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## PSG COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

# MSc DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2018 (First Semester)

# **Branch - APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY**

# **CELL & MOLECULAR BIOLOGY**

**Time: Three Hours** 

10

Maximum: 75 Marks

# SECTION-A (10 Marks!<br/>Answer ALL questionsALL questions carry EQUAL marks(10 xl = 10)

Cohesin is a protein (i) (ii) lipid (iii) lipoprotein (iv) glycoprotein Which one of the following is an example of a signal molecule? (ii)  $N0_3$ (i) N0, (iii) NO (iv) N<sub>2</sub>0 The nitrogen source used in the Meselson Stahl experiment is (i) NH<sub>4</sub>S04 (ii) NH<sub>4</sub>CI (iii) NH4OH (iv) NH<sub>3</sub>OH Unwinding and altering topology of DNA replication can be carried out by (i) polymerases (ii) gyrases (iii) helicases (iv) topo isomerases How many subunits are present in prokaryotic RNA polymerase? (i) 4 (ii) **3** (iv) 5 (iii) **2** The function of a sub-unit of RNA polymerase is the binding of (i) nucleotide (ii) promoter (iv) initiation (iii) template A particular codon always code for the same amino acid wherever it is found, this states that the code is (ii) non-ambiguous (i) universal (iii) commaless (iv) non-overlapping Deformylase is the enzyme involved in (i) initiation (ii) elongation (iii) termination (iv) post translational processing Histone deacetylation causes the of gene expressions. (i) induction (ii) co-activation (iii) repression (iv) activation E-Coli trp operon consists of how many genes? (i) 5 fip 44 fiv! 9 (iii) **3** 

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# <u>SECTION - B (25 Marks)</u> Answer ALL questions ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks ( 5 x 5 = 25)

11 a Give a brief note on the various events of cell cycle.

#### OR

b Outline the general principles of cell communication.

12 a Write in detail about the various types of modifications of histones.

OR

- b Briefly illustrate the Meselson and Stahl experiment with the procedure and result.
- 13 a What is meant by RNA editing? Explain it in detail.

OR

b Write a short notes on the role of promoters and silencers in transcription.

14 a Give a detailed account on Chaperons.

## OR

b How will you regulate the process of translation?

15 a Write in brief about the 'ara' operon.

## OR

b Give an account on the regulation of gene expression in viruses.

# SECTION -C (40 Marks)

#### Answer ALL questions

## ALL questions carry EQUAL Marks (5 x 8 = 40)

16 a Explain in detail about the various phases of Mitosis with suitable diagram.

OR

- b Give a detailed account on the signal transduction pathways.
- 17 a Explain in detail about the various methods of DNA replication with suitable diagram.

#### OR

b Write an essay on the following :(i) Enzymes of DNA replication (ii) DNA methylation

18a Write an essay on the transcription process of prokaryotes.

#### OR

- b Write a short notes on :(i) Antisense RNA (ii) Regulation of transcription
- 19 a What is meant by genetic code? Explain its various properties in detail. OR

b Give a detailed account on the protein synthesis of Eukaryotes.

20 a Write an essay about the regulation of Gene expression in prokaryotes by Lac operon.

## OR

b Give a detailed account on the trp operaon.

#### Z-Z-Z

END