PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BCom DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2023

(Fifth Semester)

Branch - COMMERCE (BUSINESS ANALYTICS)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE - 1:

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

Tin	ne: T	hree Hours		Maximum	: 50 Marks
			SECTION-A	<u> 5 Marks)</u>	
			Answer ALL	questions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		ALI	questions carry	EQUAL marks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
1.		Financial Management is r	nainly concerned	with	
••		(1) A an gament of finds	!		
		(ii) All aspects of acquiring	ng and utilizing f	inancial resources for fi	rms activities
		(iii) Efficient Managemen	t of every busine	SS.	
		(iv) Profit maximization			
2.		are statements	of financial positi	ion at different periods	
		(i) comparative statemen	its (ii) common	size statements	
		(iii) trend	(iv) financia	l statements	
3.		Net present value is a popu	lar method whicl	h falls	
٥.	,	(i) With in non-discoun	t cash flow metho	od	
		(ii) Within discount cash	flow method		
		(iii) Equal With in non-	liscount cash flow	w method.	
		(iv) No discount cash flo			•
		Dividend policy of a firm		ong time financing and	. wealth.
4.		(i) Owners.	(ii) Creditors	O	
		(iii) Debtor	(iv) Sharehol	lders	
		· /	•		
5.	Wo	rking capital is also known	(ii) fluctuatin	_capital.	
		(i) circulating	(iv) going	1B	
		(iii) fixed	. , .	4555 T.	
			SECTION - B		
			Answer ALL		$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
				EQUAL Marks	(3 X 3 13)
6.	a l	Point out the objectives of	financial manage	ement.	
	h	State the uses of time value	(or) e of money.		
				·	
7.	a	You are given the following	g information:		
		~ ·	Rs	000	
		Cash	1,42,		
		Debtors	1,42,		
		Closing stock		000	
		Bills payable	-	,000	
		Creditors	•	000	
		Outstanding expenses		,000	
		Tax payable		ratio (c) Absolute liqu	idity ratio
		Calculate (a) Current rati	(or)	14110 (0) 110001410 1141	,
7	1L	Calculate gross profit rat	io:	·	
1	. b	Calculate gloss profit fat	Rs.		Rs.
		Sales	2,20,000	Purchases	1,75,000
		Sales returns	20,000	Purchase returns	15,000
		Opening stock	30,000	Closing stock	40,000

Opening stock

 a Calculate payback period for a project which requires a cash outlay of Rs. 10,000 and generates cash inflows of Rs. 2,000, Rs.4,000, Rs 3,000 and Rs. 2,000 In the first, second, third and fourth year respectively.

(or)

b A Ltd., is producing articles mostly by manual labour and is considering to replace it by a new machine .there are two alternatives models X and Y of the new machine. Prepare a statement of profitability showing the payback period from the following information.

	TYLCOMA	1100
	X	Y
Estimated life of machine	4 years	5years
Cost of machine	Rs. 9,000	18,000
Estimated saving in scrap	Rs. 500	800
Estimated saving in direct wages	Rs. 6,000	8,000
Additional cost of maintaince	Rs. 800	1,000
Additional cost of supervision	Rs.1,200	1,800

Ignore taxation.

 a Sri Ganesh Industries Ltd issues 5,000 12% debentures of Rs.100 each at par. The tax rate is 40%. Calculate before tax and after tax cost of debt.

(or)

- b Blue Sky Ltd has an EBIT Rs. 2,00,000. The cost of debt is 10% and the outstanding debt is Rs.9,00,000. The overall capitalization rate (Ko) is 12.5%. Calculate the total value of the firm (V) and equity capitalization rate. (Ke)
- 10. a State the various components of working capital.

(or)

b Sketch out the importance of working capital.

SECTION -C (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

11. a Explain the functions of financial management

(or

- b Identify the advantages and disadvantages of profit maximization
- 12. a . From the following information, prepare a Balance Sheet. Show the workings.

	Working capital	75,000
2.	Reserves and surplus	1,00,000
	Bank overdraft	
	Current ratio	60,000
		1.75
	Liquid ratio	1.15
	Fixed assets to proprietors funds	0.75
7.	Long-term liabilities	
		Nil

(or)

12. b From the following information prepare a balance sheet with as many details as possible:

Gross profit	Rs. 80,000	Current ratio	Rs. 1,50,000
Gross profit to	1/3	Account payable	
Cost of goods sold	ratio	velocity	90days
Stock velocity	6 times	Bills receivable	Rs. 20,000
Opening stock	Rs. 36,000	Bills payable	Rs. 5,000
Accounts receivable	le	Fixed assets	
Velocity (year 360		turnover ratio	8times

13. a R. Ltd., is considering the purchase of a new machine which will carry out the operations performed by labour. Damsel and Shylock are alternative models. From the following information, you are required to prepare a profitability statement and work out the payback period in respect of each machine.

•	Machine	Machine
	Damsel	Shylock
Estimated life of machine (years)	10	12
	Rs.	Rs.
Cost of machine	3,00,000	5,00,000
Cost of indirect materials p.a.	12,000	16,000
Estimated savings in scrap p.a.	20,000	30,000
Additional cost of maintenance p.a.	14,000	22,000
Additional cost of supervision p.a.	24,000	32,000
Estimated savings in direct wages:		
Employees not required (number)	150	200
Wages per employee p.a.	1,200	1,200

Taxation is to be regarded as 50% of profit (ignore depreciation for calculation of tax). Which model would you recommend?

(or)

b Rock fort steel Ltd. Whose cost of capital is 10% is considering investing in a project.

The following particulars are available.

Initial investment	Rs.90,000
Year	Case inflows
	Rs.
1 '	10,000
2	20,000
3	30,000
4	40,000
5	50,000
	Rs. 1,50,000

Compute (a) NVP (b) Profitability index and (c) IRR

- 14. a Alpha Company Ltd. has all equity capital structure consisting of 20,000 equity shares of Rs.100 each. The management plans to raise Rs.30 lakhs to finance a programme of expansion. Three alternative methods of financing are under consideration.
 - i) Issue of 30,000 new shares of Rs. 100 each
 - ii) Issue of 30,000 8% debentures of Rs. 100 each
 - iii) Issue of 30,000 8% preference shares of Rs. 100 each

The company's expected earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) isRs. 10 lakhs. Determine the earnings per share in each alternative assuming a corporate tax rate of 50 per cent. Which alternative is best and why?

(or)

- b Murugan Industries Ltd issued 10,000 10% debentures of Rs. 100 each. The tax rate is 50%. Calculate the before tax and after tax coast of debit if the debentures are issued.

 a) At par b) At premium of 10% c) At a discount of 10%
- 15. a Differentiate between networking capital and gross working capital.
 - b Discuss the need for adequate working capital requirement.

END