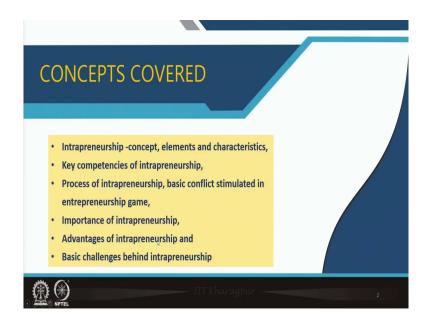
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Module - 11 Lecture - 53 Intrapreneurship

Welcome back to the sessions on discussion on innovation. We are now on week 11 of the course of Organizational Design Change and Transformation. In this present lecture, we are going to discuss on Intrapreneurship. In the past two lectures, we have discussed on innovation and innovation framework and how it is the we have focused on the different generations of the evolution of the process of innovation. We have discussed about the sustainable innovation; we have discussed about strategic innovation also.

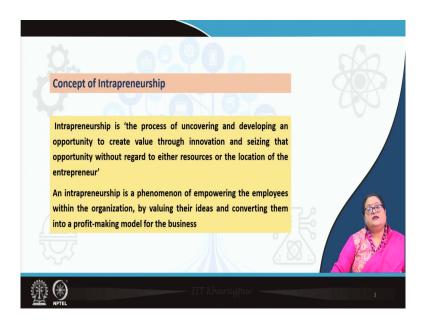
Here today, we are going to discuss on intrapreneurship, how the qualities of innovation and like intrapreneurship can be nurtured within the organization. Like the employees can develop the mindset of an intrapreneur and start innovation, start thinking in an innovative way and how like what are the facilitating qualities required for it, how the organization can nurture this intrapreneurship. Let us have a look into it.

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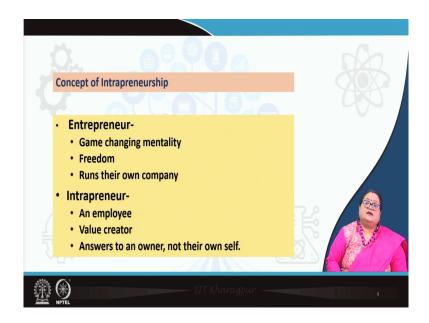
The concepts covered here now are like the intrapreneurship, the concepts element and characteristics, key competencies of an intrapreneurship, processes of intrapreneurship, basic conflicts stimulated in the intrapreneurship game. Importance of intrapreneurship, advantages of intrapreneurship and basic challenges behind intrapreneurship.

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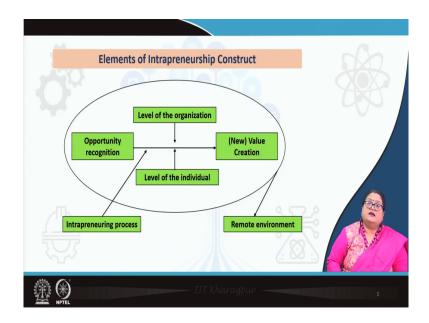
Now, what is intrapreneurship? Intrapreneurship is 'the process of uncovering and developing an opportunity to create value through innovation and seizing that opportunity without regard to either resources or location of the entrepreneur'. It is a process; it is a phenomena of empowering the employees within the organization by valuing their ideas and converting them into profit-making model for the business.

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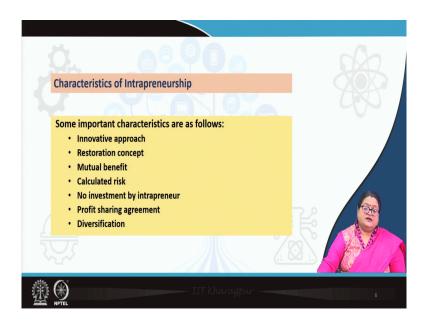
Now, what is entrepreneurship intrapreneurship? If you talk of entrepreneur and qualities of an entrepreneur, it is a game changing mentality, it is the freedom and they run their own company. If you talk of intrapreneur, the main thing is first their employee, they are, but again, they are the value creator, answers to and owners not their own self, like they are like reporting to the owner and not to their own self.

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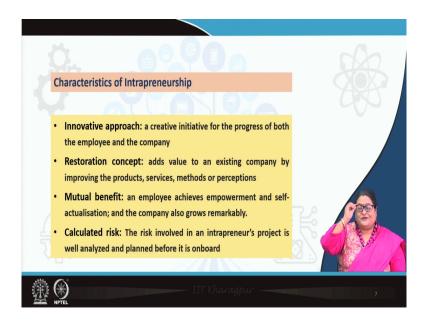
Now, what are the elements of an intrapreneurship construct? So, what you find? There is like a chain between opportunity recognition and the new value creation and then it happens in the context of like the organizational environment beyond which there is a remote environment. So, the opportunity recognition through the intrapreneurship process transforms into a new value creation. And it is moderated; this is moderated by the levels of the organization and the level of the individual.

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Now, some of the characteristics of intrapreneurship are, it is an innovative approach, it is a restoration concept, it is a mutual benefit, it is considered concept of calculated risk, no investment by intrapreneur, profit sharing agreement and diversification.

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First, we look into a characteristics of the innovative intrapreneurship, which is the innovative approach, it is a creative initiative for the progress of both the employee and the company. Restoration concept; adds value to an existing company by improving the products, services, methods or perceptions.

It is a concept of mutual benefit in which an employee achieves empowerment and self actualization and the company also grows remarkably. Calculated risk take the risk involved in an intrapreneurs project is well analyzed and planned before it is on board. So, you need to take calculated risk.

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There is no investment is the by the intrapreneur, the intrapreneur is the brain behind the idea, but need not put even a penny to the project. Profit sharing agreement in many organizations a profit sharing agreement is signed virtually between the company and the employee. Diversification, intrapreneurship promotes teams with simple like intrapreneurship promotes teams with people who are from different gender, age group, culture and fields.

So, this as many diversification with respect to like the surface level diversity or deep level diversity so, this has to know about the different culture its impact on like the performance of the work to it has people. Because to think differently and like bringing new ideas add new characteristics of perspectives to the work at hand to the product being developed and it enriches the performance and it enriches the deliverables also like new product development etcetera.

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Knowledge of environment both internally and externally leadership of cross functional teams and silos ability to build a network, persistence and perseverance in tough times and succession and successes then one who needs to be a visionary and also willingness to change themselves and navigate the entire organization.

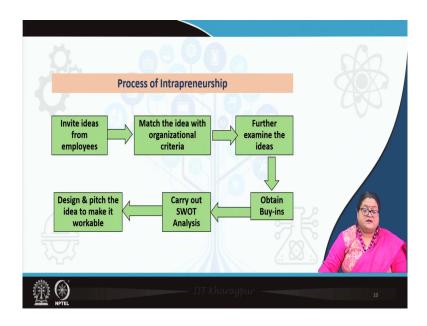
These are some of the key components of intrapreneurship because when you need to understand people when they ask to do something, deliver something new on their own where the leader is maybe supporting from the back the people may somewhat feel stressed under this newly found autonomy.

So, how to gradually like bring in those concepts how to make them slowly like dependence free with free from the dependence of the leader. So, that needs to be practiced. So, and that is also one of the core competencies of the leader as who is like promoting intrapreneurship in the organization.

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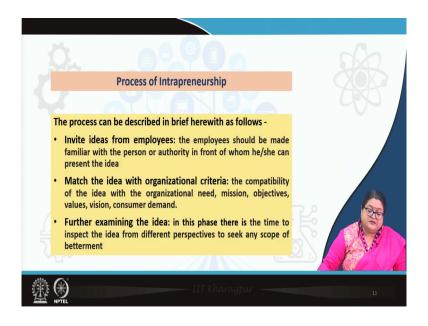


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So, now we will look into the process of intrapreneurship. So, invite ideas from employees match the idea with organizational criteria further examine the ideas, obtain the buy-ins, then carry out, SWOT analysis, design and pitch the idea to make it workable. So, these are the like pathway flow chart to be followed even during the process of like understanding intrapreneurship.

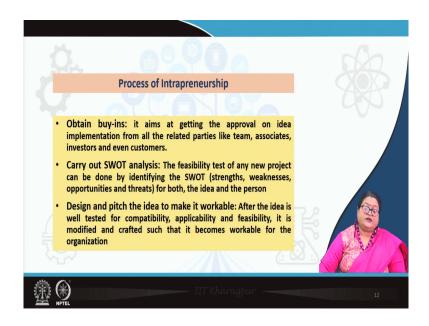
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So, this process we can describe here as below. So, it invite ideas from employees. The employee should be made familiar with the person or authority in front of whom he she can present the idea. Match the idea with the organizational criteria: The compatibility of the idea with the organizational need, vision, mission objectives, values and the customer demand.

Further examining the idea in this phase there is the time to inspect the idea from different perspectives to seek any scope of betterment that is why when we are talking of diversity, diversity helps in looking at this problem from different perspectives.

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Obtain buy-ins: it aims at getting the approval on idea implementation from all the related parties like team associates, investors and even customers. Carry out, SWOT analysis.

The feasibility test of any new project can be done by identifying the strength, weakness, opportunity and threats for both the idea and the person. Design and pitch the idea to make it workable. After the idea is well tested for compatibility, applicability and feasibility, it is modified and crafted such that it becomes workable for the organization.

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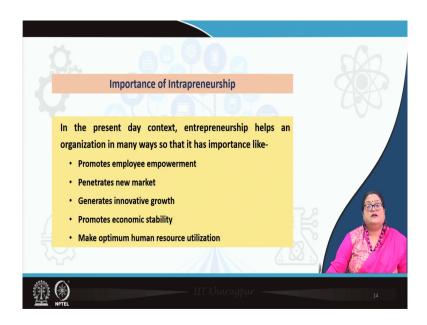


Now, there could be some basic conflict which is generated whenever we are talking of entrepreneurship, intrapreneurship and the organizations orientation. That organization where there which may not be very risk taking, may not be open to suggestions. So, there could be like conflict between intrapreneurship, intrapreneurs orientation and this kind of traditional organizations orientation. So, let us have a look into it.

The intrapreneurs orientation is higher degree of newness, radical innovation. The organizations orientation would be lower degree of newness than then incremental innovation. Exploration in intrapreneurship, we are talking of exploration of the unknown and organizations orientation would be like exploration of the existing resources and the pathways. In intrapreneurs orientation, it is higher level of uncertainty acceptance. So, in organizations orientation, it is low level of uncertainty acceptance.

So, whether the organization is risk-averse or not. So, that is going to define uncertainty acceptance also. Long term orientation and persistence of the defining qualities of an intrapreneurs orientation and in the organization, it could be short term orientation and quick returns. Need to for flexibility and room to manoeuvre is the one of the qualities of intrapreneurs orientation, but in case of organizations orientation, it is planning and formalization of the different activities.

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Now, what is the importance of intrapreneurship? In the present day context, entrepreneurship helps an organization in many ways. So, that it has importance like promotes employment, empowerment, penetrates the new market, generates innovative growth. It promotes economic stability and makes optimum human resource utilization.

So, and the employees within the organization having a mindset of entrepreneurs helps in developing intrapreneurs in the organization. So, and if you have to be intrapreneurs within a system, you are generating a new system, then you need to be like empowered for building this up as a different system.

So, it promotes employee empowerment, it helps to penetrate into the new market, but again you need to understand when there is a difference between entrepreneurs and intrapreneurs in the sense entrepreneurs are they are not somewhat constrained or restricted by the parent organizations like framework and guiding rules and principles ethical issues.

So, those are again final differences, then promotes economic stability. So, this is also important than your intrapreneurship helps in doing this and they help in utilizing like the human resource like make optimum human resource utilization.

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The promoting employee empowerment by strengthen its bond with the market force by granting them authority along with the responsibility. So, it is very important the employees are given authority and responsibility of their action also. Penetrates new market as a intrapreneurs idea subject lead to a willing of the business opportunities prevailing so, prevailing in the new or existing market.

So, you need to understand like what you want to do, what you want to develop, where you are comfortable, what you are going to ultimately produce and with that the business can try to find out based on this strength of intrapreneurs ideas or the proposal that a person has developed like what is the correct way of placing it in the prevailing or the existing market.

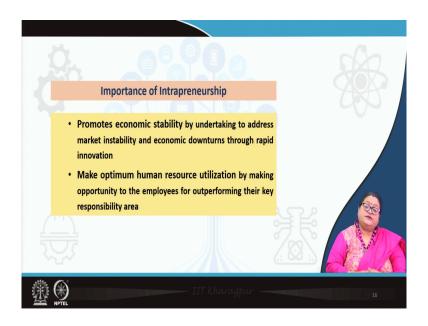
What is the market demand which are point they are stressing in that they want to develop and how we can map the intrapreneurial qualities with those demands of the business.

So, that that will help this penetration of the intra penetration of the organization into the new market with the intrapreneurial intrapreneural ideas will become more easy. Generate innovative growth as the ideal generation leads to business development and entrepreneurs thus play a vital role to nurture any entity well in the business.

So, it is very important like the like entrepreneurs are given the facilities they are given an environment where they can communicate, they can express their feelings and like rebuilt on their ideas because the generation of these business ideas leads to like future business development and so, the intrapreneurs play a vital role to nurture and entity well in the business.

So, whenever we are taking of intrapreneurs they are nurturing a particular idea in the business and once that idea is developed that is like place to the outside environment and we see like whether it generates any like return and it leads to the growth of the organization.

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Now, what is the importance of intrapreneurship? It promotes economic stability by undertaking to address marketing stability and economic downturns through rapid innovation. Make optimum human resource utilization by making opportunity to the employees for out performing that key responsibility areas. So, the human resources who will be doing what kind of work what nature of work so, for how long so, these needs to be well defined.

So, make optimum human resource utilization by making opportunity to the employees for outperforming their key responsibility area. So, and that they will do because they will be engaged in the process they want to continue with the organization and it gives them a like you. It will give them a good feeling like if they have done things beyond expectations also.

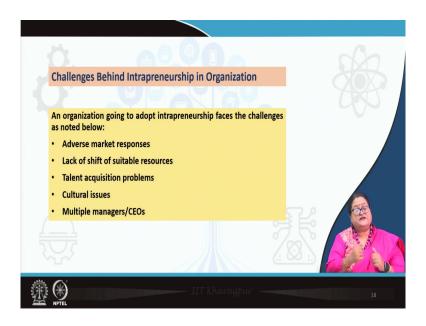
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Now, the advantages of intrapreneurship in organization is advantages of intrapreneurship in organization is profit. Some companies want to increase their profits via intrapreneurship. Strategic renewal, intrapreneurship can bring in new insight, new approaches for reaching customers and markets. International success via intrapreneurship companies can try to attain international success.

Technological innovation, the objectives of intrapreneurship can be the stimulation of innovation. Knowledge about future revenue streams companies can learn about extra revenue streams in the near future via intrapreneurship.

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Challenges behind intrapreneurship in organization an organization is going to adopt, who is going to adopt intrapreneurship faces the challenges like adverse market responses. Market is not responding in a proper way or like it is not able to follow the ideas what the intrapreneurs have told because the market may not be conceptually ready for understanding the product that is being developed.

So, lack of shift of suitable resources like when if sometimes the resources for developing this products are not there. So, what you find is it is very difficult to like because it we align to the main functions of the organization to get those resources to function in a separate domain where the people are going to experiment with the ideas may not always be possible.

There could be like talent acquisition problems also like you will like when you are taking in people you do not tell like I am just taking them for intrapreneurship. But again you are taking people. So, based on their understanding their criteria and the personality pattern their interest. So, like whether they have an intrapreneurial qualities or not.

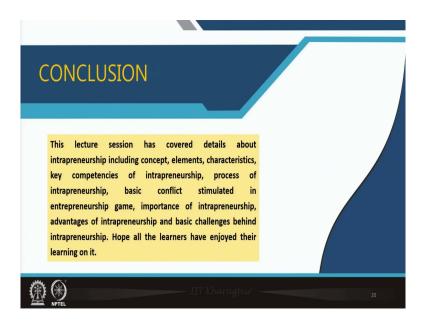
So, then you have to select for those purposes in the interviews and that may become a cumbersome process. So, the cultural issues could also be there and there will of course, be like the multiple managers every people will be coming up with their own ideas they will try to see the reflection of those ideas in the product developed and it may lead to a tough time.

So, it means to be a balance between your formal structures ways of doing things and flexibility that you can nurture within the organization. So, that intrapreneurship gets generated. So, it is nurtured. So, in a way ambidextrous organizational climate where there is some degree of like flexibility is there, but it is the end things are well defined together will help the in like intrapreneurship to succeed in the organizations environment.

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So, with that we will see the references that have been given for this session and we can conclude like this lecture session has covered details about the intrapreneurship including the concept, elements, characteristics, key competencies of intrapreneurship, process of intrapreneurship basic conflict stimulated in intrapreneurship game importance of intrapreneurship, advantages of intrapreneurship, and basic challenges behind intrapreneurship.

We have also seen how the organization through its various measures can help the intrapreneurs to develop or entrepreneurs to develop within a defined framework of the organization and can organization balance between the flexibility the openness required for the nurturing of the intrapreneurship.

And also, the systematic flow required for daily functions which are repeatable in nature. So, if that blend is possible like this nurturing and fostering the growth of both is possible then the organization is going to flourish also.

So, thank you we will meet you next in the discussions on creativity and the challenges of creativity till then please stay tuned to us happy reading.

Thank you.