

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)
BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2021
(First Semester)
Branch - MATHEMATICS
CALCULUS - I

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 50 Marks

SECTION-A (5 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (5 x 1 = 5)

- A parametrization $r(t)$ is called _____ on the interval I if r' is continuous and $r'(t) \neq 0$ on I.
i) smooth ii) regular iii) normal iv) constant
- A function of two variables is called _____ at (a, b) if $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (a,b)} f(x, y) = f(a, b)$.
i) analytic ii) differentiable iii) continuous iv) concentric
- Two surfaces are called _____ at a point of intersection if their normal lines are perpendicular at that point.
i) coincide ii) orthonormal iii) orthogonal iv) constant
- If $m \leq f(x, y) \leq M$ for all (x, y) in D, then $mA(D) \leq \int \int_D f(x, y) dA$ _____.
i) $< MA(D)$ ii) $< mA(D)$ iii) $\leq mA(D)$ iv) $\leq MA(D)$
- The triple riemann sum is _____.
i) $\sum_{i=1}^l \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_{ij}^*, y_{ij}^*, z_{ij}^*) \Delta V$ ii) $\sum_{i=1}^l \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_{ij}, y_{ij}, z_{ij}) \Delta V$
iii) $\sum_{i=1}^l \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_{ij}^*, y_{ij}^*, z_{ij}^*) \nabla V$ iv) $\sum_{i=1}^l \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_{ij}, y_{ij}, z_{ij}) \nabla V$

SECTION - B (15 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks (5 x 3 = 15)

- a) Describe the curve defined by the vector function $r(t) = \langle 1 + t, 2 + 5t, -1 + 6t \rangle$
OR
b) If $r(t) = \langle f(t), g(t), h(t) \rangle = f(t)i + g(t)j + h(t)k$ where f, g and h are differentiable functions then prove that $r'(t) = \langle f'(t), g'(t), h'(t) \rangle = f'(t)i + g'(t)j + h'(t)k$.
- a) Find the level surfaces of the function $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$.
OR
b) Evaluate $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,2)} (x^2 y^3 - x^3 y^2 + 3x + 2y)$.
- a) If $z = e^x \sin y$, where $x = st^2$ and $y = s^2 t$, find $\frac{dz}{ds}$ and $\frac{dz}{dt}$.
OR
b) Find the extreme values of $f(x, y) = y^2 - x^2$.
- a) Use midpoint rule with $m=n=2$ to estimate the value of the integral $\int \int_R (x - 3y^2) dA$, where $R = \{(x, y) | 0 \leq x \leq 2, 1 \leq y \leq 2\}$.
OR
b) Find the volume of the solid S that is bounded by the elliptic paraboloid $x^2 + 2y^2 + z = 16$, the planes $x=2$ and $y=2$, and the three coordinate planes.
- a) Evaluate $\int \int \int_B e^{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dV$, where B is the unit ball: $B = \{(x, y, z) | x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1\}$.
OR
b) Find cylindrical coordinates of the point with rectangular coordinates $(3, -3, -7)$.

Cont...

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 x 6 = 30)

11. a) Find the curvature of the twisted cubic $r(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle$ at a general point and at $(0,0,0)$.

OR

- b) Find the unit normal and binomial vectors for the circular helix $r(t) = \cos t i + \sin t j + tk$.

12. a) Find the second partial derivative of $f(x, y) = x^3 + x^2y^3 - 2y^2$.

OR

- b) Show that $f(x, y) = xe^{xy}$ is differentiable at $(1,0)$ and find its linearization there. Then use it to approximate $f(1.1, -0.1)$.

13. a) A rectangular box without a lid is to be made from $12m^2$ of cardboard. Find the maximum volume of such a box.

OR

- b) Find the equations of the tangent plane and normal line at the point $(-2, 1, -3)$ to the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{4} + y^2 + \frac{z^2}{9} = 3$.

14. a) Evaluate $\int \int_D xy dA$, where D is the region bounded the line $y = x - 1$ and the parabola $y^2 = 2x + 6$.

OR

- b) Find the volume of the solid bounded by the plane $z=0$ and the paraboloid $z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$.

15. a) Evaluate $\int \int \int_E z dV$, where E is the solid tetrahedron bounded by the four planes $x=0, y=0, z=0$, and $x+y+z=1$.

OR

- b) Evaluate $\int_{-2}^2 \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}^2 (x^2 + y^2) dz dy dx$.

Z-Z-Z

END