rockey ided on June 30, 2022. Under the terms of the partnership deed, the executors of a deceased partner were entitled to: a) Amount standing to the credit of the Partner's Capital account: b) Interest on capital at 5% per anoun.  Share of goodwill on the basis of hast year's profit.  Profits for the year ending on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, were \$12,000, \$7,600 and \$14,600, respectively. Profits were shared in the ratio of capital.  Pass the necessary journal entries and draw up Rockey's capital account to be rendered to his executor:  P, Q and K share profits in proportion of \$\frac{2}{2}\$, \$\frac{1}{4}\$ and \$\frac{1}{4}\$. On the date of dissolution their Balance Sheet was as follows.  Liabilities Amount Assets Amount  Liabilities Amount Assets Amount  R 2- Capital 10,000  R 2- Capital 10,000  R 3- Capital 10,000  R 40,000  The assets realised Rs		11.b.	brings in Rs 70,000 sharing ratio amon	) as his capit g A, B and	al and Rs 48.000 a C is agreed to be	as goodwill. The e 7: 5: 4 respe	e new profit-	K2	COI
A. B and C are three partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5: 4: 3 respectively. C retires and the goodwill of the firm is valued at Rs 60,000. Assuming that A and B agree to share future profits in the ratio of 7: 5 respectively. Pass an adjustment entry to credit retirting partner with his share of goodwill. Showing the calculations clearly.		not appear in the book, but it is agreed to be worth Rs.150,000. S retires from the firm and K and R decide to share profits in their old ratio of 3: 2. Pass Journal							CO2
A.B. C. D and E were partners in a firm sharing profit and losses in the ratio of 5:4:3:2:1 respectively. Unfortunately D and E met with an accident in which both of them died.  The goodwill of the firm was valued at Rs.75,000 and A, B and C decide to share the future profit and losses in the ratio of 4:6:5 respectively.  Give Journal entries to record the above relating to goodwill.    Following is the Balance Sheet of Prateek, Rockey and Kushal as on March 31, 2022.    Liabilities	2	12.b.	retires and the goods agree to share future entry to credit retirin	partners shar will of the firm profits in the	ring profits in the ra n is valued at Rs 60 ratio of 7:5 respec	0,000. Assuming	that A and B	124	
Following is the Balance Sheet of Prateck, Rockey and Kushal as on March 31, 2022.    Liabilities	3	13.a.	A,B, C, D and E wer 5:4:3:2:1 respectivel of them died. The goodwill of the share the future profi	y, Unfortunat e firm was val it and losses i s to record the	tely D and E met wi lued at Rs.75,000 ar in the ratio of 4:6:5 to above relating to p	th an accident in nd A, B and C de respectively.	which both		\$71
Liabilities			Traffereine is the Delt			d Vuchel en en l	March 21		
Liabilities   Amount   Assets   Amount   (₹)	·		, –	ance Sneet of	rrateek, Kockey an	iu Kusnai as on i	vierch 31,		
Sundry Creditors 16,000 Bills Receivable  General Reserve 16,000 Furniture 22,600  Capital Accounts: Stock 20,400  Prateek 30,000 Debtors  Rockey 20,000  Kushal 20,000 70,000 Cash in Hand 3,000  L1,02,000 1,02,000  Rockey died on June 30, 2022. Under the terms of the partnership deed, the executors of a deceased partner were entitled to: a) Amount standing to the credit of the Partner's Capital account. b) Interest on capital at 5% per annum. c) Share of goodwill on the basis of twice the average of the past three years' profit. d) Share of profit from the closing date of the last financial year to the date of death on the basis of last year's profit. Profits for the year ending on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, were ₹ 12,000, ₹ 16,000 and ₹ 14,000, respectively. Profits were shared in the ratio of capital. Pass the necessary journal entries and draw up Rockey's capital account to be rendered to his executor.  P, Q and R share profits in proportion of ½, ¼ and ¼. On the date of dissolution their Balance Sheet was as follows.  Liabilities Amount Assets Amount Creditors I4,000 Sundry Assets 40,000 P's Capital 10,000 Q's Capital 10,000 Non Assets Amount The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses		.a.	Liabilities		Assets	ſ			
Capital Accounts:    Stock   20,400		`,	Sundry Creditors	16,000	Receivable				٠.
Prateek  30,000    Debtors     Rockey     20,000     Kushal   20,000     70,000     Cash at Bank   18,000     1,02,000     Rockey died on June 30, 2022. Under the terms of the partnership deed, the executors of a deceased partner were entitled to:   a) Amount standing to the credit of the Partner's Capital account.   b) Interest on capital at 5% per annum.   c) Share of goodwill on the basis of twice the average of the past three years' profit.   d) Share of profit from the closing date of the last financial year to the date of death on the basis of last year's profit.   Profits for the year ending on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, were ₹ 12,000, ₹ 16,000 and ₹ 14,000, respectively. Profits were shared in the ratio of capital.   Pass the necessary journal entries and draw up Rockey's capital account to be rendered to his executor.   P, Q and R share profits in proportion of ½ 1/4, and ¼ On the date of dissolution their Balance Sheet was as follows.    Liabilities   Amount   Assets   Amount   Creditors   14,000   Sundry Assets   40,000     P's Capital   10,000   Q's Capital   10,000   Q's Capital   10,000   Q's Capital   10,000   Q's Capital   10,000   Au,000   The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses			General Reserve	16,000	Furniture	22,600			
30,000   Debtors   Rockey   20,000   Cash at Bank   18,000			Capital Accounts:		Stock	20,400			
13.b.     20,000     Kushal   20,000   70,000   Cash in Hand   3,000     1,02,000     1,02,000     1,02,000     1,02,000     Rockey died on June 30, 2022. Under the terms of the partnership deed, the executors of a deceased partner were entitled to:   a) Amount standing to the credit of the Partner's Capital account.   b) Interest on capital at 5% per annum.   c) Share of goodwill on the basis of twice the average of the past three years' profit.   d) Share of profit from the closing date of the last financial year to the date of death on the basis of last year's profit.   Profits for the year ending on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, were ₹ 12,000, ₹ 16,000 and ₹ 14,000, respectively. Profits were shared in the ratio of capital.   Pass the necessary journal entries and draw up Rockey's capital account to be rendered to his executor.   P, Q and R share profits in proportion of ½, ¼ and ¼. On the date of dissolution their Balance Sheet was as follows.   Liabilities   Amount   Assets   Amount   Amount   Amount   R's Capital   10,000   R's Capital   10,000   R's Capital   10,000   Amount   A			30,000		Debtors			<b>K</b> 4	CO3
Rushal   20,000   70,000   Cash in Hand   3,000			i I	1	Cash at Bank	18,000			
Rockey died on June 30, 2022. Under the terms of the partnership deed, the executors of a deceased partner were entitled to:  a) Amount standing to the credit of the Partner's Capital account. b) Interest on capital at 5% per annum. c) Share of goodwill on the basis of twice the average of the past three years' profit. d) Share of profit from the closing date of the last financial year to the date of death on the basis of last year's profit. Profits for the year ending on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, were ₹ 12,000, ₹ 16,000 and ₹ 14,000, respectively. Profits were shared in the ratio of capital. Pass the necessary journal entries and draw up Rockey's capital account to be rendered to his executor.  P, Q and R share profits in proportion of ½, ¼ and ¼. On the date of dissolution their Balance Sheet was as follows.  Liabilities Amount Assets Amount Creditors 14,000 Sundry Assets 40,000  P's Capital 10,000 Q's Capital 10,000 Q's Capital 6,000 40,000  The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses		13.b.		70,000	Cash in Hand	3,000		•	
executors of a deceased partner were entitled to: a) Amount standing to the credit of the Partner's Capital account. b) Interest on capital at 5% per annum. c) Share of goodwill on the basis of twice the average of the past three years' profit. d) Share of profit from the closing date of the last financial year to the date of death on the basis of last year's profit. Profits for the year ending on March 31, 2020, March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2022, were ₹ 12,000, ₹ 16,000 and ₹ 14,000, respectively. Profits were shared in the ratio of capital. Pass the necessary journal entries and draw up Rockey's capital account to be rendered to his executor.  P, Q and R share profits in proportion of ½, ¼ and ¼. On the date of dissolution their Balance Sheet was as follows.  Liabilities Amount Assets Amount Creditors 14,000 Sundry Assets 40,000  P's Capital 10,000 Q's Capital 10,000 R's Capital 6,000 40,000  The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses									
their Balance Sheet was as follows.    Liabilities		·	executors of a deceas a) Amount standing t b) Interest on capital c) Share of goodwill profit. d) Share of profit from death on the basis of Profits for the year er 2022, were ₹ 12,000, the ratio of capital. Pass the necessary jo rendered to his execu	ted partner we to the credit of at 5% per and on the basis of the closing last year's produing on Marc. ₹ 16,000 and the curnal entries attor.	ere entitled to: If the Partner's Capinum. If twice the average date of the last fina ofit. It 14,000, respective and draw up Rockey	of the past three ancial year to the 31, 2021, and Movely. Profits were	date of  farch 31, e shared in  ant to be		
14.a.   Creditors   14,000   Sundry Assets   40,000			their Balance Sheet v	vas as follows			dissolution		
The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses	4 -	14.a.	Creditors 14 P's Capital 10 Q's Capital 10	1,000 0,000 0,000				<b>K5</b>	CO4
The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses						40,000	]		
1		The assets realised Rs. 35,500. Creditors were paid in full. Realisation expenses							
(OR)	Ì		<u> </u>	((	OR)				i

14.b.

15.a.

15.b.

5

100

required to show

subscription.

#### 22COU204N/ 22COC204N/ 22COE204N/ 22AFU204N/ 22CRM204N/ 22FSU204N/ 22FTU204N/ 22BPU204N / 22CBI204N/ 22CRM204/ N19BPU04 Cont...

75,000  75,000  C is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership.  The assets realized as follows:  Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500  Bills Receivable Rs.7,000  Stock Rs.16,000  Plant & Tools Rs.14,000  The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500							
Creditors 20000 Cash 6,000  Reserve Fund 15,000 Stock 20,000 A's Capital 25,000 Plants & Tools 20,,000 B's Capital 15,000 Sundry Debtors 10,000  Receivable C's Capital 9,000 Overdrawn 75,000  C is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. The assets realized as follows: Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500  Bills Receivable Rs.7,000  Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs.14,000 The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500	he following is the	Balance she	et of A, B and C as	s on December	31, 2023:		
Creditors 20000 Cash 6,000  Reserve Fund 15,000 Stock 20,000  A's Capital 25,000 Plants & Tools 20,,000  B's Capital 15,000 Sundry Debtors 10,000  Receivable C's 2,000 Plants 20,000  Receivable C's 2,000 Plants 3,000  C is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership.  Che assets realized as follows:  Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500  Bills Receivable Rs.7,000  Stock Rs.16,000  Plant & Tools Rs.14,000  The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500	Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount	,		
A's Capital 25,000 Plants & Tools 20,,000  B's Capital 15,000 Sundry Debtors 10,000  Bills 10,000  Receivable C's 2,000  Capital 9,000  Overdrawn 75,000  C is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership.  The assets realized as follows:  Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500  Bills Receivable Rs.7,000  Stock Rs.16,000  Plant & Tools Rs.14,000  The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500			Cash	6,000			
A's Capital 25,000 Plants & Tools 20,,000  B's Capital 15,000 Sundry Debtors 10,000  Bills 10,000  Receivable C's 2,000 Overdrawn 75,000  C is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. The assets realized as follows:  Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500  Bills Receivable Rs.7,000  Stock Rs.16,000  Plant & Tools Rs.14,000  The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500	Reserve Fund	15,000	Stock	20,000			
B's Capital 15,000 Sundry Debtors 10,000  Bills 10,000  Receivable C's 2,000  Capital 9,000  Overdrawn 75,000  Cis insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. The assets realized as follows:  Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500  Bills Receivable Rs.7,000  Stock Rs.16,000  Plant & Tools Rs.14,000  The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500		25,000	Plants & Tools	20,,000			
Bills 10,000 Receivable C's  Capital 9,000 Overdrawn 75,000  C is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. The assets realized as follows: Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500 Bills Receivable Rs.7,000 Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs.14,000 The cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500		15,000	Sundry Debtors	10,000			
Capital 9,000 Overdrawn 75,000 Tolor			Bills	10,000			
Overdrawn 75,000  is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. he assets realized as follows: Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500 Bills Receivable Rs.7,000 Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs.14,000 he cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500			Receivable C's			i	1
is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. the assets realized as follows: Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500 Bills Receivable Rs.7,000 Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs.14,000 the cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500			Capital	9,000			
is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. he assets realized as follows: Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500 Bills Receivable Rs.7,000 Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs.14,000 he cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500			Overdrawn			K5	co
is insolvent but his estate pays 2,000. It is decided to wind up the partnership. he assets realized as follows: Sundry Debtors Rs.7,500 Bills Receivable Rs.7,000 Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs.14,000 he cost of winding up came to Rs.2,500		75,000		75,000			}
ass necessary Journal entries to close the books of the firm taking the capitals as ixed.	The assets realized a Sundry Debtors F Bills Receivable Stock Rs.16,000 Plant & Tools Rs The cost of winding ass necessary Jour	as follows: Rs.7,500 Rs.7,000 .14,000 g up came to 1	Rs.2,500				

### SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions

Rs.7,000 towards the dues of the year 2022. On 31-12-2023, total subscription outstanding were Rs.12,000 and received in advance for 2024 Rs.6000. You are

(i) Subscription to be credited to Income and expenditure account. (ii) Extract from Balance Sheet of 2023 Showing the items relating to

Explain the advantages and Limitations of Accounting Standards.

(OR)

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

Module No.	Question No.	ALD quest		K Level	со			
1	_	The following was the Balance proportion of 6:5:4 respect  Liabilities Creditors  Bills payable General Reserve Capital Accounts: A 1,19,700 B 1,00,800 C 50,400	e Sheet of A,	Assets Land and Building Furniture Stock Debtors Cash at Bank	Amount 1,51,200 52,050 88,200 79,380 26,670	ses in the		CO
1	16	They agreed to take D into proceed to take D	nis capital. by Rs 2,760	and stock be depre	ciated by 10%		K2	CO1
,		(iii) Provision of Rs 3,960 be (iv) Value of land and buildin (v) Value of goodwill be fixed D's share of goodwill. (vi) That the capitals of A,B acurrent accounts.  Give the necessary journal enfirm.	gs be writtened at Rs. 28,00 and C be adjusted	up to Rs 1,95,300.  O and an adjustment of the days of the basis of	nt entry be pa	y opening	nt	

CO<sub>5</sub>

K5

## 22COU204N/ 22COC204N/ 22COE204N/ 22AFU204N/ 22CRM204N/ 22FSU204N/ 22FTU204N/ 22BPU204N / 22CBI204N/ 22CRM204/ N19BPU04 Cont...

.4	
2	
,	
-47	

2	17	L, M and N were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:2:1 respectively. On 1st April, 2012 L retired when his capital account showed a credit balance of Rs. 8,00,000. In the ledger, goodwill account appeared at Rs.1,00,000 but the partners agreed that the fair value of firm's goodwill on the abovementioned date was Rs 4,75,000.  Apart from capital of Rs. 8,00,000, the retiring partner's share of goodwill was also to be paid. Assuming that M and N continue to share profits in ratio of 2:1 respectively and L's capital account is immediately settled in cash. Pass necessary journal entries.  A, B and C were partners of a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4:3:3						
3	18	respectively.  Balance sheet of the  Liabilities  Capital Accounts  A 78,000  B 64,000  C 48,000  General Reserve  Creditors  The firm had taken a was charged to profit It was agreed between that:  (i) Goodwill of the fin (ii) Furniture, be writh (iii) In view of the proposition, with interest a in the beginning of the Policy money was recome to Rs 46,180.  The partners drawing A - Rs 18,000 (drawing B - Rs 24,000 (drawing C - Rs 20,000 (upto the proposition of the year	19,000 30,000 40,000 2,60,000  ioint life policy and loss accoursen the surviving the rate of 24 ten down by Rs of its of the firm at the rate of 24 ten development of the surviving the year from 1st ceived and the large accounts sland evenly over the evenly over the date of death and capital accourses.	Assets Furniture Stock Debtors Cash at Bank  for Rs. 1, 00, 000 th at. C died on 30th Se ag partners and the Rs. 60,000; 20,000; and afor the last two year % per annum, on the April, 2022 till the degal heirs were paid arch, 2023, after characteristics howed balances as une year) be year) ch 2023, profit and lounts of all the partners	Amount  1,30,000 78,000 30,000 22,000  2,60,000  2,60,000  2,60,000  1,000  2,60,000  2,60,000  1,00		CO3	
4	19	Liabilities Capital P R Reserve Fund Creditors  The Partnership anything in the payn	Amount  16,000 12,000 18,000 64,000 110,000  is dissolved due then of his debt	Assets  Machinery Furniture Debtors Cash at Bank Q's Capital  eto insolvency of Q's to the firm. Machine	Amount  40,000  16,000  40,000  8000  6000  1,10,000  who is unable to contribute ry realised Rs.30,000 and debtors. Creditors were paid a of the firm when the capitals	K2	CO4	

Page 5

# 22COU204N/ 22COC204N/ 22COE204N/ 22AFU204N/ 22CRM204N/ 22FSU204N/ 22FTU204N/ 22BPU204N / 22CBI204N/ 22CRM204/ N19BPU04 Cont...

- 1		ending 31st December	Recei	pts and Payment	<del></del>	ì	1
		Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amount	l	}
Ì		To Donation	50,000	By Pavilion office (Constructed)	40,000		ļ
		To Reserve fund (Life membership fees and entrance	4,000	By Expenses in connection with matches	900		
-		fee received)	8,000	By Furniture	2,100		}
		To Receipts from football matches Revenue Receipts	8,000	By Investment at cost	16,000		
Į		To subscription	5,200	Revenue Payments			
-		To Locker Rents	50	By salaries	1,800		}
		To Interest on	<u> </u>	By wages	600	K4	co:
- 1	20	Securities	1	By Insurance	350		
- 1		To Sundries	350		250		
ł			}	By Electricity	210		
				By Sundry Exp By Balance on hand	5,520	,	
			67,840		67,840		
		Additional informati (i) Subscriptions out (ii) Salaries unpaid f (iii) Wages unpaid f (iv) Outstanding bill (v) Donations receiv Prepare from the de 31-12-2023 and the					

Z-Z-Z END

