

**PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**BA DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2024
(Third Semester)**

Branch - **SOCIOLOGY**

SOCIAL STATISTICS - I WITH COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	The data already collected by someone is called _____. (a) secondary data (b) primary data (c) array (d) quantitative	K1	CO1
	2	The statistics are concerned with _____. (a) an aggregate of numerical facts (b) an aggregate of disorganized facts (c) an aggregate of qualitative facts (d) an aggregate of heterogeneous facts	K2	CO1
2	3	The data can be classified according to place is called _____. (a) geographical classification (b) qualitative classification (c) chronological classification (d) quantitative classification	K1	CO2
	4	Histogram can be only drawn for _____. (a) discrete frequency distribution (b) continuous frequency distribution (c) cumulative frequency distribution (d) relative frequency distribution	K2	CO2
3	5	If mean is 10 and standard deviation is 2, then coefficient of variation is (a) 22 (b) 20 (c) 19 (d) 0.2	K1	CO3
	6	In a distribution of 10, 20,30,40,50, the \bar{x} is 30, the sum of deviations from \bar{x} is _____. (a) 60 (b)30 (c) 0 (d) 15	K2	CO3
4	7	The correlation coefficient describes _____. (a) Only magnitude (b) Both magnitude and direction (c) Only direction (d) neither magnitude nor direction	K1	CO4
	8	A process by which we estimate the value of the dependent variable based on one or more independent variables is called _____. (a) Correlation (b) Residual (c) Regression (d) Slope	K2	CO4
5	9	What is the default file name of a Microsoft Excel file? (a) Workbook.xlsx (b) Worksheet1.xlsx (c) Worksheet.xlsx (d) Workbook1.xlsx	K1	CO5
	10	What chart is useful for comparing parts of a whole? (a) Dot chart (b) line chart (c) Column chart (d) Pie chart	K2	CO5

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** Marks

(5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	11.a.	Discuss the nature and scope of statistics.	K6	CO1
		(OR)		

Cont...

	11.b.	Write short notes on limitations of statistics.																																							
2	12.a.	Describe the various parts of the Table.								K4/K6	CO2																														
	(OR)																																								
	12.b.	Draw a histogram and frequency polygon for the following data: <table><tr><td>Size</td><td>40 – 50</td><td>50 – 60</td><td>60 - 70</td><td>70 – 80</td><td>80 – 90</td></tr><tr><td>frequency</td><td>4</td><td>6</td><td>14</td><td>8</td><td>5</td></tr></table>										Size	40 – 50	50 – 60	60 - 70	70 – 80	80 – 90	frequency	4	6	14	8	5																		
Size	40 – 50	50 – 60	60 - 70	70 – 80	80 – 90																																				
frequency	4	6	14	8	5																																				
3	13.a.	From the following data compute the Geometric mean: <table><tr><td>Marks</td><td>4-</td><td>8-</td><td>12-</td><td>16-</td><td>20-</td><td>24-</td><td>28-</td><td>32-</td><td>36-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>16</td><td>20</td><td>24</td><td>28</td><td>32</td><td>36</td><td>40</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency</td><td>6</td><td>10</td><td>18</td><td>30</td><td>15</td><td>12</td><td>10</td><td>6</td><td>2</td></tr></table>								Marks	4-	8-	12-	16-	20-	24-	28-	32-	36-		8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	Frequency	6	10	18	30	15	12	10	6	2	K4	CO3
	Marks	4-	8-	12-	16-	20-	24-	28-	32-	36-																															
		8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40																															
Frequency	6	10	18	30	15	12	10	6	2																																
(OR)																																									
13.b.	Calculate mean deviation about median from the following data: <table><tr><td>Class</td><td>0-10</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td><td>70-80</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency</td><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>15</td><td>20</td><td>14</td><td>12</td><td>6</td></tr></table>								Class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	Frequency	5	8	12	15	20	14	12	6															
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Frequency	5	8	12	15	20	14	12	6																																	
4	14.a.	Discuss the various types of correlation.								K6/K4	CO4																														
	(OR)																																								
	14.b.	The marks obtained by the students in physics and mathematics are as follows: Find which student is more consistent is Scoring marks. <table><tr><td>Marks in Physics</td><td>35</td><td>23</td><td>47</td><td>17</td><td>10</td><td>43</td><td>9</td><td>6</td><td>28</td></tr><tr><td>Marks in Maths</td><td>30</td><td>33</td><td>45</td><td>23</td><td>8</td><td>49</td><td>12</td><td>4</td><td>31</td></tr></table>										Marks in Physics	35	23	47	17	10	43	9	6	28	Marks in Maths	30	33	45	23	8	49	12	4	31										
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5	15.a.	Explain how to perform descriptive statistics using Excel.								K5	CO5																														
	(OR)																																								
	15.b.	Discuss in detail how to create charts using chart elements in Excel.																																							

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks

(3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO																						
1	16	Elaborate on methods of collecting primary data.	K6	CO1																						
2	17	<div>Draw less than and more than ogives curve from the data given below:</div> <table><tr><td>Class</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td><td>70-80</td><td>80-90</td><td>90-100</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency</td><td>6</td><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>18</td><td>25</td><td>16</td><td>8</td><td>5</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	Class	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	Frequency	6	8	12	18	25	16	8	5	2	K4	CO2		
Class	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100																	
Frequency	6	8	12	18	25	16	8	5	2																	
3	18	<div>Calculate mean, median and mode from the following frequency distribution:</div> <table><tr><td>Variable</td><td>10-13</td><td>13-16</td><td>16-19</td><td>19-22</td><td>22-25</td><td>25-28</td><td>28-31</td><td>31-34</td><td>34-37</td><td>37-40</td></tr><tr><td>Frequency</td><td>8</td><td>15</td><td>27</td><td>51</td><td>75</td><td>54</td><td>36</td><td>18</td><td>9</td><td>7</td></tr></table>	Variable	10-13	13-16	16-19	19-22	22-25	25-28	28-31	31-34	34-37	37-40	Frequency	8	15	27	51	75	54	36	18	9	7	K3	CO3
Variable	10-13	13-16	16-19	19-22	22-25	25-28	28-31	31-34	34-37	37-40																
Frequency	8	15	27	51	75	54	36	18	9	7																
4	19	<div>Calculate Bowley's coefficient of skewness for the data given below:</div> <table><tr><td>C.I</td><td>0-10</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>60-70</td><td>70-80</td></tr><tr><td>f</td><td>12</td><td>16</td><td>26</td><td>38</td><td>22</td><td>15</td><td>7</td><td>4</td></tr></table>	C.I	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	f	12	16	26	38	22	15	7	4	K5	CO4				
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f	12	16	26	38	22	15	7	4																		
5	20	Explain how to perform linear regression analysis using Excel with a suitable example.	K6	CO5																						