#### Remote Sensing and GIS for Rural Development Professor Pennan Chinnasamy Center for Technology Alternatives for Rural Areas Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay Week - 11 Lecture No. 02 Synergized Mapping Using Remote Sensing and Crowd Sourced Data for Rural Infrastructures

Hello, everyone, welcome to the NPTEL course on remote sensing and GIS for rural development. This is week 11 lecture 2, we are coming close to the end of this wonderful lecture series where I have been getting a lot of comments on how easy it is to use remote sensing for applications for rural development. And, as I said earlier, I have met a lot of people who have expressed their interest in this course, and multiple other ways that could be used for collecting data and working on rural development.

On this note, I have also looked into certain aspects that are new for rural development. And we will be discussing this in the current lecture series. So, while we are on the penultimate week, week 11, I will also showcase one aspect of data collection that is less acknowledge and less used at the real world. However, wherever this methodology has been used, has created considerable impact. Of this, I will be first talking about the synergize mapping. So, let us go into this remote sensing and GIS for Rural Development week 11 lecture 2 where we will be looking at data from other sources that have been used for rural development.

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Let us say for example, we have looked into this pretty much in detail. What is synergize mapping is? There are multiple players, multiple agencies that come in and help to map the

data. And there are institutions and NGOs that create capacity training and update the knowledge of people through on the ground exercises, and farmers stakeholder's rural communities are those who actually engage with the data and the results, because it is for them this data is collected and used. So, we are looking at satellite and drone data. But now we will look at crowdsourcing plus satellite data in a synergized mapping scenario.

In this scenario, what happens is a lot of data can come through. However, not all data can be in a usable format. It is because there could be some data issues, quality issues, what data has been collected is not clear. So, we will look into a schematic where actually this has been done at scale. And lots of people have been using this for the last past 10 years. So, of the crowdsourcing data collection method, let me introduce what crowdsourcing means?

So, crowd is the general public and sourcing means you are sourcing the data from them. For that to happen, there has to be a platform that is given to the locals or crowd, we call it here. And they participate voluntarily, there is no payment here. Like for example, they have to give data and then they get money, or it is not a mandate for them. This is purely volunteer data. So, what we have here is a group of people who are cautious about the system, what they are monitoring, and they collect data and upload it or share it to the platform.

So, the platform has to be robust enough to capture the data and then put it at a larger scale. For example, the farmers might give data on the crop growing scenario is it at what stage, is it at intermediate stages that fully grown stage. So, these stages can be monitored, and then given back to the crowd sourced platform, let us say for example, we have a database I created where we can put the data and then see if it triangulates with what is happening on the ground like other satellite data like rainfall, Land Surface Temperature NDVI.

We can triangulate if the data is working and or if the government schemes are addressing these issues. For example, the Jal Jivan mission is there where every house in the village has to be connected through a tap. And also, there is the grid scheme were across India, the Rural Electrification program has been well received, but the quality could be compromised because of other externalities. So, the pipe might be there, but water coming in or not is very, very crucial. And that relies on the resources available.

So, how do we monitor it is very highly impossible to put meters everywhere. And then monitored given the population we have. So, the best way is to work ground up. So, all the other data is top down, where we call it top-down approach where the government collects data through the system and then takes it back to the top and then analyses it for policy. When you talk a bottom up the people the crowd who is at the key stakeholder level, they will collect data and then put it up in the system.

So, how is that useful? This is useful because the data goes from the users end for example, I am drinking this water so, I should be able to know what is the quality of the water because it affected me healthy et cetera, rather than trusting the supplier who is giving me the water. So, this at the supply end, there could be data collected from the tap, how the water is coming the quality, but at the end user, how is the water quality I should be able to give and this helps in intermediate issues that can happen the water supply, there could be leakages, there could be mixing of dirty water and drinking water et cetera.

So, all these can be done if the end user gives the data. So, sensors is an end user data. You do not monitor from the top people go door by door collect the number of people living, number of households, and then issue the data and from there the electoral data is created and from there, your population is also assessed. These are important scenarios for any government to develop both urban and rural, but very much it is important in the rural entity. Because at the rural level, what happens is we have to have clarity on the data, we need to have better infrastructures planned and for which you have a lot of data that is needed.

In the cities, it is almost easy to collect, because the representativeness is that as a community of houses. So, one house reflects all the other houses, whereas rural, it is not. It is very, very scattered and hamlet us or there were a group of 30 to 20 houses will be there. And then suddenly after that there is there is a big land of agricultural land, and then another 20 houses, 30 houses, 10 houses et cetera. So, to address this, the best way is to go bottom up where crowdsourcing is key.

And I have been advocating this a lot, because if you use open-source software, open-source instruments, then you could definitely collect data at a very, very high spatial and temporal resolution and rural villages. For the fraction of the cost. For example, the farmers can take just an image, they do not have to use an app to take an image already the camera is there in the smartphone, and almost 90 percent of people have smartphones, if they can afford it like economically. Along the average line, there are multiple phones now available, which are not that too costly, and does the job.

So, one quick check of the fact is that you do see a lot of TikTok videos and Instagrams, Facebook videos, YouTube videos from villages, and all of that using smartphone, you do not have to have fancy devices. So, moving on, there is potential to collect data and put it so now why do not we use this for geospatial location data GIS data is the key and this is what our company has been working on. And looking at this data in a long-term fashion. Let us look at this app that has been created in recent times.

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So, Open Street Map has been widely used. It is a very, very sophisticated system. We will discuss this system in today's lecture and also download the plugin in the QGIS software and see how it works and reflects the data. So, I would like to install I the plugin in the current series. And then we will take a call on how this map works? So, what we have here is Open Street Map is a tool that everyone uses for looking at certain data that has been collected and shared by public.

So, what is the OSM? It was found by Steve coast in 2009. It is a free open geographic database, it has data attributes, we call them. So, some data about what are the locations, amenities, schools, crops, everything, you will be amazed to see the quality of the data. Not all data is there, because this is not run by a organisation to collect data. It is free open-source volunteer data. So, only if people pitching data, you will get data. So, let us look at this at a very close angle.

My point here is when I say that all areas not covered, the point I am trying to make is most of the data is covered. And we will be able to use it wisely if we know that most of the data is covered. So, starting with no data, at least we have a data that can be used. That is the question. So, we will be able to look at in the next lecture, a particular state and a particular district, we will download the map, and then we will apply it in this OSM software app will install I this plugin in QGIS. And then we will extract data.

So, this is based on community of volunteers, this data collection, initially, it was very small in 2009, when Steve Coast had started it, but slowly the momentum grows. So, that like any other company, any other product, it starts slow. But then when people momentum start, a lot of data comes in. Data quality could be an issue, I will open this link pretty soon now. And it is freely licensed but again, let us not talk about the negatives right away, there is not a lot of positives, I would say that this is one of the highest updated data that any government would like to use.

Because it comes from the bottom, not from the top where top donors you will send a person to go collect data. So, he or she will travel, go collect data, and then come back sit and map it takes time. Whereas here with the click of a button from the volunteer, it comes straight to the location, database and volunteers already sitting in the village. So, you do not need to have, super time taken for these kinds of activities. So, let us open the free open street map dot org and what we will be looking at is?

We will be looking at the data set the metadata about the data as I usually am telling you that it is very, very important to have metadata for all the data products that we have. The boundaries may not be correct, because they may use different boundaries, but we are going to we are more important and we are more focused on the attributes.

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So, let me quickly open it and while we go to the website, this is the OSM plugin that I would like you to install. I hope you will know how to install it because we have given you the tutorials on install ling plugins. However, if there is time enough, we could also show quickly how to install the quick OSM. So, I will go back to this opening this links please allow me to share.

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So, this is the first link when we open, open street map dot org you have the map coming up you can search a location so let us say you can search Pune as we have been doing for the past lecture series. Yes, I would like to see the Pune and there is multiple other things in Pune but let us go here. So, you here you have the boundaries also fixed admin boundary for Kalyani Nagar fixed boundary for Pune. These are the data that are there in different languages also you can have and in Tamil also it is showing. So, there are different, different languages and parts available.

So, this is the one when you when you open on Google, in search Open Street Maps, most probably this will come up. Because this is the basics.



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You can say learn more and then see where it goes in terms of who is the local knowledge and then how the community is driven. But I would like to see here show you hear it is hosted and supported by UCL. UCL is the London's global university homepage. So, it is actually pretty good that a university is giving these spaces because someone would have asked me, how do you get a big database and managing the database, all of that is done in this UCL, which is good, because some of these cannot be by itself. done.

So, UCL stands for University College London, and a lot of research activities have been done here, you could see that the database it stores is pretty historic, and it will actually do a wonder, because they cannot afford to do it as a volunteering company, you cannot afford to all of it. So, and also, they supported by Fastly, Byte mark hosting, and other partners. Byte mark hosting is also a cloud space, but other partners are also there.

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So, let us first acknowledge all the partners from they have been supporting OpenStreetMap from the beginning, at the Bartlett center, and we are very grateful. Bartlett center is the hopefully the data center that creates all these locations or built environment is having some data input and data access. Fastly, byte mark for many years, they have been extremely helpful for supporting them, and many, many others, many, many others are here, you will see mostly you do not see the proprietary software here. Because for them, this is kind of not they are just cutting in their business and profit.

So, proprietary software, have always business these, whereas this is open source, it is free for everyone to use. You can learn more about OpenStreetMap. So, let us go quickly and learn more. So, you see the local knowledge. What is the local know about a particular data set, let us say water body, what is the name of the water body? Everything is contributed, contributors use aerial imagery, GPS, and low-tech field maps to verify that OSM is accurate and up to date.

So, for example, OSM might contact you after you give data to show that this image we have taken can you check if this image is correct, let us say the Powai Lake boundary, we know that the Powai Lake boundary has been changing because of the developments around the lake. So, they will ask me, is it correct? Is it changing? And then those kinds of things we can take from the aerial imagery.

Then we have the GPS devices, some people may not have a handheld GPS device to monitor and take data. However, your phones are pretty good. Your phones can take very good amount of data. So, please try to see if you could use your phones for these kinds of data collection. And so, there is multiple apps for GPS, please look into your Play Store Apple Store for downloading, accurate GPS, free open-source software's that gives you the location and, in the location, you can mark, school education, crop type, everything that you can mark.

Low field tech maps, so some maps that needs to be updated. And then those are being used and is community driven. A lot of passionate youngsters are giving a lot of their time to develop this database. And then they are very, who are they? They are very fond of mapping GIS professionals, engineers, humanitarians, disaster relief workers, NGOs, industries, colleges, institutes, et cetera. And open street maps are free data OSM is free open data, you are free to use for any purpose as long as credit the Open Street Map and its contributors. I do not see them pull you down.

But as I said it is ethical to thank the contributors and acknowledge them so please feel free I take it as a duty to acknowledge them and to use their data. So, you will see that on my slides when I am using OSM I still have the logos. So, the logo is meaning of not showing that it is my work it is OSM work. So, copyright and open data statement as that it is free and open for anyone to use.

So, this is very important because a lot of people give money for them so as a free opensource system, they cannot sustain by themselves. A lot of people have put in money when they put in money, they want it to be not commercialized but available for the people. If they start commercializing, then it becomes a company. And I demand share on the profit. So, if I am putting money, and they are using for commercial, then I demand money for my services and budget. But here since it is full open source, it is important to understand that there is need for acknowledging them, and it has to be kept open source. The legal documents are there, if you would like to see. And then these are the partners hosting partners. Again, UCL, as I said, hosts the data part of the data, it is better to break it into smaller bins and then store it. Let us say Asia region is not one database, the US region is in one database, et cetera, or some attributes.

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So, they will say all the schools are in one location, all the hospitals are in another location, et cetera. So, the key contributor is if you see you would see multiple countries, you do not see India yet, maybe it is not picking up yet. So, hopefully if you pick up and then there are trademarks for the brand, OSM as the brand has been trademarked. So, in the opposite communities, if you go to the community part, I will go back to what is open street maps, we have learned a lot.

So, you can see the history of your searching, and how people have updated, as I said, in this location who is updating. So, if I change the location, and then go to let us say Chennai. So, Chennai is there 9 months ago, someone has input some data, and then you can go to see the history. In the history also, you can see now the name changes for so for this region. So, the box you see, for the box, who has input data, and how old, so close about 11 hours ago, someone has input data on accessibility, added elementary etymology data added buildings.

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So, you can click here and see what buildings were added. So, someone added this building in Open Street Map, which is really good, and other nodes, locations, et cetera, can be taken up. So, in the history side, we do see a lot of these data. 2 to 3 days ago, 3 days ago, and somewhere your name and other stuff has been added, because they say how many edits, Map notes, et cetera. So, here is where sometimes you may not get very, very accurate data.

But it is your role as a researcher, as a student, to make sure you verify the data. Because it is open source, people can put data that is not correct and accurate. And that is not purposely done. It is done also, because maybe they did not know the correct way of doing it. So, it is up to you to correctly map.

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So, when you start mapping, you will have to sign up display name, your profile. And then you can create the maps where you want to put data and other sources. This is about Open Street Maps. You have GPS traces where it tells you someone has traced a route from drag point Toyota Prius from a car. And then a lot of other people have done traces using their GPS data. So, basically, they have taken the GPS location and road and path. And they are putting it into it. So, user diaries are about users and how they have map how it has helped, et cetera, Hospitals, locations.

If you see it is mostly very, very useful in developing and underdeveloped nations, because you do not have a set agency like NASA or ESA for helping them using remote sensing data. So, crowdsourcing is the way forward and then we have the communities as we said, we already saw the communities, multiple open street communities, we do not have one for India yet. And I really hope a lot of communities can be set up and users can like you who are taking this class can also be part of this community.

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And then copyright, yes, there is a lot of copyright that can be shared and use so we can see as I have already said, what are the copyrights that are available for public, you can pick and choose your copyright status, depending on how you use the map and for what you use it? The trademark is there, the magnifying glass logo and the state map are registered trademarks of open street Foundation. We will not go into open street foundation, but understand that it is part of their logo and trademark.

So, we will now go into the other aspect let me, where we have the help section where we can see like Beginners Guide, help forum, mailing list, you can be part of a community, you can open the Open Street Map Wiki, to look at documentation about the OSM here, the beginner's guide, developers and user's platform et cetera. This gets back to your browsing Open Street Maps, how to browse, what are these low points, it is like a tutorial for you to use, and then use it for your learning and understand we will do some quick tutorials. I believe in doing it and learning it. So, it is better to do that way also. So, we have come here. Then we also have other platforms forums, asking questions.

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So, normally, as I said, there is a lot of open-source community helps people just help you to do it. So, for example, here show coordinates on Map, Download internal international boundaries. So, maybe someone has an issue in downloading. Completely new with OSM, I try to download all international boundaries, is that possible and yes how? And then the answer is given. So, on so yet, the answer is not given? Because it is a very recent question. Let us go to some questions the answer is their routing distance from OpenStreetMap.

So, someone is asking I used OSRM back to API driver routing waypoints but they have usage limit. So, what should I do? You can set up the graph hopper or OSRM on your infrastructures, then load the PDF file for calculating the distance. But the point here is, so, basically any question is you have if it is a legit question and a serious question, they will be answering it because people take the time looking at it and answering it. So, let me while we before we go to the next session, I would like to open the plugin and then show you how to download your plugins.

Because that is very important at this stage for which you will have to you have to make sure that is it useful? And do you have the bandwidth for keeping the store data in your computer? So, with this, let me open my QGIS page so, let it open in the background. I am going to open my QGIS while we go back to the previous slide and then open this link.

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So, we will also look at the files the metadata as promised let me open so just here on the web in the page bottom right I am going to open the planet OSM, which is the metadata. Download speeds are currently restricted, so you can download the data. So, here is where you can learn about the data and download the data. So, latest torrent file on data that is existed 125 GB created 2 days ago, latest weekly changesets all in a torrent site, you will have to use torrent to download it.

And again, this is if you want to download the entire data. But I will be showing you without this, how to download the data as a QGIS package. So, for that, let me open my QGIS and share with you so.

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So, I am going to share my QGIS yes, we have my QGIS. So, what do you see here is an empty slide. I am going to go to plugin manage and install plugins. It will first open that pop up, it says I am going to download the repository, let it download and then this happens. So, in the install, I have all these installs for my previous maps. Now, I am going to type Quick OSM. So, Quick OSM is the tool that we will be using. So, let us first read about it here. So, it says download OSM data thanks to the overpass API, you can also open local OSM or a PDF file. This is also the logo trademarked by them.

In terms of using, it for data parser, top OGR is used to let you see all the OSM keys. Look at the ratings, look at the number of downloads, literally a lot of downloads, and then the tags are OpenStreetMap et cetera. So, OpenStreetMap is what we want, we will click it and then once this happens, we say install plugin, let it install, depending on your internet speed, and internet bandwidth, it will take some time.

So, now it has done. So, quickly, this will get updated. Just see it, here is what happens plugin installed successfully. And we have the Q OSM page that we have. So, it says the version. So, usually these were not there. Now, its 2.1.1 updated August 21. And these are the versions add a warning key how this is improved, then these. So, we had 2.01, 2.10, 2.1.1. We are going to use the recent one. So, this is about learning on what are the issues in the previous and how they fix it? Fix an issue install link, Quick care, some plugin. And then we will close it.

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So, now if you go to vectors, and then say see the vector tools, you will see Q OSM, do not open this. Now, we do not want that. But Q OSM is what we will be using for our lecture in the next lecture. Because right now, let us set it up. And I also wanted to show you something that is needed for collecting data quickly from OSM. So, I am going to add my India layer. So, we will go here in my GIS layers we have, so I already have some data that is downloaded for this class.

But I also want you to download some data that is very important for you, let us say you are going to download a particular database, which is having a lot of information on your project. So, let us say you want to do a rural project in India, Tamil Nādu and within that particular district. So, how do you go about it is the question. So, here we will look into particular database, and then we will see if how we could download the data, use it in the following ways.

So, I am going to now download, first attach my district and full states, I am going to show you quickly how to take data. So, this data was taken from a previous Geological Survey of India data in the previous version, because I was doing something previous before the Andhra Telangana was divided. So, you could see that the full Andhra is there. So, this was used for my particular research interests. And then you also have vector data, you can add more vector data, click on what else data I have, you have India districts shapefile. And then you will see the whole of India with my districts.

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4	0	D	105 IND	India	21 Maharashira	796 Ahmednagar	District	District	NUL	Ahmad
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7	0	0	105 IND	India	21 Maharashtra	297 Akola	District	District	NULL	NULL
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23	0	0	105 IND	India	14 Himachal Pradesh	163 Kullu	District	District	NULL	NULL
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28	0	0	105 IND	India	3 Arunachal Prade	19 Kurung Kurney	District	District	NULL	NULL
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32	0	0	105 IND	India	14 Himachal Pradesh	164 Lahul and Spiti	District	District	NULL	NUL
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и	0	0	105 IND	India	4 Assam	46 Lakhimpur	District	District	NULL	North
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36	0	0	105 IND	India	5 Bihar	70 Lakhisarai	District	District	NULL	NULL
u.	0	D	105 IND	India	34 Ultar Pradesh	537 Talitpur	District	District	N(#)	NUH
38	0	0	105 IND	India	16 Jharkhand	196 Latehar	District	District	NULL	NULL
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0	0	105 IND	India	15 Jammu and Kas	179 Pulwama	District	District	NULL	NULL
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Ø	D	105 IND	India	15 Jammu and Kas.,	1812 Seinargan	District	District	NULLI	NUIT
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41	0 0	105 IND	India	26 Orissa	391 Sundargarh			NULL	Sundag
47	0 0	105 IND	India	5 Bihar	89 Supeul 12	tar Chintasami		NUL	NUIL
43	0 0	105 IND	India	12 Gujarat	134 Surat	District	District	NULL	NULL
4	0 O	105 IND	India	12 Gujaral	135 Surenchanagar	District	District	NERI	NUIT
15	0 0	105 IND	India	7 Chhattisgarh	107 Surguja	District	District	NULL	NULL
45	0 0	105 IND	India	77 Mariput	335 lamenglong	District	District	NUU	Manips.
47	0 0	105 IND	India	3 Arunachal Prade	24 Tawang	District	District	NULL	NULL
48	o o	105 IND	India	35 Uttatanchal	5/3 tehri Garhual	District	District	NUL	leheijNa
19	0 0	105 IND	India	21 Maharashtra	326 Thane	District	District	NULL	Thana
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51	0 0	105 IND	India	12 Gujarat	136 The Dangs	District	District	NULL	Dangs
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53	0 0	105 IND	India	31 Tamil Nadu	470 Thiruvallur	District	District	NULL	NULL
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105 IND	India	31 Jamil Nadu	4/7 theothakadi	District	District	NUL	Chidar
105 IND	India	22 Manipur	336 Thoubal	District	District	NULL	NULL
105 IND	India	18 Kerala	745 Ibrisean	District	District	NUL	bichur
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105 IND	India	31 Jamil Nadu	4/3 Tiruchchirappalli	District	District	NULL	NUIT
105 IND	India	31 Tamil Nadu	474 Tirunelveli Katta.	. District	District	NULL	NULL
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105 IND	India	29 Rajasthan	443 Tonk	District	District	NULL	NULL
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192	0	0	105 IND	India	34 Uttar Pradesh	553 Sant Kabir Nagar	District	District	NULL	NULL
93	0	0	105 INID	India	34 Ultar Pradesh	554 Sant Ravi Das N_	District	District	NULL	NULL
94	0	0	105 IND	India	16 Jharkhand	204 Saraikela Khai			NULL	NULL
95	0	D	105 IND	India	5 Bibar	84 Saran	5	2	NUIT	NULL
196	0	0	105 IND	India	21 Maharashtra	323 Satara			NULL	North 5
197	0	0	105 INID	India	20 MacIhya Praclesh	783 Salna	at Chinasami		NUL	NUIL
198	0	0	105 IND	India	29 Rajasthan	440 Sawai Madhopur	District	District	NULL	NULL
199	0	D	105 IND	India	20 Madhya Pradish	284 Schore	District	District	NUIT	NULL
:00	0	0	105 IND	India	22 Manipur	334 Senapati	District	District	NULL	NULL
01	0	o	105 INI)	India	20 Maciliya Praclesh	285 Seoni	District	District	NULL	NUIT
602	0	0	105 IND	India	24 Mizoram	353 Serchhip	District	District	NULL	NULL
03	0	D	105 IND	India	20 Machya Praciesh	286 Shahdol	District	District	N(II)	Sahdol
604	0	0	105 IND	India	34 Uttar Pradesh	555 Shahjahanpur	District	District	NULL	Shahaja
105	0	D	105 IND	India	20 Madhya Pradesh	287 Shajapur	District	District	NUL	NUI
606	0	0	105 IND	India	5 Bihar	85 Sheikhpura	District	District	NULL	NULL
07	0	o	105 IND	India	5 Bihar	Bb Shechar	District	District	N(II)	NOL
808	0	0	105 IND	India	20 Madhya Pradesh	288 Sheopur	District	District	NULL	Sheopu
09	0	0	105 IND	India	14 Himachal Pradesh	166 Shimla	District	District	NUL	Simla
10	0	0	105 IND	India	17 Kamataka	229 Shimoga	District	District	NULL	NULL
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So, let us say I need a particular district, I have a particular district in mind that I would like to use for my analysis. So, I am just going to open my attribute table, you can search for it using the search box. Or you can actually, if you know the district name, you can come down and then look at it. So, this is the name zero is the India level. Then you have the state level, and then you have a district name in here. So, let us first click the button here.

So, once you click the Open Attribute Table, I think my Open Attribute Table is not visible because of my screen. So, I hope now it is visible. So, all I have done is I have opened the India districts file and then the Open Attribute Table has come I have clicked the name zero as India, name 1 is state, and then name 2 is your district. So, I clicked this arrow mark, so that it does it into alphabetical order. Let me do it again, just to show you how to do it with the layer, I am adding a vector layer.

Now, the vector layer has been added, I am going to open the Open Attribute Table. So, this is a name state name, 0 is India country name. And then the district name is name 2. So, you can see that randomly it has been arranged, let me click that button and then it goes up. So, now I want p so I let me come down to chapter Tiruchirappalli, because that is what I am going to use for my study ST.

So, we have Tiruvallur, Thanjavur starting from, Thoothukudi, Tiruvallur so we can just come down to see which districts that we want to use. So, Tiruchirappalli is what so right here, I am going to click it. So, that whole line is being selected. So, now if you come down and then see the district has been selected. So, all you have to do is right click, export, export, save feature as in this page, make sure this is clicked save only selected features because you are clicked a entire district shapefile we are not going to do the entire district, we only want to do a particular district.

So, I am extracting it is kind of extracting. So, I am going to say that I want to save it as Trichy, a short form of Tiruchirappalli. So, we will save and then the default other things default can be saved add save file on to it. So, now if I remove the India district, we still have Trichy. So, the idea is, you can take a whole dataset, and from there, just extract what you want, and keep it ready for your analysis in the next class.

So, OSM does require this aspect, a shapefile to feed in, or you can use your internet and then use OSM to have good data extraction. So, with this, I will stop here. I will see you in the next class. Please be prepared with the OSM plugin and also some shapefiles of your interest. Thank you.