PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE

(AUTONOMOUS)

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(First Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

PROBLEM SOLVING TECHNIQUES USING C

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Module	Question		K	
No.	No.	Question	Level	CO
	1	Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good algorithm? a) Definiteness b) Input and Output c) Ambiguity d) Finiteness	K1	CO1
1	2	What is the purpose of a flowchart? a) To display the data in graphical form b) To represent the steps involved in solving a problem c) To create a database d) To analyze a mathematical equation	K2	CO1
3	3	In which year was the C programming language developed? a) 1969 b) 1972 c) 1983 d) 1991	K1	CO1
2	4	Which of the following languages influenced the development of C? a) COBOL b) Python c) B d) Fortran	K2	CO1
	5	Which of the following is NOT a selection statement in C? a) if b) for c) switch d) if-else	K1	CO1
3	6 .	What is the correct syntax for an if statement in C? a) if (condition) { statements; } b) if condition { statements; } c) if { condition; statements; } d) if (condition) statements;	K2	CO1
	7	Which operator is used to get the memory address of a variable in C? a) * b) & c) % d) @	K1	CO1
4	8	What does the * operator do when used with a pointer variable? a) Declares the pointer variable b) Increments the pointer c) Accesses the value stored at the pointer's address d) Assigns a new address to the pointer	K2	CO1
5	9	What is a structure in C? a) A built-in data type b) A user-defined data type that groups different data types together c) A function used for memory management d) A keyword to define constants	K1	CO1
	10	Which keyword is used to define a structure in C? a) struct b) class c) enum d) union	K2	CO1

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
	11.a.	Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of using algorithms in problem-solving.		
		(OR)		
1	11.b.	Analyze the role of sequences in pseudocode when designing algorithms. Explain how sequences ensure the correct flow of execution and the importance of proper sequencing in achieving the desired outcome.	K4	CO5
2	12.a.	Explain the historical development of the C programming language.	K3	CO4
2		(OR)	K	CO4
	12.b.	Explain about storage class specifiers.		
	13.a.	Create a C program that uses a for loop to solve a problem involving the generation and analysis of a series of numbers.		
3		(OR)	K6	CO5
·	13.b.	Design a C program that utilizes a switch statement to simulate a simple calculator.		
4	14.a.	Analyze the use of pointers to dynamically allocate memory for an array of integers.	K5	CO5
4		(OR)	KJ	COS
	14.b.	Explain about functions in C with example.		
	15.a.	Analyze and design a C program that utilizes both arrays and structures to manage a list of products in a store.		
5		(OR)	K4	CO ₅
	15.b.	Analyze the concept of unions in C programming and explain their role in memory management and data representation.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question		CO
1	16	Discuss the importance of translating an algorithm into code in a programming languages.	K4	CO5
2	17	Evaluate the role of identifiers in C programming by analyzing their significance in different contexts.	K5	CO5
3	18	Develop and implement a C program that effectively demonstrates the use of all four jump statements goto, break, continue, and return.	K3	CO4
4	19	Analyze the potential risks associated with recursion, such as stack overflow, and suggest strategies for mitigating these risks.	K4	CO5
5	20	Design and implement a C program that showcases advanced file handling techniques using both text and binary file operations.	K5	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(First Semester)

BRANCH- NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATION

FUNDAMENTALS OF NETWORKS AND INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ Module Question CO Question Level No. No. What is the term for the data communication system within a KI CO₁ 1 building or campus? a) MAN b) LAN c) PAN d) WAN 1 Interpret the most common protocol used to retrieve email from K2 CO₁ 2 a mail server b) IMAP c) HTML d) TELNET Relate the layer responsible for process-to-process delivery in a general network model. K2 CO₂ 3 a) network layer b) transport layer 2 c) session layer d) data link layer Which one is preferred for short distance? CO₂ 4 **K**1 a) Un-Guided b) Guided c) Indirect d) Direct Why is digital data not easily affected by noise? a) High power transmission CO₃ 5 b) Cannot easily change binary 1 to 0 K1 c) High frequency transmission 3 d) Low frequency transmission Select the following devices used in the network layer. CO₃ K2 6 a) Gateway b)Router c) Repeaters d) All the above Relate valid email address format. a) userName@website@com CO4 7 b) userName.website.com K2 c) userName.website@com d) userName@website.com 4 Which of the following is the audio streaming application by CO₄ 8 Microsoft? K1 a) Hangout d) All of the mentioned b) Skype c) Voice What type of hazard is dust and fumes? a) Physical hazards CO₅ 9 b) Ergonomic hazards **K**1 c) Chemical hazards d) Mechanical hazards 5 Select the one, in case of an accident, the victim should immediately be 10 K2 CO₅ a) Asked to take rest b) Enquired about the accident

d) Left to himself without treatment

c) Attended to

22NMB102N/ 22NMB102

Cont..

SECTION - B (35 Mark

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL (5x7=35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
	11.a.	Outline the uses of Computer Networks.		
1		(OR)	K2	COI
	11.b.	Explain Network Protocols.		
_	12.a.	Identify the three major types of guided transmission media used to transmit data.	K3	
2		(OR)		CO2
	12.b.	Identify the types of errors in data transmission.		
	13.a.	Construct the fundamental distinctions between Analog vs. Digital signal.	К3	
3		(OR)		CO3
	13.b.	Organize the primary tasks carried out by the Internet's network layer.		
	14.a.	Examine DNS in Application layer.		
4		(OR)	K 4	CO4
	14.b.	Classify the three broad categories of streaming Audio/Video.		
5	15.a.	Examine the important factors which are responsible for safety and occupational health.	K4	CO5
3		(OR)	12.T	003
	15.b.	List out the various safety objectives.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	со
1	16	Categorize the different types of Networks.	K4	CO1
2	17	List the functions of each layer in OSI reference model with a neat block diagram.	K4	CO2
3	18	Examine the following: i. Transmitting analog data with analog signals ii. Transmitting analog data with digital signals	K4	CO3
4	19	Examine the working and importance of E-mail system.	K4	CO4
5	20	Discover various safety measures while working on plants.	K4	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Second Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING JAVA

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

		ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (1	10 × 1 – 10	/
Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
	1	Which of the following is not a principle of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)? a) Encapsulation b) Abstraction c) Inheritance d) Compilation	K1	CO1
1	2	In Java, which of the following defines the state and behavior of an object? a) Class b) Method c) Object d) Variable	K2	CO1
	3	What type of inheritance is not supported in Java? a) Single inheritance b) Multiple inheritance using classes c) Multilevel inheritance d) Hierarchical inheritance	K1	CO1
2	4	If class B inherits class A, and class C inherits class B, what type of inheritance is this? a) Single inheritance b) Multiple inheritance c) Multilevel inheritance d) Hierarchical inheritance	K2	CO1
3	5	Which of the following is the parent class of all exceptions in Java? a) Throwable b) Exception c) RuntimeException d) Error	K 1	CO1
3	6	Which of these keywords is used to handle exceptions in Java? a) try b) catch c) finally d) All of the above	K2	CO1
	7	Which class is used to read from a file in Java? a) FileReader b) FileInputStream c) BufferedReader d) All of the above	K1	CO1
4	8	The FileOutputStream class in Java is used for: a) Writing byte data to a file b) Reading byte data from a file c) Writing character data to a file d) Reading character data from a file	K2	CO1
	9	Which of the following is the base class for applets in Java? a) AppletContext b) AppletStub c) Applet d) JApplet	K1	CO1
5	10	Which of the following method is called only once during the applet's lifecycle? a) start() b) init() c) paint() d) destroy()	K2	Cont

SECTION - B (35 Marks) Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5\times7=35)$

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
	11.a.	Explain in details about basic concept of OOPs.		
1		(OR)	K2	CO2
	11.b.	Illustrate the concept of constructor with example.		
	12.a.	Develop the concept of inheritance with example.		
2		(OR)	¥2	CO2
2	12.b.	Construct the concept of method overriding with example,	К3	CO2
	13.a.	Discuss how exception handling is fundamental in managing object construction in Java.		
3		(OR)	К3	CO5
	13.b.	Develop a comprehensive understanding of the Java thread model.		
	14.a.	Examine how event handling mechanism works in java.		
4		(OR)	K4	CO5
	14.b.	Analyze the concept character stream class with example.		
5	15.a.	Examine the basic concepts of Java applets and their lifecycle methods.		
		(OR)	K4	CO5
	15.b.	Analyze the applet architecture with example.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	co
1	16	Examine the various methods provided by the String class in Java for handling and manipulating strings.	K4	CO5
2	17	Analyze how to importing a package in java? Explain with proper example.	K4	CO5
3	18	Analyze the different types of exceptions in Java. Discuss the distinction between checked and unchecked exceptions.	K5	CO5
4	19	Evaluate the event listener mechanism in java and how it supports event-driven programming.	K5	CO5
5	20	Analyze the structure and lifecycle of an applet in Java. Construct a complete applet skeleton, explaining each component and its role.	K5	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Second Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

OPERATING SYSTEM CONCEPTS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Question No.	Question	K Level	со
1	Recall that scheduling is a problem in processing a) Serial b). Multiprogrammed c.) Time-sharing d.) parallel	K1	COI
2	Show that a process is in main memory and awaiting an event means it is in state a) Ready b) Blocked c) suspend d)Exit	K2	CO2
3	Match from the following that refers to the ability of OS to support concurrent paths of execution within a single process a)Multithreading b) Multiprocessing c) symmetric d) parallel	K1	CO1
4	Show the first state in thread lifecycle a) Spawn b).block c.) Unblock d.) finish	K2	CO2
5	Recall that a fixed-length block of main memory is called as a) Segment b). Page c.) Frame d.) program	K1	CO1
6	Relate the following that refers to the interval of time between the submission of a process and its completion a) Turnaround Time b). Response time c.) Throughput d.) Deadline	K2	CO2
7	Label from the following that takes over control of system bus for transferring data to and from memory a) Programmed I/O b). DMA c.) Interrupt – driven I/O d.) I/O devices	K1	CO1
8	Show that RAID scheme consists of levels a) 4 b). 10 c.) 7 d.) 2	K2	CO2
9	Which of the following refers to collection of related fields a) field b). Record c.) file d.) database	KI	CO1
10	Interpret the file allocation method that chooses unused group that is of sufficient size a) First fit b). Best fit c.) Nearest fit d.) worst fit	K2	CO2

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Question No.	Question	K Level	со
11.a.	Compare Multiprogrammed batch system and Time sharing system.		
	(OR)	K2	CO2
11.b.	Summarize on process and process control block.		

12.a.	Identify the types of threads.		
	(OR)	K3	CO3
12.b.	Make use of the principles of Deadlock.		
13.a.	Apply paging technique for memory management.		
	(OR)	K3	CO3
13.b.	Utilize the three types of processor scheduling.		
14.a.	Categorize the techniques used for performing I/O.		
	(OR)	K4	CO4
14.b.	Examine the need of Disk Cache.		
15.a.	Analyze the issues involved in file sharing.		
	(OR)	K4	CO4
15.b.	List and explain commonly used file allocation methods.		

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
16	Classify different states of a process.	K4	CO5
17	Inspect the ways of performing Deadlock Avoidance and Deadlock Detection.	K4	CO5
18	Analyze Round Robin and shortest process next scheduling algorithms.	K4	CO5
19	Examine the disk scheduling policies.	K4	CO5
20	Discover the ways of file organization and access.	K4	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Third Semester)

Branch – NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

WEB TECHNOLOGY

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

ALL questions early EQUILE makes			7	
Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
	1	Who is the father of HTML? (i)Rasmus Lerdorf (ii) Tim Berners-Lee (iii) Brendan Eich (iv) Sergey Brin	K1	CO1
1	2	Interpret the correct tag for hyperlink creation using the options given. (i) (ii) <a> (iv) <title></td><td>K2</td><td>CO1</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>Which one of the following contain information about the author? (i) <footer> (ii) <header> (ii) <head> (iv) <body></td><td>K1</td><td>CO2</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>4</td><td>Illustrate how the default style of a link can be modified using the appropriate option. (i) Java script (ii) CSS (iii) PHP (iv) cannot be changed at all</td><td>K2</td><td>CO2</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>5</td><td>Which element defines a table cell (i) (i) (ii) <tc> (iii) (iv) <te></td><td>K1</td><td>CO3</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>6</td><td>Classify the provided options to identify how JavaScript is placed inside HTML (i) <js> (ii) <script> (iii) <script1> (iv) <javascript></td><td>K2</td><td>CO3</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>7</td><td>PHP can be directly embedded in which of the following types of documents (i)HTML only (ii)CSS only (iii) Java script (iv) HTML, CSS&JS</td><td>K1</td><td>CO4</td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td>8</td><td>While loop is an control loop? (i) exit (ii) exist (iii) easy (iv) entry</td><td>K2</td><td>CO4</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>9</td><td>Which type of database management system in MYSQL? (i)Object-oriented (ii) Object-based (iii) Relational (iv) Networking</td><td>K1</td><td>CO5</td></tr><tr><td><i>J</i></td><td>10</td><td>Illustrate how to properly remove a table from a database using the correct SQL statement. (i)Delete table (ii) Drop table (iii) Remove table (iv) Clear table</td><td>K2</td><td>CO5</td></tr></tbody></table></title>		

SECTION - B (35 Marks) Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(5	×	7	=	3	5)
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Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
	11.a.	Outline the key steps required to create an HTML document.		₩ ¹⁷ • 1
1		(OR)	K2	CO1
	11.b.	Explain how to add images to an html document.		
	12.a.	Develop a set of examples demonstrating how to adding comments within a style sheet.		
2		(OR)	K3	CO2
	12.b.	Apply the principles of HTML5 to create a layout container for a web page.		
	13.a.	Build a styled table with a well-designed header and demonstrate the CSS used for styling.		
3	(OR)			CO3
J	13.b.	Apply the concepts of namespaces, classes, and inheritance to create a structured JavaScript program and provide examples.	K3	CO3
	14.a.	Analyze how PHP code is embedded within HTML and its impact on web page rendering.		
4		(OR)	K4	CO4
	14.b.	Categorize different types of string operators and give examples for each category.		
	15.a.	Analyze the concept of designing a web database using MySQL and provide examples of each.	K4	
5		(OR)		CO5
	15.b. Examine the process of updating records in MySQL and provide examples of different update scenarios.			

SECTION -C (30 Marks) Answer ANY THREE questions

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Examine about embed plug – in content in HTML with example.	K4	CO1
2	17	Compare the different types of Selectors in CSS with suitable example.	K4	CO2
3.	18	Analyze how to creating dynamic objects by using the factory pattern with example.	K4	CO3
4	19	Examine the different String Functions in PHP with suitable example	K4	CO4
5	Analyze the processes of altering, deleting, and		K4	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Third Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

DATABASE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

		ALL questions carry EQUAL marks	(10 ×	1 = 10)
Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	1	What is a primary key in a relational database? (A) A key that uniquely identifies each record in a table (B) A key that allows duplicate values (C) A key used to define relationships between tables (D) A key used to search the entire database	K1	CO1
	2	Which statement is true about DBMS? (A) It is a programming language (B) It manages data in a database (C) It is used to design computer hardware (D) It only supports structured data	K2	CO1
2	3	What does the SQL command 'SELECT * FROM' do? (A) Deletes all records from a table (B) Selects all columns from a table (C) Updates all rows in a table (D) Joins multiple tables together	K1	CO3
2	4	What is the use of the GROUP BY clause? (A) To delete duplicate rows in a table (B) To group rows that have the same values into summary rows (C) To join two or more tables (D) To select all columns from multiple tables	K2	CO3
	5	Choose the correct statement about a View in SQL. (A) A physical table in the database (B) A virtual table based on the result-set of an SQL query (C) A temporary table stored in memory (D) A table that stores only metadata	K1	CO4
3	6	Choose one among the following about the difference between a view and a table. (A) A table is a physical structure, whereas a view is a virtual table (B) A view can store data permanently, while a table cannot (C) A table is used for querying, while a view is used for inserting data (D) There is no difference between a view and a table	K2	CO4
4	7	What is an Entity-Relationship model? (A) A diagram that shows relationships between tables (B) A conceptual representation of data (C) A tool used to create indexes in databases (D) A method to perform database backups	K1	CO2

	8	Which type of dependency does Normalization remove? (A) Functional dependency (B) Referential dependency (C) Transitive dependency (D) Multi-valued dependency	K2	CO2
9 (1	What is MongoDB used for? (A) A relational database management system (B) A NoSQL database designed for handling large datasets (C) A file storage system for large files (D) A tool for database migrations	K1	CO5	
5	10	How to perform a query in MongoDB? (A) Using the SQL `SELECT` statement (B) Using `db.collection.find()` (C) Using `db.collection.query()` (D) Using `db.collection.select()`	K2	CO5

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 7 = 35)$ Module **Ouestion** Question K Level CO No. No. 11.a. Explain the various roles in a database environment. 1 (OR) K2 CO₁ 11.b. Summarize the advantages of DBMS over file systems. 12.a. Build SQL queries to implement set operations. CO₃ 2 **K**3 (OR) 12.b. Apply ORDER BY clause to sort results of a query. Construct a simple view and explain its advantages. 13.a. K3 CO₄ 3 (OR) 13.b. Build a database and table for storing student information. 14.a. Analyze the different types of normalization in database design. (OR) K4 CO₂ 4 14.b. Categorize Weak and Strong Entity types of a database with examples. Classify and explain the different data types available in MongoDB. 15.a. (OR) K4 CO₅ 5 Examine the process of Inserting, Saving and Updating documents in 15.b.

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

MongoDB.

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО
1	16	Analyze the concept of Database Integrity and its types.	K4	COI
2	17	Examine the SQL Aggregate Functions and provide examples.	K4	CO3
3	18	Classify PL/SQL control Statements and illustrate with examples.	K4	CO4
4	Assume the role of a Database designer and create an ER diagram for a University Database.		K4	CO2
5	20	Discover how to perform Querying in MongoDB with examples.	K4	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Third Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

E-COMMERCE & E-BUSINESS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

		ALL questions carry EQUAL marks $(10 \times 1 = 1)$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	i	
Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	СО	
1	1	Define e-Commerce. A) Electronic Commerce B) Economic Commerce C) Energy Commerce D) Environmental Commerce	K1	CO1	
	2	What is e-Business? A) Economic Business B) Energy Business C) Electronic Business D) Environmental Business	K2	CO1	
	3	Expand EDI. A) Electronic Data Integration B) Electronic Data Interchange C) Economic Data Integration D) Economic Data Interchange	K1	CO3	
2	4	Which of the following is an example of a consumer-oriented e-commerce application? A)GoogleAnalytics B)SAP C)OracleERP D) Amazon	K2	CO3	
3	5	What is a firewall? A) A wall built to prevent fire B) A software that creates barriers in networks C) A protocol used in email communication D) A type of internet connection	K1	CO4	
3	6	 What is the purpose of a digital certificate? A) Proof of identity in electronic transactions B) A type of payment system C) A physical certificate for network administrators D) A record of completed transactions 	K2	CO4	
4	7	What is E-Banking? A) Banking through email B) Banking using the internet C) Banking through a physical branch D) Banking through letters	K1	CO2	
	8	Name one electronic payment system. A) Cash Payment B) Cheque Payment C) E-Cash D) Credit Transfer	K2	CO2	
5	9	What is Mobile Computing? A) Computing with mobile devices B) Computing in the cloud C) Computing with desktop computers D) Computing with servers		K 1	CO5
	10	Select the correct e-Security issue. A) Poor desktop management B) Lack of proper lighting C) Manual record-keeping D) Firewall Breach	K2	CO5	
			Cont		

23NMB318N/23NMB318

Cont...

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 7 = 35)$ Module Question K Level CO Question No. No. 11.a. Explain the types of e-Commerce. 1 K2 CO1 (OR) Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of e-11.b. Apply the Mercantile Process Model in the context 12.a. of e-Commerce. 2 CO3 (OR) K3 Build an explanation of Affiliate Marketing using 12.b. Amazon. 13.a. Identify and discuss different types of networks. CO₄ 3 (OR) **K**3 13.b. Discuss the types of Internet topologies. Compare and contrast Traditional Banking vs. E-14.a. Banking. 4 (OR) K4 CO₂ 14.b. Analyze various risks of e-payment system. Classify the risks involved in e-Commerce 15.a. security. CO₅ 5 (OR) K4 15.b. Compare and contrast the GSM vs GPRS.

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	16	Analyze the business strategies that are fueling the growth of e-Commerce.	K4	CO1
2	17	Assume a business scenario and explain the role of EDI in business applications with examples.	K4	CO3
3	18	Categorize the network security concepts including cryptography, digital signature, and SSL.	K4	CO4
4	19	Compare and contrast different types of electronic payment systems.	K4	CO2
5	Discover the importance of mobile computing framework and its role in modern e-business.		K4	CO5

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Fourth Semester)

Branch – **NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATION**

FUNDAMENTALS OF PYTHON PROGRAMMING

Time: Three Hours					Maximum	: 50 Marks
				-A (5 Marks) LL questions arry EQUAL mar	·ks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
1	Which a) .pyt		wing is the correct b) .pl	extension of the c) .py	Python file? d) .p	
2	a) Pytl b) Pytl c) Pytl	hon code is the hon code is to hon code is to	npiled or interprete both compiled and neither compiled no only compiled only interpreted	interpreted		
3	Which a) Fun	•	used for function i b) def	n Python languag c) Fun	ge?	d) Define
4	•	n supports th	e creation of anony b) anonymous	mous functions a	at runtime, usi	ng a construct d) create
5	· -	of the follo	wing is the truncation b) //	,	ator in Python? d) %	•
				B (15 Marks) L Questions Carry EQUAL M	arks	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
6	a)	 	concept of eval() f		mple.	
	b)	Narrate the	purpose of comme	nting in python.		•
7	a)		the use of a function OR		1	
	b)		between the local	-		
8	a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ou accessing the ele OR		Explain.	
	b)	Outline the	different types of i	nheritance.		
9	a)	State the var	rious operations on OR	Tuples.		
	b)	Analyze the	steps to create a d	ictionary with ex	ample.	
10	a)	Show the us	ses of text input and OR	d output function	s.	
	b)	Elaborate th	e core concepts of	computer graphi	cs.	

Page 2

23NMB423 Cont...

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

11 Analyze the different types of data types available in Python. a) b) Enumerate the while loop statement with syntax and example. 12 Discuss the traversing string with for and while loop. a) Compare the recursion and lambda function. b) 13 Identify the python inbuilt functions for lists with example. a) Examine the self parameter and adding methods to a class. b) 14 Discover the passing variable length arguments to Tuples. a)

Assume the need of traversing nested dictionaries with example.

Develop the Python program to compare two text files. a)

b)

15

Determine the methods used for drawing shapes in PyGame. b)

Z-Z-Z

END

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Fifth Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATIONS

MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE – I TCP/ IP PROTOCOL SUITE

	Tin	ne: Three Hours			Maximum: 50 Marks
			Answe	ON-A (5 Marks) or ALL questions ons carry EQUAL marks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
1			rules that go protocol	overns communication. (iii)service	(iv) header
2			tionless, unre TCP	eliable transport protocol (iii) UDP	(iv) HTTP
3		What is the port num (i) 21 (i	iber of HTTI i) 25	P protocol? (iii) 79	(iv) 80
4			le transport l ii) UDP	ayer protocol. (iii) RTP	(iv) HTTP
5				wo computers using IPv6 ust pass through a region (ii) header translation (iv) dual stack	
		A	Answe	ON - B (15 Marks) r ALL Questions ns Carry EQUAL Marks	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
6	a b	Summarize the int	OR	rds. s used in TCP/IP protocol	c.
7	a	Explain the conce		_	5.
	b	Identify the UDP			
8	a	Describe the TCP	OR		
	b	Explain about win	dows in TCl	P.	
9	a	Explain about DN	OR	rnet.	
	b	Outline the TCP ti			
10	a		OR	ss space allocation of IPV	⁷ 6.
	b	Explain about gro	up membersi	nip messages.	

23NMB530 Cont...

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

11 a Discuss the layers in the OSI Model.

OR

- b Summarize the layers in the TCP/IP protocol suite.
- 12 a Analyze the stop and wait protocol.

OR

- b Discuss about checksum.
- 13 a Summarize the TCP services.

OR

- b Discuss the TCP connection management.
- 14 a Discuss about TCP package.

OR

- b Analyze about the Domain name space.
- 15 a Summarize the packet format of IPV6.

OR

b Discuss about neighbor discovery messages.

Z-Z-Z

END

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE

(AUTONOMOUS)

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Fifth Semester)

Branch- NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATION

.NET TECHNOLOGIES

Time: Three Hours			Maximum	: 50 Marks	
		Answe	r AL	A (5 Marks) L questions EQUAL marks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
1	(i)	ne language allows more tha C++ i) JAVA	(ii)	method in a single class C# PHP	
2	(i)	is an identifier that den Constant i) Keywords	(ii)	a storage location Reference Types Variables	
3	(i)	P.NET applications can be hosted Windows Server i) MacOS	(ii)	Linux Android	
4	(i)	SP.NET Web Forms used for Building REST APIs i) Creating dynamic web pages	` '	Database administration Server management	
5	(i) (ii)		(ii)	et/DataTable with query resu DataTables DataSet	Its in ADO.net.
		Answei	AL	B (15 Marks) L Questions y EQUAL Marks	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
-		Write a role on New features o OR Write a program for Creating a			n.
7 8	ı	Explain about Encapsulation as	nd Po	olymorphism with example	÷.
ł)	OR How to working with Typogra	phy?	Explain.	
8 a	ì	Explain about exploring resou	irces	and with example	
ł)	How to creating a sample ASP	NET.	4.5 web Application? Ex	plain.
					Cont

23NMB531 Cont...

9 a Write a note on navigation controls.

OR

- b How to create Sitemap path controls? Explain.
- 10 a Illustrate the needs for master pages and themes.

OR

b Explain about Data Reader in ADO.NET.

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions
ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

11 a Explicate on Evaluation and Benefit of .NET.

OR

- b Discuss the data types variables and constants in C#.
- 12 a Explain the following i) Pointers ii) Delegates

OR

- b Implicate Array list with example.
- 13 a What is WPF Controls? List out the different types of controls in WPF.

OR

- b Describe the ASP.NET life cycle.
- 14 a Elucidate Standard controls in web forms.

OR

- b Briefly explain about menu controls in web form.
- 15 a Explain about Data Access with ADO.NET.

OR

b Explain the creation of Command Objects and working with data adapters.

Z-Z-Z

END

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE

(AUTONOMOUS)

BVoc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024

(Fifth Semester)

Branch - NETWORKING AND MOBILE APPLICATION

EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Time: Three Hours	Maximum: 50 Marks
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SECTION-A (5 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1 Which of the following is not an example of small scale embedded system?
 - (i) Electronic Barbie doll
- (ii) Simple calculator
- (iii) Cell Phone
- (iv) Electronic toy car
- Which of the following is one time programmable memory?
 - (i) SRAM

(ii) PROM

(iii) FLASH

- (iv) NVRAM
- For a Commercial embedded product the unit cost is high during
 - (i) Product launching
- (ii) Product maturity
- (iii) Product growth
- (iv) Product discontinuing
- 4 Which port of 8051 is true bidirectional?
 - (i) Port 0

(ii) Port 1

(iii) Port 2

- (iv) Port3
- 5 The term model in EDLC represents
 - (i) The various phases in the life cycle of the product
 - (ii) the various analysis of the product
 - (iii) the various design of the product
 - (iv) the various architecture of the product

SECTION - B (15 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

- a Compare General Purpose Computing System Vs Embedded System.
 - b. List and explain the major application areas of embedded system.
- 7 a. Compare RISC and CISC processors.

OR

- b. Write about Sensors and Actuators.
- 8 a. Analyze the importance of non-operational quality attributes of Embedded Systems.

OR

- b. Explain the different communication bases used in automotive application.
- 9 a Describe the role of 8051 program memory organization.

OR

b Explain the fundamental issues in hardware software co-design.

23NMB533 Cont...

10 a Write the objectives of EDLC.

OR

b. Analyze the bottleneck faced by embedded industry.

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions
ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

11 a Summarize the classification of Embedded Systems.

OR

- b Identify the different purposes of embedded systems.
- 12 a Explain the general purpose and domain specific processors.

OF

- b Categorize and explain about the program storage memory.
- 13 a Point out the important characteristics of Embedded Systems.

OR

- b Explain the inner working of Automotive Embedded Systems.
- 14 a Interpret the important factors to be considered in the selection process of microcontroller.

OR

- b Summarize the different addressing mode supported by 8051.
- 15 a Explain the various activities involved in requirement analysis phase of EDLC.

OR

b Discuss the key processor/architecture trends in embedded systems.

Z-Z-Z

END