

PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

BSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2018
(Fourth Semester)

Branch - MATHEMATICS

NUMERICAL METHODS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

SECTION-A (20 Marks)

Answer **ALL** questions

ALL questions carry **EQUAL** marks (10x2 = 20)

- 1 Find the first approximation of the root of the equation $x^3+3x-1=0$ by Newton-Raphson method.
- 2 Write the sufficient condition for convergence of iteration.
- 3 Define diagonally dominant of a matrix.
- 4 Give an example for direct methods.
- 5 P.T $E=I+A$.
- 6 Write down the Gregory - Newton Backward Interpolation formula.
- Write the Newton backward difference formula to compute the derivatives.
- 8 State the fourth order formula for R.K method.
- 9 What are the advantages of R.K method over Taylor's method.

X^{th} rule.

SECTION - B (25 Marks)

Answer **ALL** Questions

ALL Questions Carry **EQUAL** Marks (5x5 = 25)

- 11 a Write down the algorithm for Bisection method.
OR
b Find the real positive root of $3x-\cos x-1=0$ by Newton's method.
- 12 a Solve the system of equations by Gauss elimination method $x+2y+z=3$,
 $2x+3y+3z=10$, $3x-y+2z=13$

OR

- b Find the Gauss elimination, the inverse of a matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$

- 13 a Evaluate $A(e^3 U \circ g 2x)$

OR

- b Find the value of y at $x=21$ from the following data

X	20	23	26	29
y	0.342	0.390	0.4384	0.4848

- 14 a Find the first derivative of the function tabulated below at $x=0.6$

x	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
F(x)	1.5836	1.7974	2.0442	2.3275	2.65

OR

- b Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using Trapezoidal rule with $h = 0.2$

- 15 a Using Taylor's series method, find correct to four decimal places by the value of $y(0.1)$ given by $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$ and $y(0)=1$
 OR
 b Obtain the value of y at $x=0.1$ using R.K method of second order for the differential equation $y'=-y$, given $y(0)=1$.

SECTION - C (30 Marks)

Answer any **THREE** Questions

ALL Questions Carry **EQUAL** Marks (3 x 10 = 30)

- 16 Solve for x from $\cos x - xe^x = 0$ by iteration method.
- 17 Apply Gauss-Seidal method by find the solution of the following system
 $10x - 5y - 2z = 3$
 $4x - 10y + 3z = -3$
 $x + 6y + 10z = -3$
- 18 Find $f(x)$ from the table below. Also find $f(y)$

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
f(x)	-1	3	19	53	111	199	323

- 19 Evaluate $I = \int_0^6 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ using
 (i) Trapezoidal Rule (ii) Simpson's Rule (iii) Simpson's th Rule
- 20 Compute $y(0.3)$ given $-\frac{dy}{dx} + y + xy^2 = 0, y(0) = 1$ by taking $h=0.1$ using R.K method for fourth order.

Z-Z-Z

END .