### NPTEL

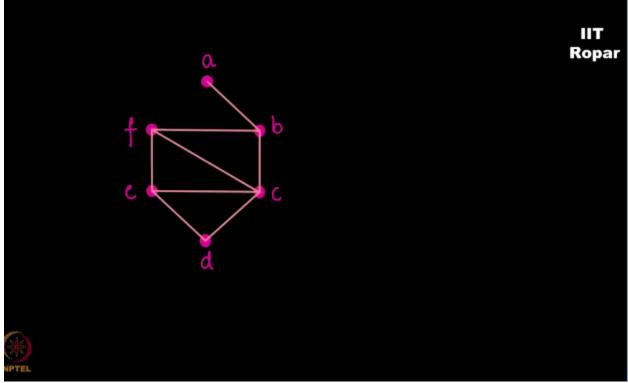
# NPTEL ONLINE CERTIFICATION COURSE

## Discrete Mathematics Graph Theory - 1

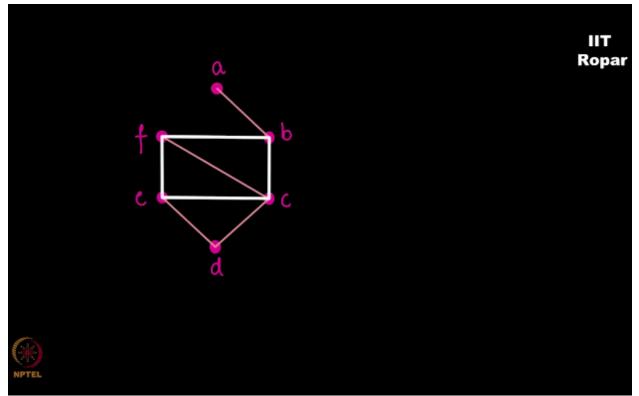
Subgraph

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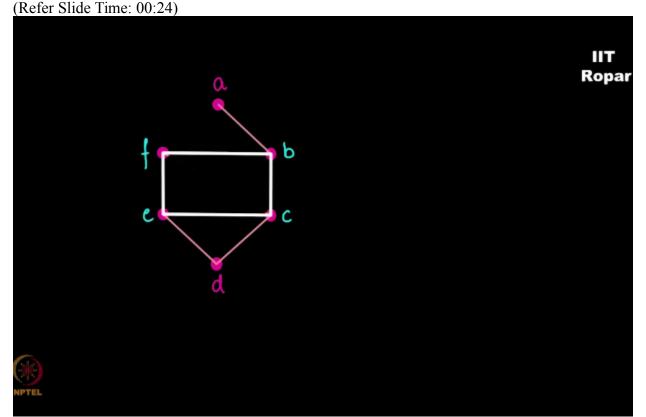
Look at this friendship network between A, B, C, D, E and F, (Refer Slide Time: 00:07)



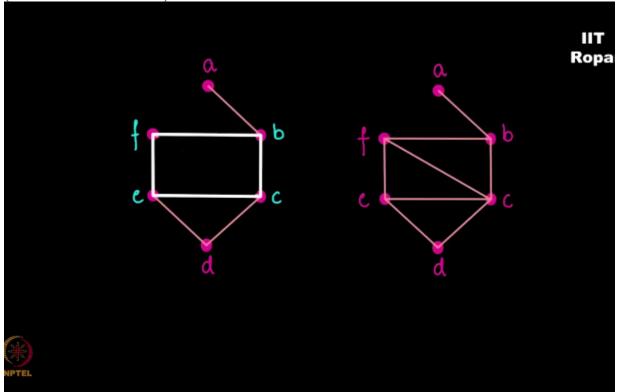
now let us take only these friends B, C, E, and F, (Refer Slide Time: 00:14)



do you see a quadrilateral like friendship between B, C, E, and F, I'm removing the friendship between C and F also, (Refer Slide Time: 00:24)

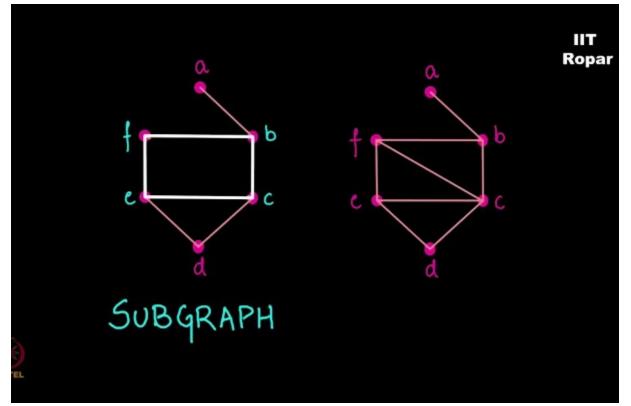


look at this graph the original graph, and a subgraph of the original graph, (Refer Slide Time: 00:28)



this is more like a subset, okay.

Do you see that a subgraph has subset of the vertex set and subset of the edge set, such a graph is formally defined as a subgraph. Now in the subgraph (Refer Slide Time: 00:53)



you cannot have the edge B, E, that is because B, E was not an edge in the original graph, so the definition of the subgraph is given a graph G you take a subset of the vertex set V dash of the original vertex set V, and take a subset of the edge set E dash of the original edge set E, (Refer Slide Time: 01:13)

ШΤ Ropar Subgraph: Giren a graph G, V'CV, E'CE,

whatever you get is another graph where edges here are pick from the edges the original graph, but you cannot pick more edges than that, such a structure is called a subgraph, (Refer Slide Time: 01:26)

ШТ Ropar Subgraph: Giren a graph G, V'CV, E'CE, forms the subgraph.

and we are going to study this in detail from now onwards.

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