PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION IVfAY 2017 (Second Semester)

Branch- MATHEMATICS

ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY OF 3D & VECTOR CALCULUS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

<u>SECTION-A (20 Markup</u> Answer ALL questions . ALL questions carry EQUAL marks (10x2 = 20)

- 1 Find the equation of the sphere whose centre is (2, -3, 1) and radius is 5 units.
- 2 Write the condition that the plane Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 may touch the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$.
- 3 Prove that the equation $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 7Z^2 1$ Oyz 1 Ozx + 2x + 2y + 26z 17 = 0represents a cone whose vertex is (2, 2, 1).
- 4 Define the right circular cone.
- 5 Define a central quadrics.
- 6 Write the condition for the plane lx + my + nz = p is touch the conicoid $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$.
- Find the unit vector normal to the surface $x^2 + 2y^2 + z^2 = 7$ at (1, -1, 2).
- 8 Prove that V. r = 3 and V x r = 6.
- 9 If $F = x^2i + y^2j$, evaluate jF.dr along the line y = x from (0, 0) to (1, 1).
- 10 State the Green's theorem.

<u>SECTION - B (25 Marks)</u> Answer ALL Questions . ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks (5x5 = 25)

11 a Find the centre and radices of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x - 4y - 6z + 5 = 0$. OR

b Show that the plane 2x - 2y + z + 12 = 0 touches the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x - 4y + 2z = 3$ and find the point of contact.

.12 a Show that the equation of a right circular cone whose vertex is 0, axis 0Z and semi-vertical angle a is $a^2 + y^2 = z^2 \tan 2a$.

OR b Find the equations of the tangent planes to the cone $9x^2 - 4y^2 + 16z^2 = 0$ which contains the line $\frac{X}{32} = \frac{y}{72} = \frac{1}{72}$

- 13 a Find the equations of the tangent planes to $x^2 + y^2 + 4z^2 = 1$ which intersect in the line whose equations are 12x - 3y - 5 = 0, z = 1. OR
- b Derive the equation of any tangent plane to the coniciod $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$.





14 a Compute the divergence and curl of the vector

 $F = xyzi + 3x^2yj + (xz^2 - y^2z)k \text{ at } (1, 2, -1).$ OR

b Find div curl F where $F = x^2yi + xzj + 2yzk$.

15 a' Evaluate jF.dr where $F = xyi + (x^2+y^2)j$ and Ci is the arc of the

parabola
$$y = x^2 - 4$$
 from A(2, 0) to B(4, 12) in the XY plane.
OR

b Use divergence theorem to evaluate JjF. n ds where

s

 $F = x^{J}i + y^{j} + k$ and s is the surface of the sphere $x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2}$.

 $\frac{\text{SECTION - C (30 Marks)}}{\text{Answer any THREE Questions}}$ ALL Questions Carry EQUAL Marks ($3 \times 10 = 30$)

- 16 Find the equation of the sphere passing through the points (1, 1, -1), (-5, 4, 2), (0, 2, 3) and having its centre on the plane 3x + 4y + 2z = 6.
- 1? Find the equation to the cone through the co-ordinate axes and the lines in which the plane lx + my + nz = 0 cuts the cone
 ax² + by² + cz² + 2fyz + 2gzx + 2 hxy = 0.
- 18 If OD is the diameter parallel to a secant APQ through A meeting the conicoid at P and Q, show that $\frac{APAQ}{OD^2}$ is constant. *it*-i"
- 19 Find the equation of the tangent plane and normal line to the surface xyz = 4at the point i + 2j + 2k.
- 20 Verify Stoke's theorem for the function- $F = x^2i + xyj$ integrated round the square in the z = 0 plane whose sideo are along the lines x = 0, y = 0, x = a, y = a.

Z-Z-Z

END



