

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)
BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2025
(First Semester)

Branch - **NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATION**

STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions
ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

| Question No. | Question | K Level | CO |
|--------------|--|---------|-----|
| 1 | When a group of people is categorized into male and female, then the type of data is called as _____. a) Qualitative b) Quantitative c) Geographical d) Chronological | K1 | CO1 |
| 2 | In a Pie diagram, the total angle measure of the sectors is _____ degree. a) 60 b) 90 c) 270 d) 360 | K2 | CO1 |
| 3 | If the points are scattered all over the scatter diagram, then the two variables are said to have _____ correlation. a) positive b) negative c) zero d) high degree | K1 | CO2 |
| 4 | If increase in the value of one variable induces increase in the value of other variable, then the correlation is said to be _____. a) negative b) positive c) zero d) none of these | K2 | CO2 |
| 5 | A set of observations arranged in chronological order is called as a) unbounded set b) null set c) Infinite d) Time series | K1 | CO3 |
| 6 | Ratio to moving average method is used to calculate _____ trend. a) seasonal b) secular c) cyclic d) irregular | K2 | CO3 |
| 7 | If two events A and B are mutually exclusive, then $P(A \text{ or } B) =$ _____. a) $P(A)P(B)$ b) $P(A) + P(B)$ c) $P(A) - P(B)$ d) $P(A)$ | K1 | CO4 |
| 8 | An operation or action which can produce any result or outcome is called a _____ experiment. a) random b) exclusive c) dependent d) none of these | K2 | CO4 |
| 9 | The command used to check the correlation between any two given variable in Excel is a) MIN () b) MAX () - MIN() c) CORREL() d) none of these | K1 | CO5 |
| 10 | The Excel command for calculating Poisson distribution for the given data set is _____. a) POISSON.DIST() b) POISSON() c) POISSONDIST() d) none of these | K2 | CO5 |

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions
ALL questions carry **EQUAL** Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

| ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks | | | | | | | (5 × 7 = 35) | |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-----|
| Question No. | Question | | | | | | K Level | CO |
| 11.a. | Distinguish between Qualitative and Quantitative data with suitable examples. | | | | | | K4 | CO1 |
| (OR) | | | | | | | | |
| 11.b. | Analyze median for the following data | | | | | | | |
| | x | 10-25 | 25-40 | 40-55 | 55-70 | 70-85 | 85-100 | |
| | f | 6 | 20 | 44 | 26 | 3 | 1 | |

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|-------------|---|-------|----------|----------|--------------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-----------|-----|-------|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|----|----|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|
| 12.a. | Determine the regression equation Y on X for the following variables | K5 | CO2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table><tr><td>X</td><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>10</td><td>-2</td><td>5</td><td>-4</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>5</td><td>10</td><td>-2</td><td>-3</td></tr></table> | | | X | 2 | 8 | 10 | -2 | 5 | -4 | Y | 3 | 2 | 5 | 10 | -2 | -3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X | 2 | 8 | 10 | -2 | 5 | -4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y | 3 | 2 | 5 | 10 | -2 | -3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (OR) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12.b. | Find a suitable coefficient of correlation for the following data | K3 | CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table><tr><td>x_1</td><td>64</td><td>65</td><td>66</td><td>67</td><td>68</td><td>69</td><td>70</td></tr><tr><td>x_2</td><td>66</td><td>67</td><td>65</td><td>68</td><td>70</td><td>68</td><td>72</td></tr></table> | | | x_1 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | x_2 | 66 | 67 | 65 | 68 | 70 | 68 | 72 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| x_1 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| x_2 | 66 | 67 | 65 | 68 | 70 | 68 | 72 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13.a. | Apply the ratio to moving average method from the data given below and find the seasonal variations | K3 | CO3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table><tr><td>Seasons</td><td>2011</td><td>2012</td><td>2013</td><td>2014</td><td>2015</td></tr><tr><td>I Quarter</td><td>40</td><td>42</td><td>41</td><td>45</td><td>44</td></tr><tr><td>II Quarter</td><td>35</td><td>37</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>38</td></tr><tr><td>III Quarter</td><td>38</td><td>39</td><td>38</td><td>36</td><td>38</td></tr><tr><td>IV Quarter</td><td>40</td><td>38</td><td>42</td><td>41</td><td>42</td></tr></table> | | | Seasons | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | I Quarter | 40 | 42 | 41 | 45 | 44 | II Quarter | 35 | 37 | 35 | 36 | 38 | III Quarter | 38 | 39 | 38 | 36 | 38 | IV Quarter | 40 | 38 | 42 |
| Seasons | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I Quarter | 40 | 42 | 41 | 45 | 44 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| II Quarter | 35 | 37 | 35 | 36 | 38 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| III Quarter | 38 | 39 | 38 | 36 | 38 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IV Quarter | 40 | 38 | 42 | 41 | 42 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (OR) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13.b. | By applying the method of least squares, find the trend values for the following data | K3 | CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table><tr><td>Year</td><td>2011</td><td>2012</td><td>2013</td><td>2014</td><td>2015</td></tr><tr><td>Sales</td><td>70</td><td>74</td><td>80</td><td>86</td><td>90</td></tr></table> | | | Year | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Sales | 70 | 74 | 80 | 86 | 90 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | 70 | 74 | 80 | 86 | 90 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14.a. | The average percentage of failure in a certain examination is 40. What is the probability that out of a group of 6 candidates, at least 4 passed in the examination? Assume binomial distribution. | K3 | CO4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (OR) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14.b. | The lifetime of a certain kind of battery has a mean of 300 hours and a standard deviation of 35 hours. Assuming that the distribution of lifetimes, which are measured to the nearest hour, is normal, find the percentage of batteries which have lifetime of more than 370 hours. | K4 | CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15.a. | Compare the measures of central tendency and write their syntax in Excel. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (OR) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15.b. | Examine the data of the proposed voting behavior by placing the data in Excel by drawing a bar chart | K4 | CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table><tr><td>Party</td><td>Conservative</td><td>Labor</td><td>Democrat</td><td>Republic</td><td>Other</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency</td><td>400</td><td>510</td><td>78</td><td>55</td><td>67</td></tr></table> | | | Party | Conservative | Labor | Democrat | Republic | Other | Frequency | 400 | 510 | 78 | 55 | 67 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Party | Conservative | Labor | Democrat | Republic | Other | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency | 400 | 510 | 78 | 55 | 67 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (3 × 10 = 30)

| Question No. | Question | | | | | | | | | | K Level | CO | |
|--------------|---|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|----|---------|-----|----|
| 16 | Estimate the standard deviation of the following data | | | | | | | | | | K5 | CO1 | |
| | Wages (rs) | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | | | | | |
| | No. of workers | 8 | 12 | 17 | 14 | 9 | 7 | 4 | | | | | |
| 17 | Analyze the rank correlation coefficient after making adjustment for tied ranks. | | | | | | | | | | K4 | CO2 | |
| | X | 48 | 33 | 40 | 9 | 16 | 16 | 65 | 24 | 16 | | | 57 |
| | Y | 13 | 13 | 24 | 6 | 15 | 4 | 20 | 9 | 6 | | | 19 |
| 18 | Analyze the methods of Moving averages and measuring seasonal variations and their merits and demerits. | | | | | | | | | | K5 | CO3 | |
| 19 | Fit a Poisson distribution to the following data | | | | | | | | | | K4 | CO4 | |
| | x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | |
| | f | 123 | 59 | 14 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Examine the excel solution for calculating Pearson's correlation coefficient and draw a scatter plot for the data set A = {20, 45, 56, 64, 34} B = {12, 23, 45, 34, 25} | | | | | | | | | | K4 | CO5 | |