

**PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2023
(First Semester)**

Common to Branches – **COMMERCE(RM)/ COMMERCE(FS) & COMMERCE(FT)**

STATISTICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION-A (10 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks

(10 × 1 = 10)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO
1	1	In statistics, what is the term for data that can be categorized into distinct groups or categories with no inherent order? (a) Nominal Data (b) Ordinal Data (c) Interval Data (d) Ratio Data	K1	CO1
	2	When data is organized into categories or intervals for easier analysis and presentation, what is it referred to as? (a) Ungrouped Data (b) Raw Data (c) Grouped Data (d) Descriptive Data	K2	CO1
2	3	Which of the following is a measure of central tendency? (a) Variance (b) Standard Deviation (b) Median (d) Range	K1	CO2
	4	The Empirical Relationship between Mean, Median & mode is (a) 2 mean – 3 median (b) 3 median – 2 mean (c) 3 (mean – median) (d) 3 (median – mean)	K2	CO2
3	5	What is the Pearson correlation coefficient used for ? (a) To measure the spread or dispersion of data (b) To describe the shape of a data distribution (c) To quantify the linear relationship between two variables (d) To calculate the median of a dataset	K1	CO3
	6	What is the term for a statistical method used to predict one variable based on the values of another variable? (a) Correlation (b) Regression (c) Standard Deviation (d) Variance	K2	CO3
4	7	In the Laspeyres Price Index, what weights are used to compute the index? (a) Current year prices (b) Base year prices (c) Current year Quantity (d) Base year Quantity	K1	CO4
	8	The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is commonly used to measure: a) Changes in the production output of a country b) Changes in the prices of a basket of goods and services purchased by a typical household c) Changes in the stock market d) Changes in the GDP of a nation	K2	CO4

Cont...

5	9	In probability, what is the complement of an event? (a) Another name for an impossible event (b) The event itself (c) The probability of the event occurring (d) The probability of the event not occurring	K1	CO5
	10	What is the probability of getting a head when flipping a fair coin? (a) 0 (b) 0.25 (c) 0.5 (d) 1	K2	CO5

SECTION - B (35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 × 7 = 35)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO													
1	11.a.	Describe the types of classification of data.	K3	CO1													
	11.b.	Construct the data by Pie diagram. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Food Crops</th> <th>Area in acres</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rice</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wheat</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Barley</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jawar</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bajra</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Maize</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Others</td> <td>11</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Food Crops	Area in acres	Rice	8	Wheat	8	Barley	4	Jawar	2	Bajra	2	Maize
Food Crops	Area in acres																
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Wheat	8																
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Maize	5																
Others	11																
2	12.a.	Analyze the Quartile deviation for the following data & also find co-efficient of QD. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rain fall (cm) :</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No.of days :</td> <td>10</td> <td>11</td> <td>15</td> <td>5</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Rain fall (cm) :	0	1	2	3	5	No.of days :	10	11	15	5	2	K4	CO2	
	Rain fall (cm) :	0	1	2	3	5											
No.of days :	10	11	15	5	2												
12.b.	From the following data, calculate Karl Pearson's co-efficient of Skewness <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Wage (Rs)</td> <td>50</td> <td>70</td> <td>100</td> <td>150</td> <td>200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. of Workers</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>10</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Wage (Rs)	50	70	100	150	200	No. of Workers	2	4	10	3	1				
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No. of Workers	2	4	10	3	1												
3	13.a.	Classify the various types of correlation co-efficient with suitable example.	K4	CO3													
	13.b.	Analyze the following data by applying Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Height of father : (inches)</td> <td>65</td> <td>66</td> <td>67</td> <td>68</td> <td>69</td> <td>70</td> <td>71</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Height of Son : (inches)</td> <td>67</td> <td>68</td> <td>66</td> <td>69</td> <td>72</td> <td>72</td> <td>69</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Height of father : (inches)	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	Height of Son : (inches)	67	68	66	69
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Height of Son : (inches)	67	68	66	69	72	72	69										

4	14.a.	Construct the index for the following data by using (i) unweighted AM (ii) unweighted GM	K3	CO4																					
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>D</th> <th>E</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Price (2019)</td> <td>20</td> <td>35</td> <td>50</td> <td>10</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Price (2020)</td> <td>22</td> <td>42</td> <td>70</td> <td>10</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Item	A	B	C	D	E	Price (2019)	20	35	50	10	5	Price (2020)	22	42	70	10	4			
Item	A	B	C	D	E																				
Price (2019)	20	35	50	10	5																				
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(OR)																									
5	14.b.	Construct the index for the following data by applying cost of living Index number	K2	CO5																					
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Commodity :</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> <th>D</th> <th>E</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Price (2011) :</td> <td>40</td> <td>50</td> <td>40</td> <td>125</td> <td>120</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Price (2021) :</td> <td>108</td> <td>94</td> <td>65</td> <td>225</td> <td>240</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Weight :</td> <td>40</td> <td>17</td> <td>13</td> <td>27</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Commodity :	A	B	C	D	E	Price (2011) :	40	50	40	125	120	Price (2021) :	108	94	65	225	240	Weight :	40	17
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5	15.a.	Describe the Statement of addition and multiplication theorem on probability.	K2	CO5																					
	15.b. Explain the properties of Binomial Distribution with example.																								

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ANY THREE questions
ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (3 × 10 = 30)

Module No.	Question No.	Question	K Level	CO																						
1	16	Explain the various methods of collecting Primary and Secondary data .	K4	CO1																						
2	17	Apply Mean , Median and Mode for the following data. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Marks Obtained :</th> <th>0-10</th> <th>10-20</th> <th>20-30</th> <th>30-40</th> <th>40-50</th> <th>50-60</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>No of students</td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> <td>25</td> <td>30</td> <td>20</td> <td>10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Marks Obtained :	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	No of students	5	10	25	30	20	10	K3	CO2								
Marks Obtained :	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60																				
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3	18	Analyze the average relationship between the two variables by using Regression Equations (X on Y & Y on X) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Marks in Mathematics (X)</th> <th>25</th> <th>28</th> <th>35</th> <th>32</th> <th>31</th> <th>36</th> <th>29</th> <th>38</th> <th>34</th> <th>32</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <th>Marks in Statistics (Y)</th> <td>43</td> <td>46</td> <td>49</td> <td>41</td> <td>36</td> <td>32</td> <td>31</td> <td>30</td> <td>33</td> <td>39</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Marks in Mathematics (X)	25	28	35	32	31	36	29	38	34	32	Marks in Statistics (Y)	43	46	49	41	36	32	31	30	33	39	K4	CO3
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Marks in Statistics (Y)	43	46	49	41	36	32	31	30	33	39																

Cont...

4	19	Construct the index for the following data by applying (i) Laspeyre's (ii) Páasche's (iii) Fisher's index Numbers	K3	CO4																									
					<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Item</th> <th colspan="2">Price</th> <th colspan="2">Quantity</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Base Year</th> <th>Current Year</th> <th>Base Year</th> <th>Current Year</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>6</td> <td>10</td> <td>50</td> <td>50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>100</td> <td>120</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> <td>60</td> <td>60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> <td>30</td> <td>25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Item	Price		Quantity		Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	A	6	10	50	50	B	2	2	100	120	C	4	6	60	60
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C	4	6	60	60																									
D	10	12	30	25																									
5	20	Explain the Normal Distribution and state its properties.	K2	CO5																									

Z-Z-Z END